

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 24.891, 327.264)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 24.891, 327.264)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 24.437, 327.400)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	886486
RGB	136, 100, 134
RGB Percent	53%, 39%, 53%
CMY	0.4673, 0.6085, 0.4752
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.01, 0.47
HSL	303°, 15%, 46%
HSV	303°, 26%, 53%
XYZ	18.9581, 16.0195, 24.5849
YIQ	114.6400, 10.5420, 18.2060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

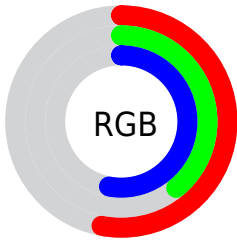
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 100, 134
Decimal	8938630
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, 20.59, -13.17
CIE _{LCh}	47, 24.437, 327.400
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3183, 0.2690
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287128710 (0xFF886486)
YUV	114.6400, 9.5445, 18.7327
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 14.5068, -8.4019

Details

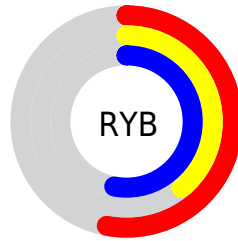
The CIELCh color $47, 24.437, 327.400$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $53, 24.418, 144.214$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 24.534, 327.738$, and $27, 24.099, 328.088$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 33.501, 327.939$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 15.196, 326.849$.

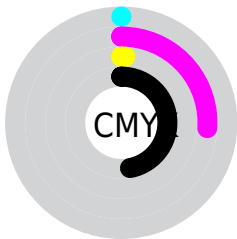
Distribution



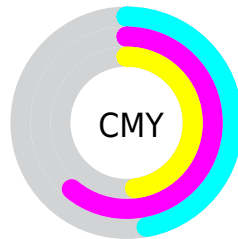
- Red (53%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 24.437, 327.400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 24.437, 327.400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 47, 24.437,
327.400

 47, 24.437,
327.400

 100, 24.437,
327.400

 37, 24.437,
327.400

 67, 24.437,
327.400

 27, 24.437,
327.400

 77, 24.437,
327.400

 17, 24.437,
327.400

 87, 24.437,
327.400

 7, 24.437, 327.400

 97, 24.437,
327.400

 0, 24.437, 327.400

 47, 24.437,

 47, 24.437,

327.400

327.400

■ 44, 33.501,
327.939

■ 51, 15.196,
326.849

■ 41, 42.158,
328.457

■ 54, 5.954, 326.282

■ 38, 50.109,
328.942

■ 58, 3.175, 145.844

■ 36, 57.011,
329.384

■ 62, 12.116,
145.273

■ 34, 62.525,
329.776

■ 66, 20.826,
144.763

■ 32, 66.392,
330.116

■ 70, 29.284,
144.278

■ 32, 68.660,
330.410

■ 74, 37.483,
143.820

■ 31, 69.358,
330.509

■ 78, 45.425,
143.387

■ 82, 53.119,
142.980

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 24.437, 327.400



53, 24.418, 144.214

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 24.437, 327.400



47, 24.437, 17.400



47, 24.437, 147.400



47, 24.437, 197.400

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 24.435, 327.400



68, 9.068, 326.381



44, 21.652, 294.908



35, 6.500, 326.459



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 24.435, 327.400



58, 36.381, 327.736



46, 17.549, 348.878



27, 5.239, 326.438



30, 68.167, 330.504



0, 2.418, 325.962

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 24.435, 327.400



58, 36.381, 327.736



54, 16.854, 164.054



27, 5.239, 326.438



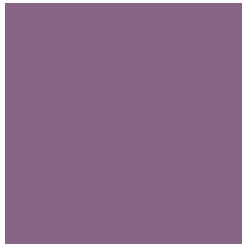
30, 68.167, 330.504



0, 2.418, 325.962

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 24.437, 327.400 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

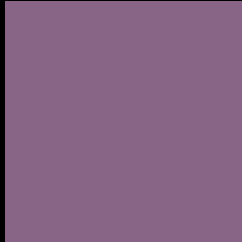
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 24.437, 327.400 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

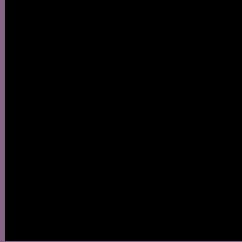
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 24.437, 327.400

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 24.437, 327.400.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 24.437, 327.400.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 24.437, 327.400

Protanopia

47, 17.851, 284.483

Deuteranopia

47, 13.747, 298.315



Tritanopia
47, 12.943, 359.814

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 24.437, 327.400

Protanomaly
47, 18.752, 302.864

Deuteranomaly
47, 17.079, 311.850

Tritanomaly
47, 16.749, 342.341

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 24.437, 327.400

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 8.834, 327.141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 24.437, 327.400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 100, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 100, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 100, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 100, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 24.437, 327.400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 100, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 100, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 100, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 100, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 100, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 100,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 24.437, 327.400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 100, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
100, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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