

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 26.100, 280.137)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 26.100, 280.137)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 25.938, 279.689)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C6F9A
RGB	92, 111, 154
RGB Percent	36%, 44%, 60%
CMY	0.6387, 0.5642, 0.3955
CMYK	0.40, 0.28, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	222°, 25%, 48%
HSV	222°, 40%, 60%
XYZ	15.9722, 16.0195, 32.8865
YIQ	110.2210, -25.1270, 9.3450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

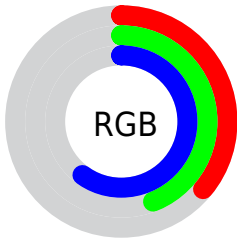
Format	Color
R _Y B	92, 107, 154
Decimal	6057882
CIE Lab	47.00, 4.37, -25.57
CIE LCh	47, 25.938, 279.689
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2462, 0.2469
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284247962 (0xFF5C6F9A)
YUV	110.2210, 21.5830, -15.9798
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 1.1900, -20.6994

Details

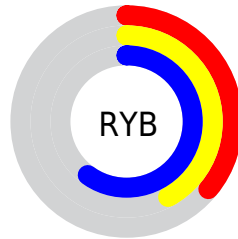
The CIELCh color $47, 25.938, 279.689$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $57, 25.775, 88.165$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 26.429, 280.058$, and $27, 25.920, 279.171$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 32.727, 282.000$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 19.298, 277.699$.

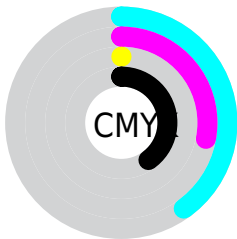
Distribution



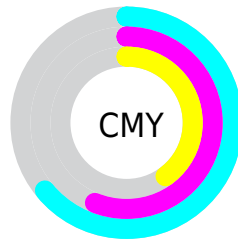
- Red (36%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 25.938, 279.689 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 25.938, 279.689 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 25.938,
279.689

■ 47, 25.938,
279.689

■ 100, 25.938,
279.689

■ 37, 25.938,
279.689

■ 67, 25.938,
279.689

■ 27, 25.938,
279.689

■ 77, 25.938,
279.689

■ 17, 25.938,
279.689

■ 87, 25.938,
279.689

■ 7, 25.938, 279.689

■ 97, 25.938,
279.689

■ 0, 25.938, 279.689

■ 47, 25.938,

■ 47, 25.938,

279.689

279.689

■ 43, 32.727,
282.000

■ 51, 19.298,
277.699

■ 39, 39.692,
284.656

■ 55, 12.793,
275.994

■ 35, 46.856,
287.652

■ 59, 6.411, 274.540

■ 64, 0.146, 274.500

■ 31, 54.221,
290.931

■ 68, 6.003, 92.119

■ 28, 61.720,
294.360

■ 72, 12.039, 91.181

■ 76, 17.962, 90.350

■ 25, 69.017,
297.541

■ 80, 23.773, 89.615

■ 84, 29.474, 88.962

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 25.938, 279.689



57, 25.775, 88.165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 25.938, 279.689



47, 25.938, 329.689



47, 25.938, 99.689



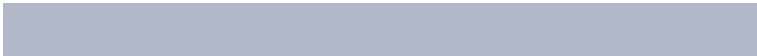
47, 25.938, 149.689

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 25.937, 279.689



75, 9.373, 274.813



59, 25.096, 170.759



39, 6.273, 274.979



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 25.937, 279.689



56, 38.846, 281.688



43, 37.647, 300.962



30, 3.519, 274.407



22, 63.861, 297.244



1, 3.798, 273.609

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 27.930, 0.241



56, 41.572, 1.782



61, 34.279, 114.597



30, 3.725, 356.310



29, 55.657, 19.140



1, 3.945, 355.871

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 25.938, 279.689 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

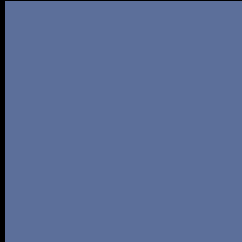
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 25.938, 279.689 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

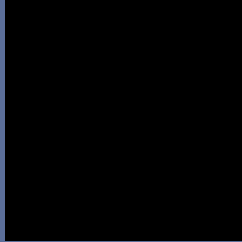
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

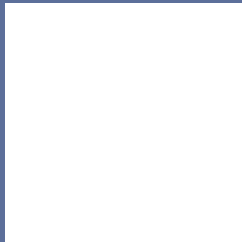
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 25.938, 279.689

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 25.938, 279.689.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 25.938, 279.689.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


47, 25.938, 279.689

Protanopia

47, 25.620, 284.541

Deuteranopia

47, 26.238, 284.162



Tritanopia
47, 12.461, 226.919

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 25.938, 279.689

Protanomaly
47, 25.707, 283.133

Deuteranomaly
47, 26.327, 282.805

Tritanomaly
47, 15.565, 256.161

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 25.938, 279.689

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 9.708, 277.921

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 25.938, 279.689 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 111, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 111, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 111, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 111, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 25.938, 279.689 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 111, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 111, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 111, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 111, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 111, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 111,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 25.938, 279.689 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 111, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 111,  
154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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