

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 29.208, 191.687)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 29.208, 191.687)
contains.

CIELCh(47, 29.288, 191.691)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(47, 29.288, 191.691)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F7D79
RGB	15, 125, 121
RGB Percent	6%, 49%, 47%
CMY	0.9416, 0.5116, 0.5273
CMYK	0.88, 0.00, 0.03, 0.51
HSL	178°, 79%, 27%
HSV	178°, 88%, 49%
XYZ	10.8932, 16.0195, 20.4605
YIQ	91.6540, -64.2760, -24.5640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

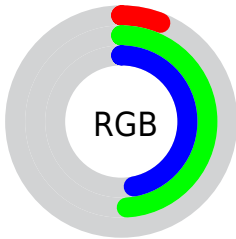
Format	Color
RYB	15, 71, 125
Decimal	1015161
CIELab	47.00, -28.68, -5.93
CIELCh	47, 29.288, 191.691
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2299, 0.3382
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279205241 (0xFF0F7D79)
YUV	91.6540, 14.4676, -67.2256
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -21.4610, -2.2922

Details

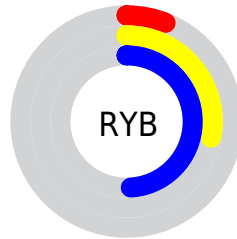
The CIELCh color **47, 29.288, 191.691** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **26, 53.421, 33.494**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 29.335, 191.583**, and **28, 21.078, 192.744** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 30.151, 191.217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 27.979, 192.163**.

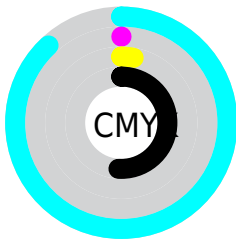
Distribution



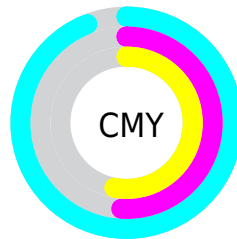
- Red (6%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (51%)





- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 29.288, 191.691 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 29.288, 191.691 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 47, 29.288,
191.691


 47, 29.288,
191.691


 100, 29.288,
191.691


 37, 29.288,
191.691

 67, 29.288,
191.691


 27, 29.288,
191.691

 77, 29.288,
191.691

 17, 29.288,
191.691

 87, 29.288,
191.691

 7, 29.288, 191.691

 97, 29.288,
191.691

 0, 29.288, 191.691

 47, 29.288,

 47, 29.288,

191.691

191.691

■ 47, 30.151,
191.217

■ 47, 27.979,
192.163

■ 47, 30.314,
191.126

■ 47, 26.087,
192.641

■ 48, 23.606,
193.132

■ 48, 20.561,
193.643

■ 49, 17.002,
194.178

■ 50, 12.994,
194.739

■ 50, 8.612, 195.332

■ 51, 3.929, 195.983

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 29.288, 191.691



26, 53.421, 33.494

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 29.288, 191.691



47, 29.288, 241.691



47, 29.288, 11.691



47, 29.288, 61.691

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 29.288, 191.690



63, 14.912, 194.822



45, 66.588, 136.321



33, 10.093, 194.659



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 29.288, 191.690



60, 36.512, 191.007



31, 33.119, 271.779



25, 2.710, 195.910



47, 30.387, 191.124



90, 51.239, 190.850

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 53.421, 33.494



33, 72.298, 38.243



34, 44.976, 59.787



24, 2.852, 16.915



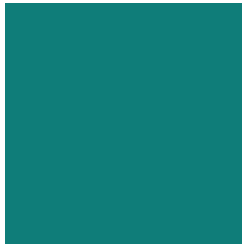
25, 59.034, 36.731



53, 102.377, 39.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 29.288, 191.691 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 29.288, 191.691 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

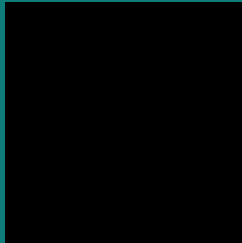
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 29.288, 191.691

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 29.288, 191.691.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 29.288, 191.691.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 29.365, 191.696

Protanopia

47, 1.450, 324.418

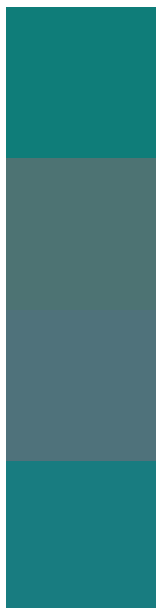
Deuteranopia

47, 9.924, 307.452



Tritanopia
47, 26.055, 210.165

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 29.365, 191.696

Protanomaly
46, 13.984, 197.865

Deuteranomaly
46, 13.434, 221.820

Tritanomaly
47, 27.156, 201.717

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 29.365, 191.696

Achromatopsia
39, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 14.798, 195.260

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 29.288, 191.691 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 125, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 125, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 125, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 125, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 29.288, 191.691 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 125, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 125, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 125, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 125, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 125, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 125,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 29.288, 191.691 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 125, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 125,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor