

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 3.159, 74.457)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 3.159, 74.457) contains.

CIELCh(47, 3.374, 80.190)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(47, 3.374, 80.190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	736F6A
RGB	115, 111, 106
RGB Percent	45%, 44%, 42%
CMY	0.5495, 0.5651, 0.5848
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.08, 0.55
HSL	33°, 4%, 43%
HSV	33°, 8%, 45%
XYZ	15.3229, 16.0195, 15.8893
YIQ	111.6260, 3.9890, -0.7070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

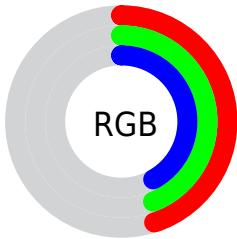
Format	Color
R _Y B	113, 115, 106
Decimal	7565162
CIE Lab	47.00, 0.57, 3.32
CIE LCh	47, 3.374, 80.190
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3244, 0.3392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285755242 (0xFF736F6A)
YUV	111.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -1.7056, 4.4793

Details

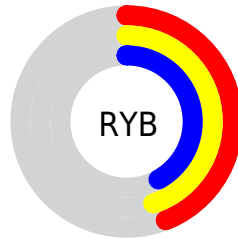
The CIELCh color $47, 3.374, 80.190$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $46, 3.342, 262.251$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 3.631, 84.610$, and $27, 3.181, 74.086$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 7.825, 79.030$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 0.925, 261.700$.

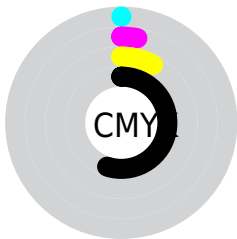
Distribution



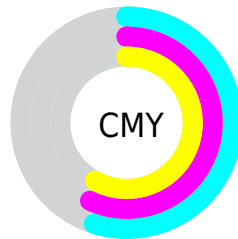
- Red (45%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 3.374, 80.190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 3.374, 80.190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 3.374, 80.190 ■ 47, 3.374, 80.190

■ 100, 3.374, 80.190 ■ 37, 3.374, 80.190

■ 67, 3.374, 80.190 ■ 27, 3.374, 80.190

■ 77, 3.374, 80.190 ■ 17, 3.374, 80.190

■ 87, 3.374, 80.190 ■ 7, 3.374, 80.190

■ 97, 3.374, 80.190 ■ 0, 3.374, 80.190

■ 47, 3.374, 80.190 ■ 47, 3.374, 80.190

■ 45, 7.825, 79.030 ■ 49, 0.925, 261.700

■ 44, 12.436, 77.790 ■ 51, 5.085, 262.659

■ 42, 17.206, 76.519 ■ 52, 9.117, 263.749

■ 40, 22.123, 75.221

■ 54, 13.035,
264.807

■ 39, 27.144, 73.888

■ 56, 16.851,
265.824

■ 37, 32.174, 72.493

■ 36, 37.027, 70.976

■ 58, 20.574,
266.796

■ 34, 41.364, 69.210

■ 60, 24.214,
267.723

■ 33, 45.219, 67.314

■ 62, 27.781,
268.605

■ 64, 31.281,
269.444

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 3.374, 80.190



46, 3.342, 262.251

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 3.374, 80.190



47, 3.374, 130.190



47, 3.374, 260.190



47, 3.374, 310.190

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 3.375, 80.215



62, 1.059, 80.722



46, 4.429, 347.016



32, 0.607, 80.720



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 3.375, 80.215



60, 4.849, 80.055



48, 5.283, 111.486



24, 2.472, 80.076



35, 48.371, 66.761



69, 82.534, 64.643

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 3.342, 262.251



59, 4.789, 262.429



45, 5.379, 292.840



23, 2.443, 262.406



24, 45.087, 287.450



50, 80.897, 289.906

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 3.374, 80.190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 3.374, 80.190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

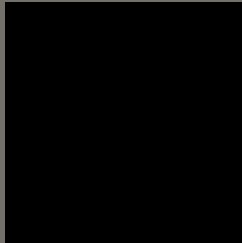
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

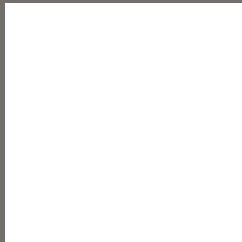
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 3.374, 80.190

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 3.374, 80.190.

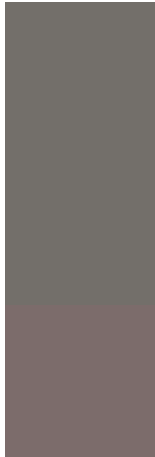


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 3.374, 80.190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 3.374, 80.190

Protanopia

47, 3.374, 80.190

Deuteranopia

47, 6.747, 25.146



Tritanopia
47, 6.256, 321.723

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 3.374, 80.190

Protanomaly
47, 3.374, 80.190

Deuteranomaly
47, 5.156, 33.096

Tritanomaly
47, 3.418, 335.940

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 3.374, 80.190

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 1.239, 90.689

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 3.374, 80.190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 111, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 111, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 111, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 111, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 3.374, 80.190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 111, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 111, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 111, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 111, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 111, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 111,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 3.374, 80.190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 111, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
111, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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