

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 3.360, 349.073)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(47, 3.360, 349.073) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(47, 3.379, 348.100)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	756E71
RGB	117, 110, 113
RGB Percent	46%, 43%, 44%
CMY	0.5425, 0.5700, 0.5582
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.03, 0.54
HSL	334°, 3%, 44%
HSV	334°, 6%, 46%
XYZ	15.7890, 16.0195, 17.7803
YIQ	112.4350, 3.2090, 2.4170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

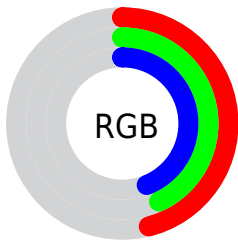
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	117, 110, 113
Decimal	7695985
CIE Lab	47.00, 3.31, -0.70
CIE LCh	47, 3.379, 348.100
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3184, 0.3230
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285886065 (0xFF756E71)
YUV	112.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 0.3730, 1.6782

# Details

The CIELCh color  $47, 3.379, 348.100$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $48, 3.338, 167.291$ , and the grayscale version is  $47, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $67, 3.153, 347.921$ , and  $27, 3.719, 348.432$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $44, 9.132, 349.066$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $51, 2.212, 167.517$ .

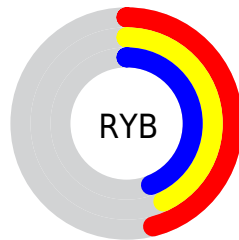
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (43%)

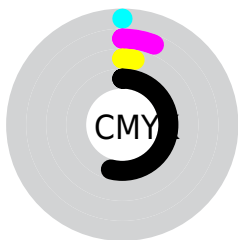
Blue (44%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (44%)

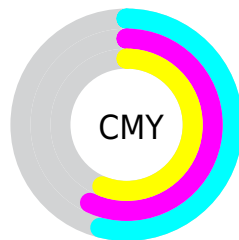


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 3.379, 348.100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 3.379, 348.100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 47, 3.379, 348.100

■ 47, 3.379, 348.100

■ 100, 3.379,  
348.100

■ 37, 3.379, 348.100

■ 67, 3.379, 348.100

■ 27, 3.379, 348.100

■ 77, 3.379, 348.100

■ 17, 3.379, 348.100

■ 87, 3.379, 348.100

■ 7, 3.379, 348.100

■ 97, 3.379, 348.100

■ 0, 3.379, 348.100

■ 47, 3.379, 348.100

■ 47, 3.379, 348.100

■ 44, 9.132, 349.066

■ 51, 2.212, 167.517

■ 40, 15.002,  
350.092

■ 54, 7.612, 166.687

37, 20.900,  
351.257

58, 12.815,  
165.998

34, 26.692,  
352.608

61, 17.824,  
165.373

31, 32.185,  
354.212

65, 22.647,  
164.797

29, 37.133,  
356.159

68, 27.295,  
164.264

27, 41.266,  
358.570

72, 31.782,  
163.769

25, 44.360, 1.594

76, 36.120,  
163.307

24, 46.493, 5.259

79, 40.323,  
162.876

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 3.379, 348.100



48, 3.338, 167.291

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 3.379, 348.100



47, 3.379, 38.100



47, 3.379, 168.100



47, 3.379, 218.100

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 3.378, 348.110



61, 1.382, 347.613



47, 4.462, 311.581



32, 0.792, 347.579



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 3.378, 348.110



59, 4.865, 348.225



47, 2.703, 25.422



23, 2.552, 348.231



25, 49.040, 6.979



53, 83.305, 9.949





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 3.378, 348.110



59, 4.865, 348.225



48, 2.607, 205.306



23, 2.552, 348.231



25, 49.040, 6.979



53, 83.305, 9.949



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 3.379, 348.100 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

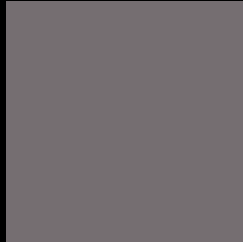
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 3.379, 348.100 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

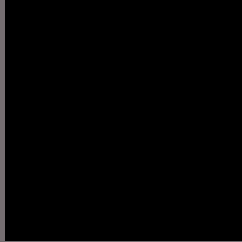
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

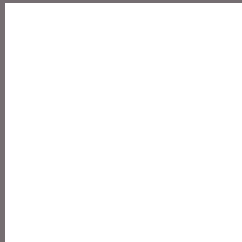
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 47, 3.379, 348.100

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 3.379, 348.100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 3.379, 348.100.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

47, 3.379, 348.100

### Protanopia

47, 1.448, 324.417

### Deuteranopia

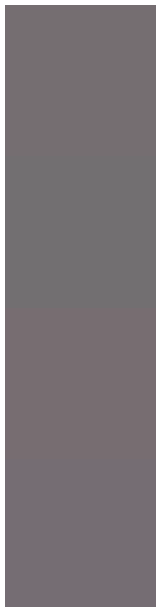
47, 6.114, 351.267



**Tritanopia**  
47, 5.761, 324.768



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

47, 3.379, 348.100

## Protanomaly

47, 1.712, 335.704

## Deuteranomaly

47, 4.743, 350.073

## Tritanomaly

47, 4.836, 332.715

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

47, 3.379, 348.100

## Achromatopsia

47, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

47, 1.367, 353.693

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 3.379, 348.100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 110, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 110, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 110, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 110, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 3.379, 348.100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 110, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 110, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 110, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 110, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 110, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 110,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 3.379, 348.100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 110, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
110, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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