

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 3.806, 232.673)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 3.806, 232.673) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 3.592, 228.851)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	697174
RGB	105, 113, 116
RGB Percent	41%, 44%, 45%
CMY	0.5889, 0.5576, 0.5458
CMYK	0.09, 0.03, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	196°, 5%, 43%
HSV	196°, 9%, 45%
XYZ	14.8319, 16.0195, 18.7782
YIQ	110.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

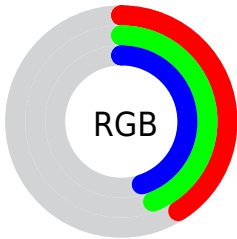
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 110, 116
Decimal	6910324
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, -2.36, -2.70
CIE _{LCh}	47, 3.592, 228.851
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2989, 0.3228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285100404 (0xFF697174)
YUV	110.9500, 2.4896, -5.2182
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -3.8955, 0.2000

Details

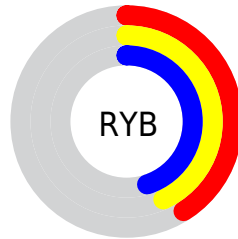
The CIELCh color $47, 3.592, 228.851$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $46, 3.779, 47.603$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 3.701, 225.895$, and $27, 3.539, 232.644$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 7.207, 229.545$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 0.193, 46.338$.

Distribution



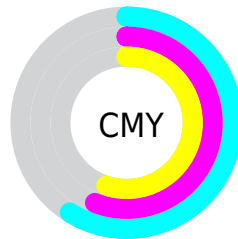
- Red (41%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 3.592, 228.851 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 3.592, 228.851 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 3.592, 228.851

■ 47, 3.592, 228.851

■ 100, 3.592,
228.851

■ 37, 3.592, 228.851

■ 67, 3.592, 228.851

■ 27, 3.592, 228.851

■ 77, 3.592, 228.851

■ 17, 3.592, 228.851

■ 87, 3.592, 228.851

■ 7, 3.592, 228.851

■ 97, 3.592, 228.851

■ 0, 3.592, 228.851

■ 47, 3.592, 228.851

■ 47, 3.592, 228.851

■ 45, 7.207, 229.545

■ 49, 0.193, 46.338

■ 43, 10.611,
230.508

■ 51, 4.110, 47.598

42, 13.759,
231.746

53, 8.127, 47.289

40, 16.608,
233.321

55, 12.218, 47.037

39, 19.117,
235.305

57, 16.361, 46.844

37, 21.264,
237.777

59, 20.537, 46.700

36, 23.049,
240.815

61, 24.731, 46.596

34, 24.504,
244.474

63, 28.933, 46.523

33, 25.824,
248.429

65, 33.132, 46.475

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 3.592, 228.851



46, 3.779, 47.603

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 3.592, 228.851



47, 3.592, 278.851



47, 3.592, 48.851



47, 3.592, 98.851

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 3.592, 228.830



62, 1.426, 228.630



48, 6.564, 152.390



32, 1.088, 228.616



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 3.592, 228.830



60, 5.137, 228.938



45, 5.106, 279.452



24, 2.154, 228.805



35, 26.990, 248.929



70, 46.647, 251.836

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 6.565, 333.766



58, 9.436, 333.887



48, 5.061, 97.256



23, 3.931, 333.735



26, 54.945, 342.252



56, 92.240, 343.270

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 3.592, 228.851 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 3.592, 228.851 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

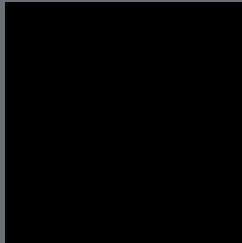
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

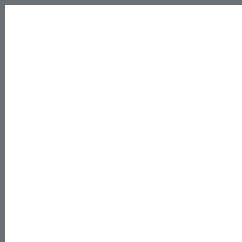
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 3.592, 228.851

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 3.592, 228.851.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 3.592, 228.851.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 3.592, 228.851

Protanopia

47, 2.411, 300.106

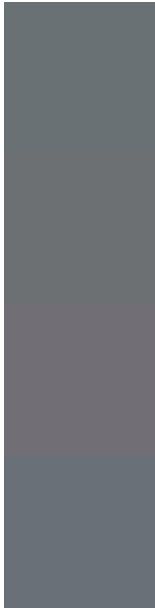
Deuteranopia

47, 7.238, 332.929



Tritanopia
47, 5.767, 267.065

Trichromacy



Original Color

47, 3.592, 228.851

Protanomaly

47, 2.127, 256.153

Deuteranomaly

47, 4.468, 311.741

Tritanomaly

47, 4.720, 260.909

Monochromacy



Original Color

47, 3.592, 228.851

Achromatopsia

47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

47, 1.337, 225.834

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 3.592, 228.851 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 113, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 113, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 113, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 113, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 3.592, 228.851 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 113, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 113, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 113, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 113, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 113, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 113,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 3.592, 228.851 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 113, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105,  
113, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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