

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 34.673, 90.140)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 34.673, 90.140) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 34.589, 90.217)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	816E34
RGB	129, 110, 52
RGB Percent	51%, 43%, 20%
CMY	0.4948, 0.5692, 0.7966
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.60, 0.49
HSL	45°, 43%, 35%
HSV	45°, 60%, 51%
XYZ	15.2040, 16.0195, 5.5224
YIQ	109.0690, 29.9420, -14.0100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

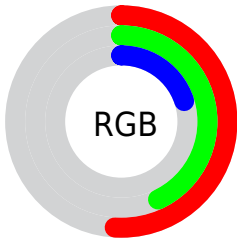
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 129, 52
Decimal	8482356
CIE Lab	47.00, -0.13, 34.59
CIE LCh	47, 34.589, 90.217
Yxy	16.0195, 0.4138, 0.4360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286672436 (0xFF816E34)
YUV	109.0690, -28.1350, 17.4795
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -2.2360, 19.8364

Details

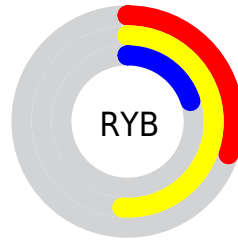
The CIELCh color $47, 34.589, 90.217$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $31, 36.891, 288.043$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 34.259, 89.684$, and $27, 34.611, 90.566$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 39.875, 88.900$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 28.942, 91.503$.

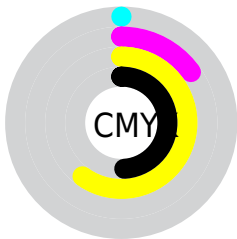
Distribution



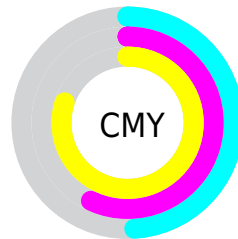
- Red (51%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 34.589, 90.217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 34.589, 90.217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 34.589, 90.217 ■ 47, 34.589, 90.217

■ 100, 34.589, 90.217 ■ 37, 34.589, 90.217

■ 67, 34.589, 90.217 ■ 27, 34.589, 90.217

■ 77, 34.589, 90.217 ■ 17, 34.589, 90.217

■ 87, 34.589, 90.217 ■ 7, 34.589, 90.217

■ 97, 34.589, 90.217 ■ 0, 34.589, 90.217

■ 47, 34.589, 90.217 ■ 47, 34.589, 90.217

■ 46, 39.875, 88.900 ■ 48, 28.942, 91.503

■ 45, 44.489, 87.514 ■ 49, 23.128, 92.758

■ 44, 48.001, 86.008

■ 50, 17.260, 93.985

■ 43, 50.632, 84.424

■ 51, 11.405, 95.181

■ 43, 50.704, 84.387

■ 53, 5.596, 96.334

■ 54, 0.150, 278.376

■ 55, 5.824, 278.593

■ 57, 11.424,
279.622

■ 58, 16.952,
280.612

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 34.589, 90.217



31, 36.891, 288.043

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 34.589, 90.217



47, 34.589, 140.217



47, 34.589, 270.217



47, 34.589, 320.217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 34.589, 90.220



66, 12.923, 95.336



33, 35.513, 8.182



34, 8.950, 95.044



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 34.589, 90.220



59, 50.805, 88.363



51, 43.148, 116.522



26, 3.206, 96.408



43, 50.330, 84.409



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 36.891, 288.043



36, 56.479, 291.956



28, 49.698, 304.966



25, 3.230, 278.556



18, 64.275, 299.768



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 34.589, 90.217 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 34.589, 90.217 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

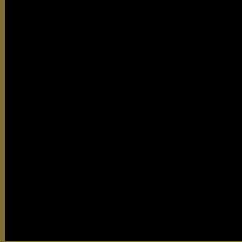
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 34.589, 90.217

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 34.589, 90.217.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 34.589, 90.217.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


47, 34.589, 90.217

Protanopia

47, 34.728, 95.916

Deuteranopia

47, 34.757, 79.383



Tritanopia
47, 13.759, 1.256

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 34.589, 90.217

Protanomaly
47, 34.552, 93.463

Deuteranomaly
47, 34.297, 82.550

Tritanomaly
47, 15.487, 57.654

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 34.589, 90.217

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 12.774, 94.459

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 34.589, 90.217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 110, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 110, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 110, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 110, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 34.589, 90.217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 110, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 110, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 110, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 110, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 110, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 110,  
52) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 34.589, 90.217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 110, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
110, 52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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