

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 4.510, 228.012)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 4.510, 228.012) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 4.532, 230.670)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	677175
RGB	103, 113, 117
RGB Percent	40%, 44%, 46%
CMY	0.5956, 0.5563, 0.5406
CMYK	0.12, 0.03, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	197°, 6%, 43%
HSV	197°, 12%, 46%
XYZ	14.7479, 16.0195, 19.1863
YIQ	110.4660, -7.2440, -0.8760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

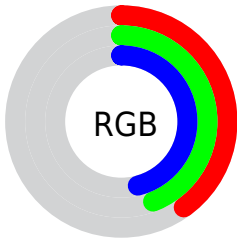
Format	Color
R_{YB}	103, 109, 117
Decimal	6779253
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, -2.87, -3.51
CIE _{LCh}	47, 4.532, 230.670
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2952, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284969333 (0xFF677175)
YUV	110.4660, 3.2213, -6.5477
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -4.2698, -0.4046

Details

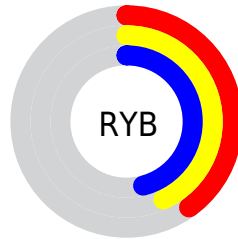
The CIELCh color $47, 4.532, 230.670$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $46, 4.831, 49.044$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 4.583, 228.067$, and $27, 4.551, 233.995$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 8.132, 231.497$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 0.757, 230.346$.

Distribution



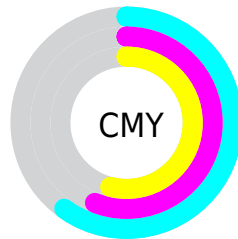
- Red (40%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 4.532, 230.670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 4.532, 230.670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 4.532, 230.670

■ 47, 4.532, 230.670

■ 100, 4.532,
230.670

■ 37, 4.532, 230.670

■ 67, 4.532, 230.670

■ 27, 4.532, 230.670

■ 77, 4.532, 230.670

■ 17, 4.532, 230.670

■ 87, 4.532, 230.670

■ 7, 4.532, 230.670

■ 97, 4.532, 230.670

■ 0, 4.532, 230.670

■ 47, 4.532, 230.670

■ 47, 4.532, 230.670

■ 45, 8.132, 231.497

■ 49, 0.757, 230.346

■ 43, 11.515,
232.596

■ 51, 3.155, 49.238

42, 14.639,
233.995

53, 7.172, 48.877

40, 17.460,
235.757

55, 11.267, 48.565

57, 15.416, 48.318

38, 19.946,
237.961

59, 19.601, 48.126

37, 22.079,
240.685

61, 23.807, 47.978

63, 28.022, 47.866

35, 23.871,
244.001

65, 32.236, 47.782

34, 25.369,
247.947

33, 26.543,
251.195

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 4.532, 230.670



46, 4.831, 49.044

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 4.532, 230.670



47, 4.532, 280.670



47, 4.532, 50.670



47, 4.532, 100.670

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 4.532, 230.654



62, 1.919, 230.242



48, 8.251, 152.849



32, 1.354, 230.254



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 4.532, 230.654



60, 6.571, 230.834



45, 6.631, 280.798



24, 2.149, 230.460



35, 27.439, 251.445



69, 47.554, 254.408

Inverse Universe

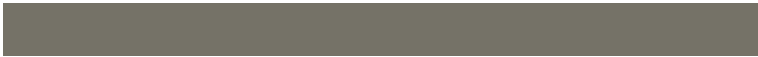
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 8.280, 334.453



57, 12.087, 334.618



48, 6.554, 98.058



23, 3.895, 334.252



26, 54.479, 343.129



56, 91.437, 344.222

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 4.532, 230.670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 4.532, 230.670 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

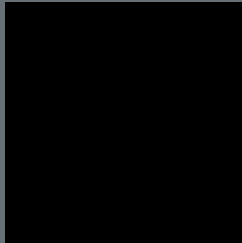
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

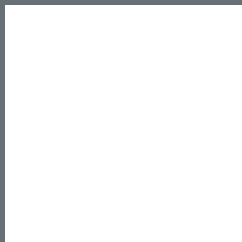
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 4.532, 230.670

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 4.532, 230.670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 4.532, 230.670.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 4.532, 230.670

Protanopia

47, 2.996, 298.272

Deuteranopia

47, 7.430, 327.478



Tritanopia
47, 6.099, 260.411

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 4.532, 230.670

Protanomaly
47, 2.634, 263.560

Deuteranomaly
47, 4.908, 304.910

Tritanomaly
47, 5.604, 257.165

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 4.532, 230.670

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 1.704, 219.790

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 4.532, 230.670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 113, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 113, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 113, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 113, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 4.532, 230.670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 113, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 113, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 113, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 113, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 113, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 113,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 4.532, 230.670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 113, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
113, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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