

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 4.829, 298.097)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 4.829, 298.097) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 5.407, 299.330)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	706E77
RGB	112, 110, 119
RGB Percent	44%, 43%, 47%
CMY	0.5596, 0.5675, 0.5322
CMYK	0.06, 0.08, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	253°, 4%, 45%
HSV	253°, 8%, 47%
XYZ	15.6759, 16.0195, 19.8133
YIQ	111.6240, -1.6970, 3.2230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

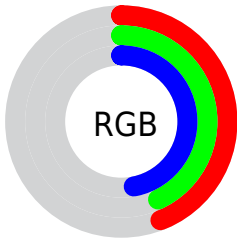
Format	Color
R _Y B	112, 110, 119
Decimal	7368311
CIE Lab	47.00, 2.65, -4.71
CIE LCh	47, 5.407, 299.330
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3043, 0.3110
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285558391 (0xFF706E77)
YUV	111.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -0.1314, -1.3335

Details

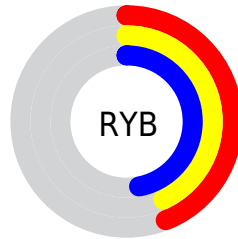
The CIELCh color **47, 5.407, 299.330** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **50, 5.318, 118.380**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 5.045, 299.188**, and **27, 5.241, 295.912** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 12.791, 300.049**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 1.719, 118.704**.

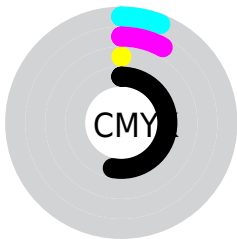
Distribution



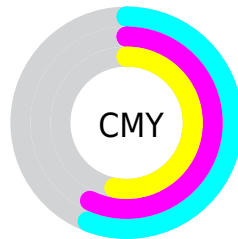
- Red (44%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 5.407, 299.330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 5.407, 299.330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 5.407, 299.330

■ 47, 5.407, 299.330

■ 100, 5.407,
299.330

■ 37, 5.407, 299.330

■ 67, 5.407, 299.330

■ 27, 5.407, 299.330

■ 77, 5.407, 299.330

■ 17, 5.407, 299.330

■ 87, 5.407, 299.330

■ 7, 5.407, 299.330

■ 97, 5.407, 299.330

■ 0, 5.407, 299.330

■ 47, 5.407, 299.330

■ 47, 5.407, 299.330

■ 43, 12.791,
300.049

■ 51, 1.719, 118.704

■ 39, 20.445,

■ 55, 8.594, 118.149

300.875

59, 15.235,
117.674

34, 28.363,
301.805

64, 21.656,
117.263

30, 36.514,
302.834

68, 27.870,
116.907

26, 44.812,
303.941

72, 33.890,
116.600

22, 53.067,
305.070

76, 39.729,
116.335

19, 60.905,
306.121

80, 45.397,
116.106

16, 67.700,
306.939

83, 50.906,
115.909

14, 73.205,
307.532

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 5.407, 299.330



50, 5.318, 118.380

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 5.407, 299.330



47, 5.407, 349.330



47, 5.407, 119.330



47, 5.407, 169.330

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 5.406, 299.324



63, 1.769, 298.960



49, 2.991, 221.800



33, 1.014, 298.950



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 5.406, 299.324



60, 8.035, 299.440



47, 5.947, 316.538



22, 3.986, 299.425



14, 76.048, 307.726



33, 129.677, 307.323

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 5.535, 331.727



60, 8.213, 331.837



49, 5.907, 135.973



23, 4.076, 331.824



27, 56.878, 339.045



56, 95.602, 339.798

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 5.407, 299.330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 5.407, 299.330 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

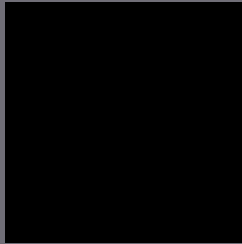
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

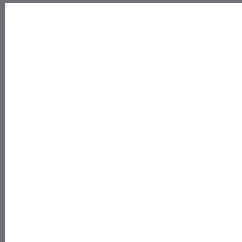
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 5.407, 299.330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 5.407, 299.330.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 5.407, 299.330.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 5.407, 299.330

Protanopia

47, 5.330, 290.909

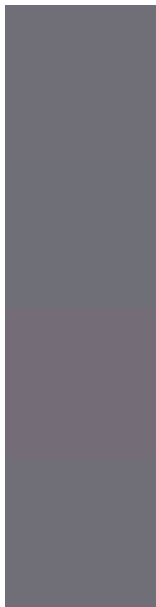
Deuteranopia

47, 8.196, 320.213



Tritanopia
47, 5.407, 299.330

Trichromacy



Original Color

47, 5.407, 299.330

Protanomaly

47, 5.330, 290.909

Deuteranomaly

47, 7.124, 314.032

Tritanomaly

47, 5.407, 299.330

Monochromacy



Original Color

47, 5.407, 299.330

Achromatopsia

47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

47, 2.411, 300.106

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 5.407, 299.330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 110, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 110, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 110, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 110, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 5.407, 299.330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 110, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 110, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 110, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 110, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 110, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 110,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 5.407, 299.330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 110, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
110, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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