

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 41.985, 289.059)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 41.985, 289.059)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 42.041, 289.236)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B6BB2
RGB	91, 107, 178
RGB Percent	36%, 42%, 70%
CMY	0.6422, 0.5796, 0.3010
CMYK	0.49, 0.40, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	229°, 36%, 53%
HSV	229°, 49%, 70%
XYZ	17.6767, 16.0195, 44.4039
YIQ	110.3100, -32.3270, 18.6890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

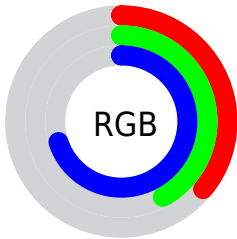
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 105, 178
Decimal	5991346
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, 13.85, -39.69
CIE _{LCh}	47, 42.041, 289.236
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2263, 0.2051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284181426 (0xFF5B6BB2)
YUV	110.3100, 33.3712, -16.9349
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 8.7920, -37.7607

Details

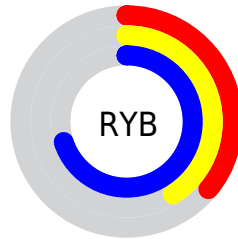
The CIELCh color $47, 42.041, 289.236$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $67, 39.004, 95.719$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 42.035, 289.432$, and $27, 42.253, 289.336$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 51.549, 291.657$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 32.864, 287.121$.

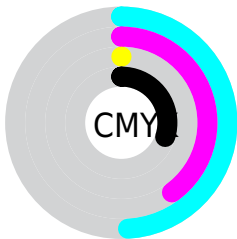
Distribution



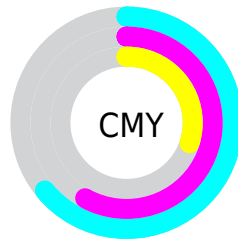
- Red (36%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 42.041, 289.236 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 42.041, 289.236 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 47, 42.041,
289.236

 47, 42.041,
289.236

 100, 42.041,
289.236


 37, 42.041,
289.236

 67, 42.041,
289.236


 27, 42.041,
289.236

 77, 42.041,
289.236

 17, 42.041,
289.236

 87, 42.041,
289.236

 7, 42.041, 289.236

 97, 42.041,
289.236

 0, 42.041, 289.236

 47, 42.041,

 47, 42.041,

289.236

42, 51.549,
291.657

37, 61.365,
294.352

32, 71.339,
297.227

28, 81.080,
300.092

25, 89.860,
302.637

25, 90.805,
302.890

289.236

52, 32.864,
287.121

57, 24.003,
285.298

63, 15.431,
283.737

68, 7.124, 282.408

73, 0.937, 101.094

79, 8.770, 100.233

84, 16.386, 99.381

89, 23.796, 98.635

94, 31.010, 97.979

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 42.041, 289.236



67, 39.004, 95.719

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 42.041, 289.236



47, 42.041, 339.236



47, 42.041, 109.236



47, 42.041, 159.236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 42.040, 289.237



82, 15.168, 283.239



67, 30.557, 178.477



43, 10.464, 283.528



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 42.040, 289.237



54, 64.222, 291.968



45, 52.424, 305.438



35, 4.588, 282.470



21, 80.324, 302.587



2, 11.485, 283.687

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 37.641, 11.069



59, 56.724, 13.801



69, 47.162, 119.072



35, 4.021, 5.287



31, 63.658, 29.794



2, 9.373, 7.783

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 42.041, 289.236 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

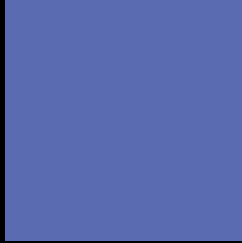
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 42.041, 289.236 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

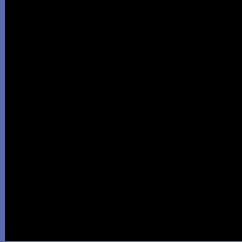
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 42.041, 289.236

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 42.041, 289.236.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 42.041, 289.236.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


47, 42.041, 289.236

Protanopia

47, 42.207, 285.632

Deuteranopia

47, 39.782, 280.081



Tritanopia
47, 15.528, 220.574

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 42.041, 289.236

Protanomaly
47, 42.140, 287.052

Deuteranomaly
47, 40.041, 283.128

Tritanomaly
47, 21.201, 262.961

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 42.041, 289.236

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 14.923, 283.716

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 42.041, 289.236 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 107, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 107, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 107, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 107, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 42.041, 289.236 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 107, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 107, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 107, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 107, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 107, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 107,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 42.041, 289.236 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 107, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 107,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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