

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 5.014, 159.962)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 5.014, 159.962) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 5.423, 158.042)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	68726C
RGB	104, 114, 108
RGB Percent	41%, 45%, 42%
CMY	0.5927, 0.5535, 0.5770
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.05, 0.55
HSL	144°, 5%, 43%
HSV	144°, 9%, 45%
XYZ	14.3955, 16.0195, 16.4837
YIQ	110.3260, -4.0340, -3.9860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

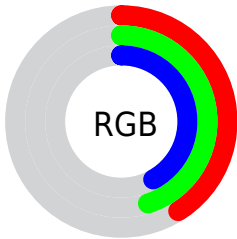
Format	Color
RYB	104, 111, 114
Decimal	6845036
CIELab	47.00, -5.03, 2.03
CIElCh	47, 5.423, 158.042
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3069, 0.3416
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285035116 (0xFF68726C)
YUV	110.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -5.8414, 3.5989

Details

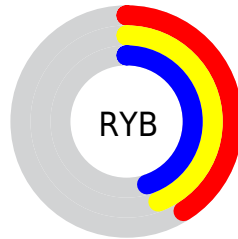
The CIELCh color $47, 5.423, 158.042$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45, 5.466, 339.211$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 5.718, 156.557$, and $27, 5.194, 159.839$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 11.625, 157.212$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 0.755, 338.386$.

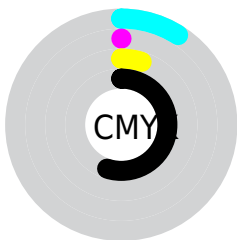
Distribution



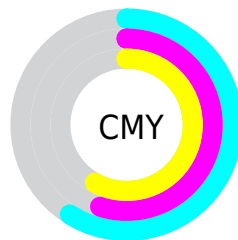
- Red (41%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 5.423, 158.042 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 5.423, 158.042 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 5.423, 158.042 ■ 47, 5.423, 158.042

■ 100, 5.423,
158.042 ■ 37, 5.423, 158.042

■ 67, 5.423, 158.042 ■ 27, 5.423, 158.042

■ 77, 5.423, 158.042 ■ 17, 5.423, 158.042

■ 87, 5.423, 158.042 ■ 7, 5.423, 158.042

■ 97, 5.423, 158.042 ■ 0, 5.423, 158.042

■ 47, 5.423, 158.042 ■ 47, 5.423, 158.042

■ 46, 11.625,
157.212 ■ 48, 0.755, 338.386

■ 45, 17.781, ■ 49, 6.859, 339.323

156.301

51, 12.851,
339.926

44, 23.811,
155.276

52, 18.703,
340.468

44, 29.622,
154.114

54, 24.399,
340.964

43, 35.114,
152.795

55, 29.929,
341.421

42, 40.192,
151.301

57, 35.289,
341.845

42, 44.775,
149.624

58, 40.479,
342.241

42, 48.809,
147.766

60, 45.505,
342.612

42, 52.411,
145.895

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 5.423, 158.042



45, 5.466, 339.211

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 5.423, 158.042



47, 5.423, 208.042



47, 5.423, 338.042



47, 5.423, 28.042

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 5.424, 158.039



61, 2.287, 158.542



47, 6.107, 124.485



31, 1.724, 158.468



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 5.424, 158.039



60, 8.426, 157.836



47, 4.059, 189.223



23, 3.432, 158.022



44, 54.967, 145.555



86, 96.661, 144.223

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 5.466, 339.211



57, 8.501, 339.408



45, 4.229, 10.427



22, 3.459, 339.227



25, 50.344, 351.635



54, 85.132, 353.520

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 5.423, 158.042 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

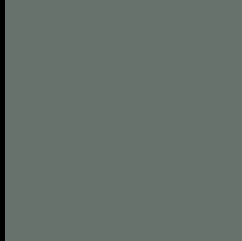
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 5.423, 158.042 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

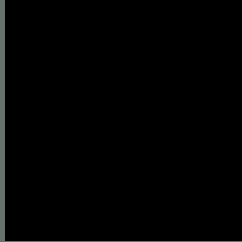
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

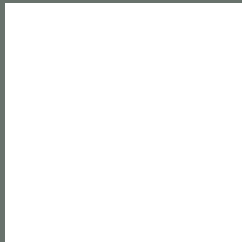
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 5.423, 158.042

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 5.423, 158.042.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 5.423, 158.042.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 5.423, 158.042

Protanopia

47, 3.191, 86.759

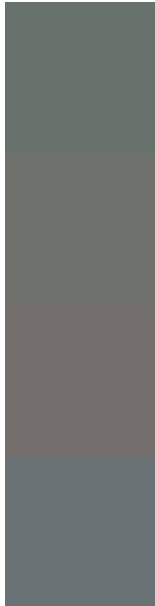
Deuteranopia

47, 6.280, 14.749



Tritanopia
47, 5.767, 267.065

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 5.423, 158.042

Protanomaly
47, 3.068, 125.315

Deuteranomaly
47, 2.541, 32.964

Tritanomaly
47, 3.592, 228.851

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 5.423, 158.042

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 1.708, 155.621

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 5.423, 158.042 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 114, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 114, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 114, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 114, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 5.423, 158.042 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 114, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 114, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 114, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 114, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 114, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 114,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 5.423, 158.042 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 114, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
114, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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