

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 5.286, 109.458)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 5.286, 109.458) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 5.302, 109.441)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	707067
RGB	112, 112, 103
RGB Percent	44%, 44%, 40%
CMY	0.5607, 0.5607, 0.5960
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.08, 0.56
HSL	60°, 4%, 42%
HSV	60°, 8%, 44%
XYZ	14.9311, 16.0195, 15.1430
YIQ	110.9740, 2.8890, -2.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

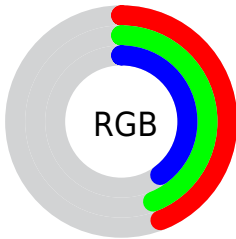
Format	Color
R _Y B	103, 112, 103
Decimal	7368807
CIE Lab	47.00, -1.76, 5.00
CIE LCh	47, 5.302, 109.441
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3239, 0.3475
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285558887 (0xFF707067)
YUV	110.9740, -3.9312, 0.8998
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -3.4530, 5.5849

Details

The CIELCh color **47, 5.302, 109.441** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **44, 5.402, 290.967**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 5.498, 109.595**, and **27, 5.185, 109.123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 11.879, 108.538**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 1.305, 290.397**.

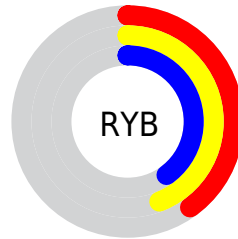
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (44%)

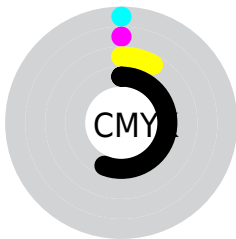
Blue (40%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (40%)

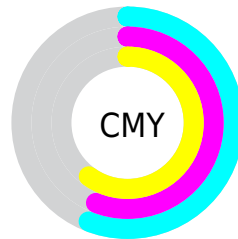


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 5.302, 109.441 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 5.302, 109.441 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 5.302, 109.441

■ 47, 5.302, 109.441

■ 100, 5.302,
109.441

■ 37, 5.302, 109.441

■ 67, 5.302, 109.441

■ 27, 5.302, 109.441

■ 77, 5.302, 109.441

■ 17, 5.302, 109.441

■ 87, 5.302, 109.441

■ 7, 5.302, 109.441

■ 97, 5.302, 109.441

■ 0, 5.302, 109.441

■ 47, 5.302, 109.441

■ 47, 5.302, 109.441

■ 47, 11.879,
108.538

■ 47, 1.305, 290.397

■ 46, 18.384,

■ 48, 7.921, 291.255

107.622

48, 14.526,
292.109

46, 24.760,
106.719

48, 21.107,
292.932

46, 30.918,
105.849

49, 27.655,
293.720

46, 36.727,
105.037

49, 34.163,
294.469

46, 41.994,
104.312

50, 40.623,
295.179

46, 46.466,
103.707

51, 47.031,
295.849

46, 49.860,
103.256

51, 53.383,
296.480

46, 52.341,
102.932

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 5.302, 109.441



44, 5.402, 290.967

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 5.302, 109.441



47, 5.302, 159.441



47, 5.302, 289.441



47, 5.302, 339.441

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 5.303, 109.451



60, 1.630, 109.972



44, 3.767, 19.785



31, 0.933, 109.984



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 5.303, 109.451



60, 8.168, 109.250



47, 5.649, 128.748



23, 3.716, 109.364



49, 55.449, 102.867



95, 94.699, 102.868

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 5.402, 290.967



55, 8.355, 291.196



44, 5.715, 309.392



21, 3.792, 291.065



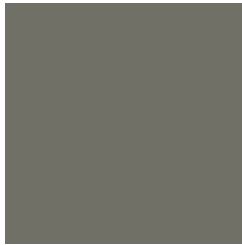
12, 76.564, 306.288



31, 130.762, 306.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 5.302, 109.441 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 5.302, 109.441 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

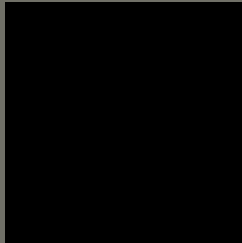
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

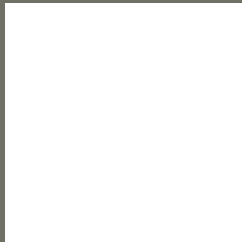
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 5.302, 109.441

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 5.302, 109.441.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 5.302, 109.441.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 5.302, 109.441

Protanopia

47, 5.559, 91.778

Deuteranopia

47, 7.603, 38.150



Tritanopia
47, 5.024, 309.337

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 5.302, 109.441

Protanomaly
47, 5.448, 96.033

Deuteranomaly
47, 5.498, 52.163

Tritanomaly
47, 1.448, 324.417

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 5.302, 109.441

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 1.767, 109.911

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 5.302, 109.441 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 112, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 112, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 112, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 112, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 5.302, 109.441 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 112, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 112, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 112, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 112, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 112, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 112,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 5.302, 109.441 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 112, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
112, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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