

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 5.455, 99.038)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 5.455, 99.038) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 5.943, 101.219)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	727066
RGB	114, 112, 102
RGB Percent	45%, 44%, 40%
CMY	0.5543, 0.5621, 0.6013
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.11, 0.55
HSL	50°, 6%, 42%
HSV	50°, 11%, 45%
XYZ	15.0323, 16.0195, 14.7822
YIQ	111.4580, 4.4020, -2.6860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

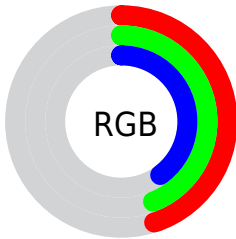
Format	Color
R_{YB}	104, 114, 102
Decimal	7499878
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, -1.16, 5.83
CIE _{LCh}	47, 5.943, 101.219
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3280, 0.3495
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285689958 (0xFF727066)
YUV	111.4580, -4.6628, 2.2293
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -3.0015, 6.1194

Details

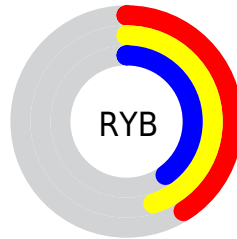
The CIELCh color **47, 5.943, 101.219** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **44, 6.030, 283.533**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 6.090, 102.187**, and **27, 5.901, 99.816** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 11.606, 100.163**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 0.304, 101.989**.

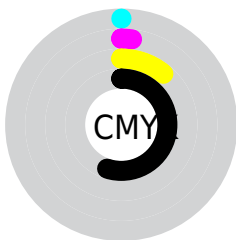
Distribution



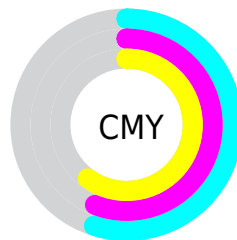
- Red (45%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 5.943, 101.219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 5.943, 101.219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 5.943, 101.219

■ 47, 5.943, 101.219

■ 100, 5.943,
101.219

■ 37, 5.943, 101.219

■ 67, 5.943, 101.219

■ 27, 5.943, 101.219

■ 77, 5.943, 101.219

■ 17, 5.943, 101.219

■ 87, 5.943, 101.219

■ 7, 5.943, 101.219

■ 97, 5.943, 101.219

■ 0, 5.943, 101.219

■ 47, 5.943, 101.219

■ 47, 5.943, 101.219

■ 46, 11.606,
100.163

■ 48, 0.304, 101.989

■ 45, 17.266, 99.067

■ 49, 5.299, 283.319

45, 22.880, 97.954

50, 10.858,
284.283

44, 28.376, 96.834

51, 16.368,
285.212

43, 33.635, 95.713

43, 38.466, 94.596

52, 21.829,
286.099

42, 42.590, 93.483

53, 27.239,
286.943

41, 45.650, 92.357

41, 48.030, 91.313

54, 32.598,
287.745

55, 37.907,
288.504

56, 43.167,
289.221

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 5.943, 101.219



44, 6.030, 283.533

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 5.943, 101.219



47, 5.943, 151.219



47, 5.943, 281.219



47, 5.943, 331.219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 5.944, 101.230



61, 2.087, 101.977



44, 5.163, 6.679



31, 1.573, 101.914



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 5.944, 101.230



60, 9.095, 100.937



47, 7.263, 122.513



23, 3.133, 101.393



43, 49.861, 91.238



84, 84.745, 90.478

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 6.030, 283.533



55, 9.255, 283.871



44, 7.402, 303.607



22, 3.173, 283.351



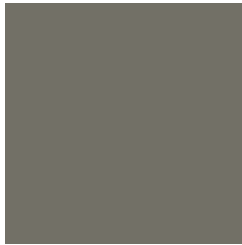
15, 67.174, 302.534



35, 119.938, 303.850

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 5.943, 101.219 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 5.943, 101.219 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

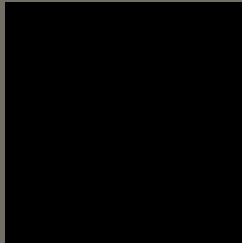
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

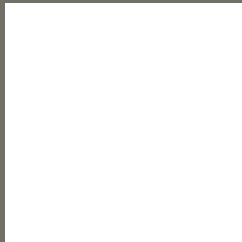
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 5.943, 101.219

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 5.943, 101.219.

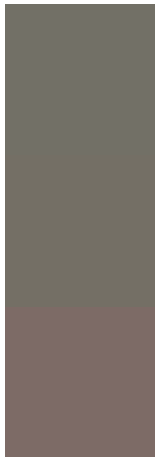


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 5.943, 101.219.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


47, 5.943, 101.219

Protanopia

47, 6.255, 89.568

Deuteranopia

47, 8.254, 41.054



Tritanopia
47, 6.058, 318.434

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 5.943, 101.219

Protanomaly
47, 6.125, 93.324

Deuteranomaly
47, 6.569, 58.627

Tritanomaly
47, 2.372, 349.656

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 5.943, 101.219

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 1.810, 96.771

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 5.943, 101.219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 112, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 112, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 112, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 112, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 5.943, 101.219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 112, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 112, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 112, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 112, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 112, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 112,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 5.943, 101.219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 112, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
112, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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