

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 58.699, 139.164)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 58.699, 139.164)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 58.590, 139.111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	268029
RGB	38, 128, 41
RGB Percent	15%, 50%, 16%
CMY	0.8508, 0.4979, 0.8391
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.68, 0.50
HSL	122°, 54%, 33%
HSV	122°, 70%, 50%
XYZ	8.9246, 16.0195, 4.7222
YIQ	91.1720, -25.7130, -46.1370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

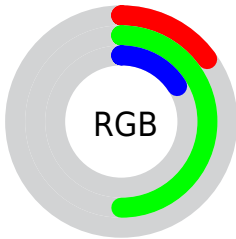
Format	Color
R_{YB}	38, 125, 128
Decimal	2523177
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, -44.29, 38.35
CIE _{LCh}	47, 58.590, 139.111
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3008, 0.5400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280713257 (0xFF268029)
YUV	91.1720, -24.7348, -46.6318
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -30.2405, 21.0218

Details

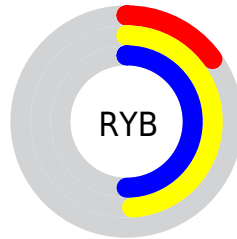
The CIELCh color **47, 58.590, 139.111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **33, 57.439, 328.771**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 58.595, 139.297**, and **28, 50.313, 136.043** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 64.235, 137.994**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 51.758, 140.271**.

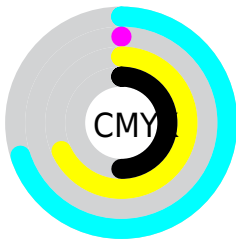
Distribution



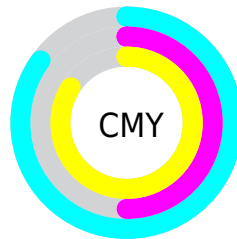
- Red (15%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (84%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 58.590, 139.111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 58.590, 139.111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 47, 58.590,
139.111


 47, 58.590,
139.111


 100, 58.590,
139.111


 37, 58.590,
139.111

 67, 58.590,
139.111


 27, 58.590,
139.111

 77, 58.590,
139.111

 17, 58.590,
139.111

 87, 58.590,
139.111

 7, 58.590, 139.111

 97, 58.590,
139.111

 0, 58.590, 139.111

 47, 58.590,

 47, 58.590,

139.111

139.111

■ 47, 64.235,
137.994

■ 48, 51.758,
140.271

■ 46, 68.400,
137.040

■ 48, 44.039,
141.384

■ 46, 71.140,
136.433

■ 49, 35.706,
142.402

■ 50, 26.990,
143.303

■ 51, 18.081,
144.089

■ 52, 9.130, 144.771

■ 54, 0.250, 146.091

■ 55, 8.478, 325.792

■ 57, 16.999,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 58.590, 139.111



33, 57.439, 328.771

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 58.590, 139.111



47, 58.590, 189.111



47, 58.590, 319.111



47, 58.590, 9.111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 58.590, 139.112



65, 23.118, 144.001



52, 47.921, 104.930



34, 15.773, 143.828



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 58.590, 139.112



59, 80.625, 137.428



48, 40.465, 156.484



26, 4.979, 144.848



46, 70.923, 136.435



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 57.439, 328.771



40, 77.635, 329.245



31, 42.854, 353.332



25, 4.988, 325.802



29, 67.406, 329.556



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 58.590, 139.111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 58.590, 139.111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 58.590, 139.111

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 58.590, 139.111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 58.590, 139.111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 58.590, 139.111

Protanopia

47, 42.020, 95.702

Deuteranopia

47, 36.273, 80.124



Tritanopia
47, 19.298, 213.715

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 58.590, 139.111

Protanomaly
46, 44.758, 118.658

Deuteranomaly
45, 38.132, 113.393

Tritanomaly
47, 29.513, 164.868

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 58.590, 139.111

Achromatopsia
39, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 23.144, 143.266

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 58.590, 139.111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 128, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 128, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 128, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 128, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 58.590, 139.111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 128, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 128, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 128, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 128, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 128, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 128,  
41) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 58.590, 139.111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 128, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 128,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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