

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 63.132, 126.050)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 63.132, 126.050)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 62.912, 126.050)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	447D02
RGB	68, 125, 2
RGB Percent	27%, 49%, 1%
CMY	0.7316, 0.5082, 0.9935
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.99, 0.51
HSL	88°, 97%, 25%
HSV	88°, 99%, 49%
XYZ	9.8088, 16.0195, 2.6222
YIQ	93.9350, 5.5110, -50.3370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

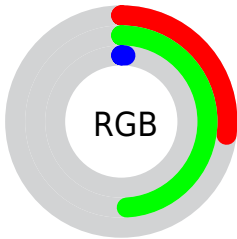
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 125, 59
Decimal	4488450
CIE Lab	47.00, -37.02, 50.86
CIE LCh	47, 62.912, 126.050
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3448, 0.5631
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282678530 (0xFF447D02)
YUV	93.9350, -45.3240, -22.7450
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -26.2974, 24.1326

Details

The CIELCh color $47, 62.912, 126.050$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336600 . A complement of this color would be $18, 73.467, 311.403$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 62.515, 126.218$, and $27, 48.775, 135.157$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 63.343, 126.126$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 59.649, 125.361$.

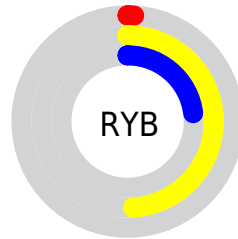
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (49%)

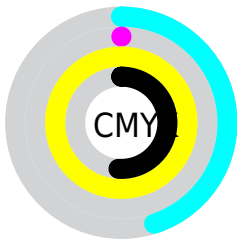
Blue (1%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (23%)

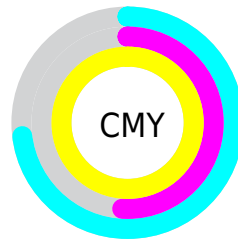


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (73%)


Magenta (51%)


Yellow (99%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 62.912, 126.050 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 62.912, 126.050 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 47, 62.912,
126.050


 47, 62.912,
126.050


 100, 62.912,
126.050


 37, 62.912,
126.050

 67, 62.912,
126.050


 27, 62.912,
126.050

 77, 62.912,
126.050

 17, 62.912,
126.050

 87, 62.912,
126.050

 7, 62.912, 126.050

 97, 62.912,
126.050

 0, 62.912, 126.050

 47, 62.912,

 47, 62.912,

126.050

126.050

■ 47, 63.343,
126.126

■ 47, 59.649,
125.361

■ 48, 55.360,
124.951

■ 48, 49.904,
124.903

■ 49, 43.586,
125.105

■ 49, 36.684,
125.459

■ 50, 29.410,
125.894

■ 50, 21.914,
126.364

■ 51, 14.300,
126.840

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 62.912, 126.050



18, 73.467, 311.403

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 62.912, 126.050



47, 62.912, 176.050



47, 62.912, 306.050



47, 62.912, 356.050

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 62.912, 126.051



64, 28.407, 126.268



33, 50.372, 58.114



33, 19.253, 126.105



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 62.912, 126.051



60, 77.009, 126.518



45, 70.111, 135.774



27, 4.369, 127.285



48, 64.116, 126.153



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 73.467, 311.403



24, 90.026, 311.139



28, 68.159, 326.334



25, 4.430, 308.069



18, 75.014, 311.386



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 62.912, 126.050 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 62.912, 126.050 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

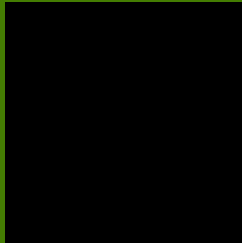
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 62.912, 126.050

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 62.912, 126.050.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 62.912, 126.050.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
47, 62.726, 126.138

Protanopia
47, 52.981, 95.363

Deuteranopia
47, 47.266, 82.333



Tritanopia
47, 12.834, 222.944

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 62.726, 126.138

Protanomaly
46, 54.333, 108.970

Deuteranomaly
46, 48.905, 102.227

Tritanomaly
47, 28.759, 143.965

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 62.726, 126.138

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 27.975, 125.151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 62.912, 126.050 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 125, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 125, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 125, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 125, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 62.912, 126.050 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 125, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 125, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 125, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 125, 2); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 125, 2);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 125, 2)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 62.912, 126.050 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 125, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 125,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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