

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 7.741, 146.715)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 7.741, 146.715) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 7.474, 146.467)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	677268
RGB	103, 114, 104
RGB Percent	40%, 45%, 41%
CMY	0.5948, 0.5516, 0.5909
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.09, 0.55
HSL	125°, 5%, 43%
HSV	125°, 10%, 45%
XYZ	14.2019, 16.0195, 15.5281
YIQ	109.5710, -3.3460, -5.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

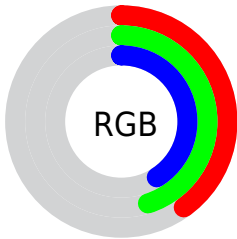
Format	Color
R_{YB}	103, 113, 114
Decimal	6779496
CIE Lab	47.00, -6.23, 4.13
CIE LCh	47, 7.474, 146.467
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3104, 0.3502
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284969576 (0xFF677268)
YUV	109.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -6.7051, 5.0145

Details

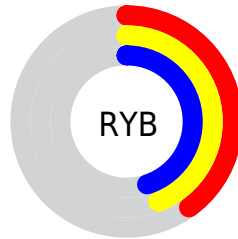
The CIELCh color $47, 7.474, 146.467$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45, 7.490, 327.496$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 7.645, 146.381$, and $27, 7.435, 146.448$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 15.311, 145.785$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 0.293, 326.383$.

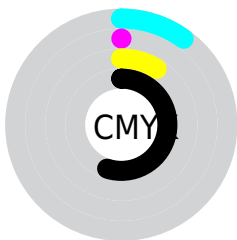
Distribution



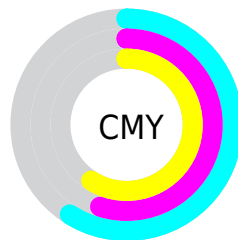
- Red (40%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 7.474, 146.467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 7.474, 146.467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 7.474, 146.467

■ 47, 7.474, 146.467

■ 100, 7.474,
146.467

■ 37, 7.474, 146.467

■ 67, 7.474, 146.467

■ 27, 7.474, 146.467

■ 77, 7.474, 146.467

■ 17, 7.474, 146.467

■ 87, 7.474, 146.467

■ 7, 7.474, 146.467

■ 97, 7.474, 146.467

■ 0, 7.474, 146.467

■ 47, 7.474, 146.467

■ 47, 7.474, 146.467

■ 46, 15.311,
145.785

■ 48, 0.293, 326.383

■ 45, 23.123,

■ 50, 7.929, 327.489

145.004

51, 15.385,
327.927

44, 30.792,
144.106

52, 22.634,
328.300

43, 38.172,
143.083

54, 29.661,
328.623

43, 45.088,
141.940

56, 36.458,
328.904

42, 51.340,
140.703

57, 43.027,
329.150

42, 56.715,
139.428

59, 49.374,
329.367

42, 60.996,
138.204

61, 55.506,
329.560

41, 64.152,
137.311

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 7.474, 146.467



45, 7.490, 327.496

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 7.474, 146.467



47, 7.474, 196.467



47, 7.474, 326.467



47, 7.474, 16.467

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 7.475, 146.467



61, 2.859, 146.907



48, 6.476, 112.692



31, 2.155, 146.853



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 7.475, 146.467



59, 11.525, 146.292



47, 5.230, 167.647



23, 4.298, 146.508



43, 66.551, 137.227



85, 115.307, 136.631

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 7.490, 327.496



56, 11.545, 327.649



45, 5.322, 349.165



22, 4.307, 327.459



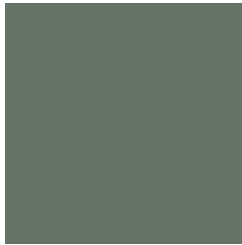
27, 61.736, 332.055



57, 105.024, 332.296

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 7.474, 146.467 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 7.474, 146.467 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

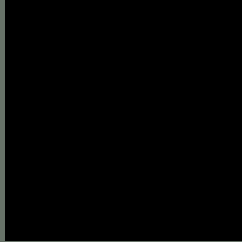
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

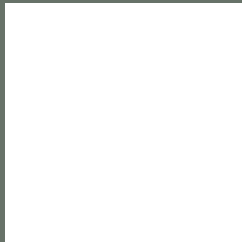
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 7.474, 146.467

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 7.474, 146.467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 7.474, 146.467.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 7.474, 146.467

Protanopia

47, 5.559, 91.778

Deuteranopia

47, 7.188, 24.905



Tritanopia
47, 5.767, 267.065

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 7.474, 146.467

Protanomaly
47, 5.323, 113.939

Deuteranomaly
47, 3.862, 69.238

Tritanomaly
47, 3.363, 219.813

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 7.474, 146.467

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 2.887, 144.311

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 7.474, 146.467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 114, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 114, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 114, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 114, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 7.474, 146.467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 114, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 114, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 114, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 114, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 114, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 114,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 7.474, 146.467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 114, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
114, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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