

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 71.960, 318.054)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(47, 71.960, 318.054)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(47, 71.960, 318.054)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9D4AC1
RGB	157, 74, 193
RGB Percent	62%, 29%, 76%
CMY	0.3828, 0.7084, 0.2416
CMYK	0.19, 0.62, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	282°, 49%, 52%
HSV	282°, 62%, 76%
XYZ	26.1201, 16.0195, 52.3903
YIQ	112.3830, 11.2690, 54.6050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

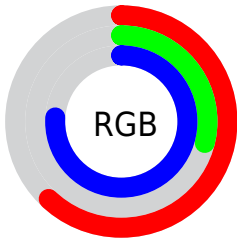
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	157, 74, 193
Decimal	10308289
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.00, 53.52, -48.10
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 71.960, 318.054
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2763, 0.1695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288498369 (0xFF9D4AC1)
YUV	112.3830, 39.7442, 39.1291
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 46.4475, -49.5913

# Details

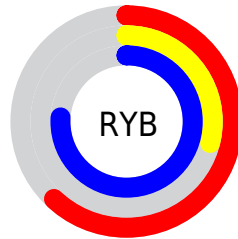
The CIELCh color **47, 71.960, 318.054** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **71, 69.006, 132.578**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 71.979, 318.032**, and **27, 72.161, 318.021** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 81.564, 318.182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 61.069, 317.780**.

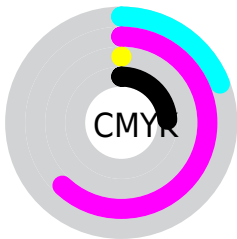
# Distribution



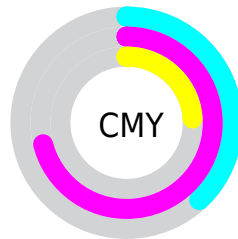
- Red (62%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 71.960, 318.054 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 71.960, 318.054 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 47, 71.960,  
318.054

 47, 71.960,  
318.054


 100, 71.960,  
318.054


 37, 71.960,  
318.054

 67, 71.960,  
318.054


 27, 71.960,  
318.054

 77, 71.960,  
318.054

 17, 71.960,  
318.054

 87, 71.960,  
318.054

 7, 71.960, 318.054

 97, 71.960,  
318.054

 0, 71.960, 318.054

 47, 71.960,

 47, 71.960,

318.054

43, 81.564,  
318.182

40, 89.269,  
318.100

37, 94.534,  
317.743

36, 97.312,  
317.256

318.054

51, 61.069,  
317.780

56, 49.434,  
317.414

61, 37.457,  
316.998

67, 25.418,  
316.562

72, 13.494,  
316.124

77, 1.794, 315.622

83, 9.624, 135.345

88, 20.729,  
134.970

■ 94, 31.511,  
134.632

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 71.960, 318.054



71, 69.006, 132.578

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 71.960, 318.054



47, 71.960, 8.054



47, 71.960, 138.054



47, 71.960, 188.054

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 71.959, 318.054



87, 26.292, 316.419



48, 48.213, 284.635



45, 18.467, 316.549



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 71.959, 318.054



55, 103.410, 318.180



51, 65.409, 333.999



38, 6.622, 316.028



29, 84.754, 317.386



3, 21.193, 313.040



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 50.993, 5.137



58, 73.562, 9.414



70, 66.405, 144.019



38, 4.524, 356.612



33, 61.789, 20.224



3, 14.624, 3.355



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 71.960, 318.054 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

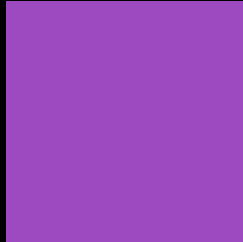
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 71.960, 318.054 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

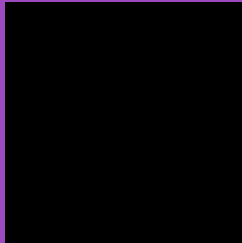
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 47, 71.960, 318.054

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 71.960, 318.054.

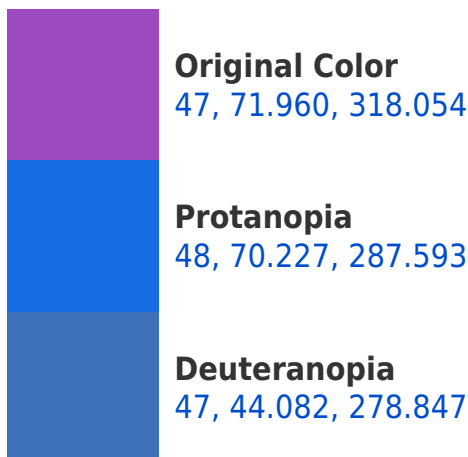


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 71.960, 318.054.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
47, 19.627, 8.326

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
47, 71.960, 318.054



**Protanomaly**  
45, 70.375, 294.553



**Deuteranomaly**  
46, 53.342, 296.359



**Tritanomaly**  
46, 35.757, 332.536

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
47, 71.960, 318.054



**Achromatopsia**  
48, 0.006, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
46, 27.923, 316.916

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 71.960, 318.054 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 74, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 74, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 74, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 74, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 71.960, 318.054 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 74, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 74, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 74, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 74, 193); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 74, 193); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 74, 193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 71.960, 318.054 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 74, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157, 74,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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