

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 89.938, 306.080)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(47, 89.938, 306.080)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(47, 89.938, 306.080)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7951EC
RGB	121, 81, 236
RGB Percent	47%, 32%, 93%
CMY	0.5253, 0.6822, 0.0743
CMYK	0.49, 0.66, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	255°, 80%, 62%
HSV	255°, 66%, 93%
XYZ	25.9862, 16.0195, 81.1189
YIQ	110.6300, -25.9150, 56.6850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

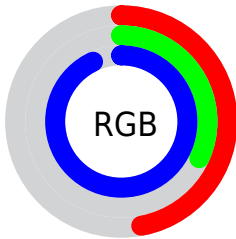
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	121, 81, 236
Decimal	7950828
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	47.00, 52.97, -72.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	47, 89.938, 306.080
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2111, 0.1301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286140908 (0xFF7951EC)
YUV	110.6300, 61.8074, 9.0945
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 45.8504, -92.1485

# Details

The CIELCh color **47, 89.938, 306.080** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **88, 76.046, 116.615**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65, 69.071, 308.250**, and **27, 89.932, 306.119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 103.150, 307.009**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 75.737, 305.028**.

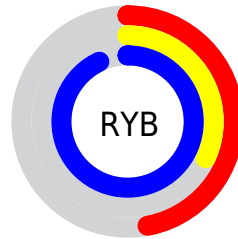
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (32%)

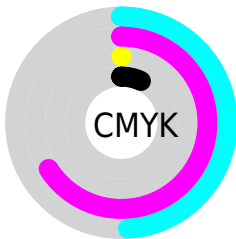
Blue (93%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (93%)

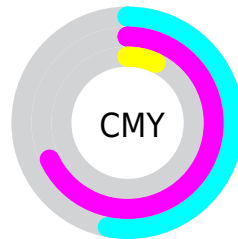


Cyan (49%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 89.938, 306.080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 89.938, 306.080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 47, 89.938,  
306.080


 47, 89.938,  
306.080


 100, 89.938,  
306.080


 37, 89.938,  
306.080

 67, 89.938,  
306.080


 27, 89.938,  
306.080

 77, 89.938,  
306.080

 17, 89.938,  
306.080

 87, 89.938,  
306.080

 7, 89.938, 306.080

 97, 89.938,  
306.080

 0, 89.938, 306.080

 47, 89.938,

 47, 89.938,

306.080

41, 103.150,  
307.009

36, 114.113,  
307.631

33, 121.352,  
307.746

32, 123.536,  
307.699

306.080

54, 75.737,  
305.028

60, 61.330,  
303.970

68, 47.125,  
302.976

75, 33.313,  
302.073

82, 19.964,  
301.273

89, 7.094, 300.569

97, 5.307, 119.973

100, 9.591,  
109.451

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 89.938, 306.080



88, 76.046, 116.615

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 89.938, 306.080



47, 89.938, 356.080



47, 89.938, 126.080



47, 89.938, 176.080

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 89.938, 306.081



85, 27.354, 301.614



75, 35.650, 234.003



43, 18.759, 301.842



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 89.938, 306.081



43, 113.976, 307.284



56, 89.447, 319.756



45, 7.123, 300.826



23, 101.081, 307.835



3, 36.461, 303.956





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 76.528, 337.759



60, 90.475, 339.244



84, 86.795, 133.722



46, 7.062, 333.239



41, 73.412, 341.885

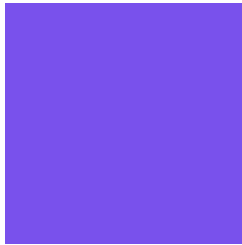


8, 32.289, 339.405



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 89.938, 306.080 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

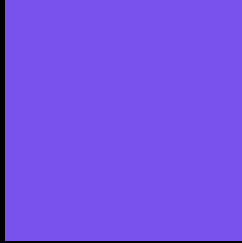
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 89.938, 306.080 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

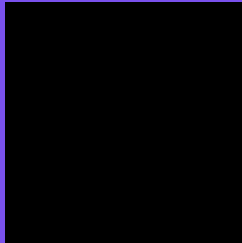
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 47, 89.938, 306.080

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 89.938, 306.080.

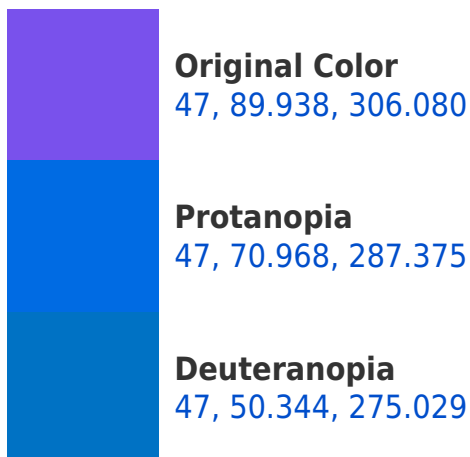


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 89.938, 306.080.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
47, 10.793, 228.293



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
47, 89.938, 306.080



**Protanomaly**  
46, 77.867, 292.882



**Deuteranomaly**  
45, 64.840, 288.505



**Tritanomaly**  
46, 36.854, 294.043

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
47, 89.938, 306.080



**Achromatopsia**  
47, 0.006, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
46, 33.839, 303.219

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 89.938, 306.080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 81, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 81, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 81, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 81, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 89.938, 306.080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 81, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 81, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 81, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 81, 236); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 81, 236); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 81, 236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 89.938, 306.080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 81, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121, 81,  
236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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