

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 9.247, 9.565)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 9.247, 9.565) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 9.381, 9.736)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	806A6D
RGB	128, 106, 109
RGB Percent	50%, 42%, 43%
CMY	0.4978, 0.5841, 0.5723
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.15, 0.50
HSL	352°, 9%, 46%
HSV	352°, 17%, 50%
XYZ	16.8348, 16.0195, 16.6893
YIQ	112.9200, 12.1490, 5.5970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

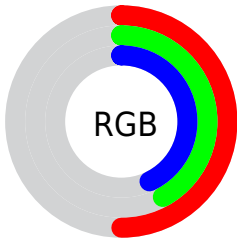
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 106, 109
Decimal	8415853
CIE Lab	47.00, 9.25, 1.59
CIE LCh	47, 9.381, 9.736
Yxy	16.0195, 0.3398, 0.3233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286605933 (0xFF806A6D)
YUV	112.9200, -1.9326, 13.2252
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, 5.0372, 3.2943

Details

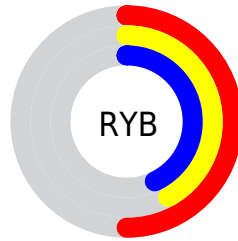
The CIELCh color $47, 9.381, 9.736$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 8.668, 186.898$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 9.486, 10.259$, and $27, 9.476, 9.438$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 15.254, 10.909$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 3.808, 8.726$.

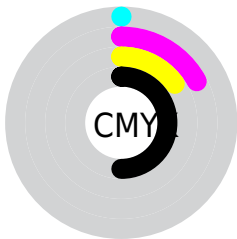
Distribution



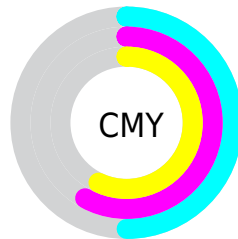
- Red (50%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (50%)























- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 9.381, 9.736 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 9.381, 9.736 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 47, 9.381, 9.736	 47, 9.381, 9.736
 100, 9.381, 9.736	 37, 9.381, 9.736
 67, 9.381, 9.736	 27, 9.381, 9.736
 77, 9.381, 9.736	 17, 9.381, 9.736
 87, 9.381, 9.736	 7, 9.381, 9.736
 97, 9.381, 9.736	 0, 9.381, 9.736
 47, 9.381, 9.736	 47, 9.381, 9.736
 43, 15.254, 10.909	 51, 3.808, 8.726
 40, 21.385, 12.321	 55, 1.449, 188.278
 36, 27.681, 14.066	 59, 6.396, 187.380

■ 33, 33.996, 16.252

■ 63, 11.052,
186.751

■ 31, 40.138, 19.003

■ 67, 15.442,
186.210

■ 29, 45.898, 22.433

■ 27, 51.111, 26.570

■ 71, 19.591,
185.732

■ 26, 55.819, 31.039

■ 75, 23.523,
185.306

■ 26, 57.172, 32.130

■ 78, 27.263,
184.921

■ 82, 30.831,
184.572

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 9.381, 9.736



52, 8.668, 186.898

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 9.381, 9.736



47, 9.381, 59.736



47, 9.381, 189.736



47, 9.381, 239.736

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 9.380, 9.743



66, 3.255, 8.507



47, 14.998, 321.037



34, 2.242, 8.572



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 9.380, 9.743



58, 14.331, 10.220



49, 7.560, 56.334



25, 2.995, 8.918



26, 56.977, 32.106



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 9.380, 9.743



58, 14.331, 10.220



50, 6.963, 239.512



25, 2.995, 8.918



26, 56.977, 32.106



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 9.381, 9.736 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

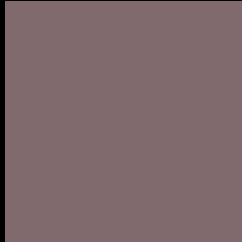
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 9.381, 9.736 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

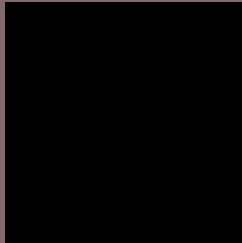
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 9.381, 9.736

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 9.381, 9.736.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 9.381, 9.736.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

47, 9.381, 9.736

Protanopia

47, 1.016, 343.524

Deuteranopia

47, 6.280, 14.749



Tritanopia
47, 11.229, 352.690

Trichromacy



Original Color

47, 9.381, 9.736

Protanomaly

47, 3.895, 2.161

Deuteranomaly

47, 7.610, 11.424

Tritanomaly

47, 10.778, 358.318

Monochromacy



Original Color

47, 9.381, 9.736

Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

47, 3.497, 0.025

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 9.381, 9.736 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 106, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 106, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 106, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 106, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 9.381, 9.736 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 106, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 106, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 106, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 106, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 106, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 106,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 9.381, 9.736 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 106, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
106, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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