

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 9.324, 224.776)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 9.324, 224.776) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 9.120, 225.785)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D737A
RGB	93, 115, 122
RGB Percent	36%, 45%, 48%
CMY	0.6350, 0.5487, 0.5212
CMYK	0.24, 0.06, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	194°, 13%, 42%
HSV	194°, 24%, 48%
XYZ	14.1811, 16.0195, 20.7847
YIQ	109.2200, -15.3590, -2.4870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

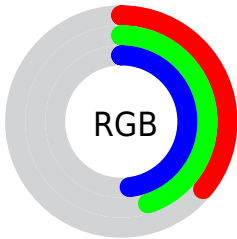
Format	Color
RYB	93, 106, 122
Decimal	6124410
CIELab	47.00, -6.36, -6.54
CIElCh	47, 9.120, 225.785
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2781, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284314490 (0xFF5D737A)
YUV	109.2200, 6.3005, -14.2249
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -6.7980, -2.7724

Details

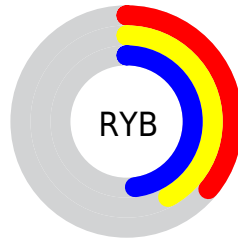
The CIELCh color $47, 9.120, 225.785$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44, 10.550, 43.588$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $67, 9.013, 224.325$, and $27, 9.012, 224.128$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 12.555, 226.679$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 5.424, 225.113$.

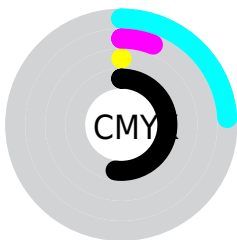
Distribution



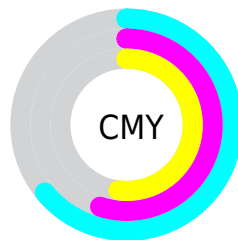
- Red (36%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 9.120, 225.785 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 9.120, 225.785 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 9.120, 225.785

■ 47, 9.120, 225.785

■ 100, 9.120,
225.785

■ 37, 9.120, 225.785

■ 67, 9.120, 225.785

■ 27, 9.120, 225.785

■ 77, 9.120, 225.785

■ 17, 9.120, 225.785

■ 87, 9.120, 225.785

■ 7, 9.120, 225.785

■ 97, 9.120, 225.785

■ 0, 9.120, 225.785

■ 47, 9.120, 225.785

■ 47, 9.120, 225.785

■ 45, 12.555,
226.679

■ 49, 5.424, 225.113

■ 44, 15.676,

■ 51, 1.515, 224.768

227.858

52, 2.560, 43.997

42, 18.434,
229.378

54, 6.764, 43.811

41, 20.789,
231.315

56, 11.064, 43.640

39, 22.718,
233.748

58, 15.431, 43.523

38, 24.229,
236.753

60, 19.845, 43.453

37, 25.379,
240.366

62, 24.286, 43.420

36, 26.072,
242.659

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 9.120, 225.785



44, 10.550, 43.588

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



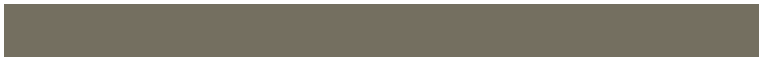
47, 9.120, 225.785



47, 9.120, 275.785



47, 9.120, 45.785



47, 9.120, 95.785

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 9.120, 225.778



64, 3.463, 224.814



48, 17.656, 150.062



33, 2.236, 224.827



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 9.120, 225.778



59, 13.509, 226.283



43, 13.051, 279.273



25, 2.250, 224.884



37, 26.523, 242.776



73, 45.206, 245.412

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 17.655, 333.513



53, 26.630, 333.919



48, 12.900, 93.318



24, 4.166, 332.541



27, 56.936, 340.264



57, 94.994, 341.090

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 9.120, 225.785 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 9.120, 225.785 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

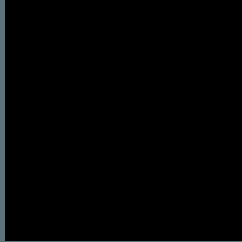
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

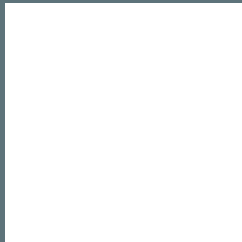
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 9.120, 225.785

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 9.120, 225.785.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 9.120, 225.785.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


47, 9.120, 225.785

Protanopia

47, 5.359, 295.141

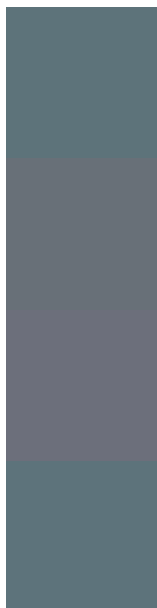
Deuteranopia

47, 10.041, 309.620



Tritanopia
47, 9.623, 232.457

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 9.120, 225.785

Protanomaly
47, 5.604, 257.165

Deuteranomaly
47, 7.178, 281.837

Tritanomaly
47, 9.356, 229.208

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 9.120, 225.785

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 3.602, 228.859

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 9.120, 225.785 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 115, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 115, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 115, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 115, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 9.120, 225.785 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 115, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 115, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 115, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 115, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 115, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 115,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 9.120, 225.785 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 115, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 115,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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