

Converting Colors

CIELCh(47, 9.615, 184.384)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(47, 9.615, 184.384) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(47, 9.690, 184.136)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C7470
RGB	92, 116, 112
RGB Percent	36%, 45%, 44%
CMY	0.6382, 0.5440, 0.5597
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.03, 0.54
HSL	170°, 12%, 41%
HSV	170°, 21%, 46%
XYZ	13.6575, 16.0195, 17.7813
YIQ	108.3680, -13.0200, -6.3320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

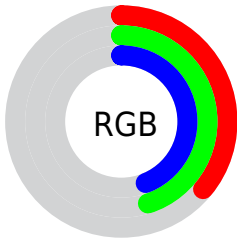
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 105, 116
Decimal	6059120
CIE _{Lab}	47.00, -9.66, -0.70
CIE _{LCh}	47, 9.690, 184.136
Yxy	16.0195, 0.2878, 0.3375
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284249200 (0xFF5C7470)
YUV	108.3680, 1.7906, -14.3547
Hunter-Lab	40.0243, -9.1331, 1.6767

Details

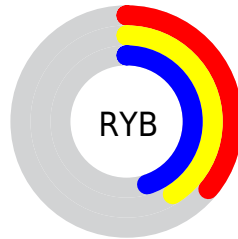
The CIELCh color `47, 9.690, 184.136` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `42, 10.575, 7.747`, and the grayscale version is `46, 0.006, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `67, 9.501, 185.136`, and `27, 9.979, 182.576` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `46, 14.068, 183.233`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `48, 5.083, 185.014`.

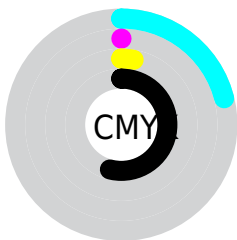
Distribution



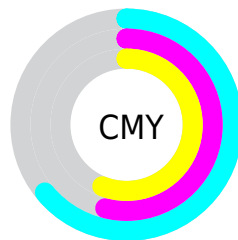
- Red (36%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 47, 9.690, 184.136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 47, 9.690, 184.136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 47, 9.690, 184.136

■ 47, 9.690, 184.136

■ 100, 9.690,
184.136

■ 37, 9.690, 184.136

■ 67, 9.690, 184.136

■ 27, 9.690, 184.136

■ 77, 9.690, 184.136

■ 17, 9.690, 184.136

■ 87, 9.690, 184.136

■ 7, 9.690, 184.136

■ 97, 9.690, 184.136

■ 0, 9.690, 184.136

■ 47, 9.690, 184.136

■ 47, 9.690, 184.136

■ 46, 14.068,
183.233

■ 48, 5.083, 185.014

■ 46, 18.141,

■ 49, 0.311, 186.886

182.294

50, 4.565, 6.480

45, 21.838,
181.299

51, 9.497, 7.289

44, 25.090,
180.232

52, 14.444, 8.050

44, 27.845,
179.076

54, 19.374, 8.785

44, 30.071,
177.809

57, 29.099, 10.191

44, 31.770,
176.414

58, 33.864, 10.864

43, 33.106,
175.084

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



47, 9.690, 184.136



42, 10.575, 7.747

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



47, 9.690, 184.136



47, 9.690, 234.136



47, 9.690, 4.136



47, 9.690, 54.136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



47, 9.691, 184.131



62, 3.558, 185.435



47, 16.395, 138.325



32, 2.377, 185.387



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



47, 9.691, 184.131



59, 14.341, 183.688



45, 7.633, 235.497



24, 2.712, 185.159



46, 34.381, 174.988



88, 58.940, 174.007

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 10.575, 7.747



51, 16.010, 8.338



44, 8.509, 52.220



23, 2.815, 6.522



24, 54.134, 29.775



52, 94.531, 32.873

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 47, 9.690, 184.136 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 47, 9.690, 184.136 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

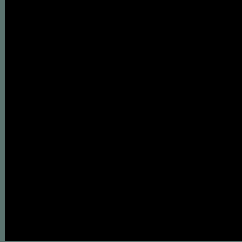
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

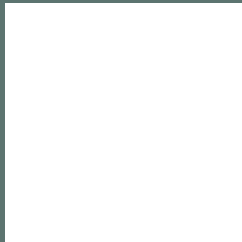
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 47, 9.690, 184.136

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 9.690, 184.136.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 47, 9.690, 184.136.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

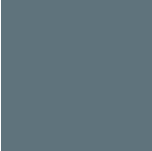
47, 9.690, 184.136

Protanopia

47, 1.697, 63.301

Deuteranopia

47, 6.411, 346.623



Tritanopia
47, 9.048, 234.974

Trichromacy



Original Color
47, 9.690, 184.136

Protanomaly
47, 3.360, 167.264

Deuteranomaly
47, 1.189, 290.375

Tritanomaly
47, 8.413, 219.316

Monochromacy



Original Color
47, 9.690, 184.136

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 3.825, 180.972

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 47, 9.690, 184.136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 116, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 116, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 116, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 116, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 47, 9.690, 184.136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 116, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 116, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 116, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 116, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 116, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 116,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 47, 9.690, 184.136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 116, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 116,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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