

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 10.212, 307.081)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 10.212, 307.081)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 10.444, 306.569)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	766F80
RGB	118, 111, 128
RGB Percent	46%, 44%, 50%
CMY	0.5371, 0.5645, 0.4978
CMYK	0.08, 0.13, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	265°, 7%, 47%
HSV	265°, 13%, 50%
XYZ	17.0673, 16.7945, 22.7815
YIQ	115.0310, -1.2850, 6.7710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

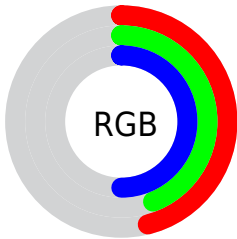
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 111, 128
Decimal	7761792
CIE Lab	48.00, 6.22, -8.39
CIE LCh	48, 10.444, 306.569
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3013, 0.2965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285951872 (0xFF766F80)
YUV	115.0310, 6.3937, 2.6038
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 2.6230, -4.2728

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 10.444, 306.569$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 10.227, 125.312$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 10.292, 305.596$, and $28, 10.836, 307.775$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 18.583, 307.118$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 2.541, 306.053$.

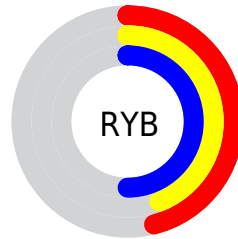
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (44%)

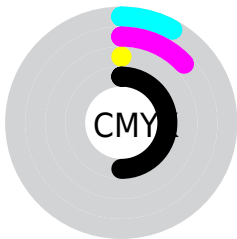
Blue (50%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (50%)

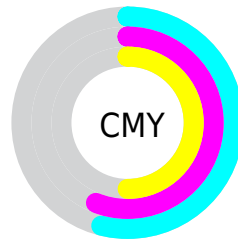


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (54%)


Magenta (56%)


Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 10.444, 306.569 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 10.444, 306.569 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 10.444,
306.569


 48, 10.444,
306.569


 100, 10.444,
306.569


 38, 10.444,
306.569

 68, 10.444,
306.569


 28, 10.444,
306.569

 78, 10.444,
306.569

 18, 10.444,
306.569


 88, 10.444,
306.569

 8, 10.444, 306.569

 98, 10.444,
306.569

 0, 10.444, 306.569

 48, 10.444,

 48, 10.444,

306.569

■ 44, 18.583,
307.118

■ 40, 26.940,
307.717

■ 35, 35.457,
308.351

■ 31, 44.024,
308.997

■ 28, 52.444,
309.610

■ 24, 60.380,
310.122

■ 21, 67.333,
310.428

■ 19, 72.695,
310.410

306.569

■ 52, 2.541, 306.053

■ 56, 5.114, 125.648

■ 61, 12.528,
125.251

■ 65, 19.707,
124.906

■ 69, 26.663,
124.606

■ 73, 33.407,
124.346

■ 77, 39.951,
124.121

■ 81, 46.307,
123.928

■ 17,76.005,
310.415

■ 85,52.486,
123.762

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 10.444, 306.569



53, 10.227, 125.312

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 10.444, 306.569



48, 10.444, 356.569



48, 10.444, 126.569



48, 10.444, 176.569

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 10.443, 306.567



66, 3.836, 306.096



50, 5.511, 245.418



34, 2.749, 306.130



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 10.443, 306.567



60, 15.615, 306.732



49, 11.727, 322.319



25, 4.390, 306.350



17, 75.766, 310.420



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 9.060, 340.143



61, 13.519, 340.394



52, 11.685, 141.053



25, 3.819, 339.807



27, 52.298, 352.817



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 10.444, 306.569 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 10.444, 306.569 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

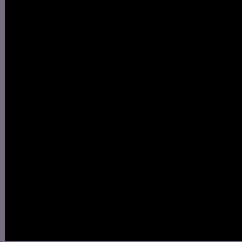
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 10.444, 306.569

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 10.444, 306.569.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 10.444, 306.569.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 10.444, 306.569

Protanopia

48, 9.457, 286.814

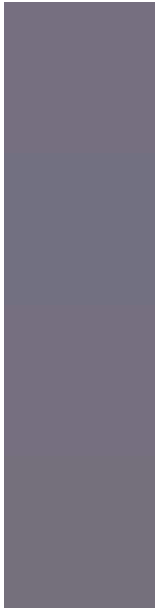
Deuteranopia

48, 10.444, 306.569



Tritanopia
48, 5.700, 311.270

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 10.444, 306.569

Protanomaly
48, 10.084, 295.880

Deuteranomaly
48, 10.444, 306.569

Tritanomaly
48, 7.381, 306.554

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 10.444, 306.569

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 3.637, 303.296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 10.444, 306.569 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 111, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 111, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 111, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 111, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 10.444, 306.569 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 111, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 111, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 111, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 111, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 111, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 111,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 10.444, 306.569 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 111, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
111, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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