

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 11.292, 232.133)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 11.292, 232.133)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 11.290, 233.843)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C7681
RGB	92, 118, 129
RGB Percent	36%, 46%, 51%
CMY	0.6395, 0.5375, 0.4944
CMYK	0.29, 0.09, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	198°, 17%, 43%
HSV	198°, 29%, 51%
XYZ	14.8340, 16.7945, 23.2029
YIQ	111.4800, -19.0270, -2.0910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

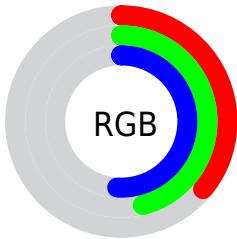
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 107, 129
Decimal	6059649
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, -6.66, -9.12
CIE _{LCh}	48, 11.290, 233.843
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2705, 0.3063
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284249729 (0xFF5C7681)
YUV	111.4800, 8.6374, -17.0840
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -7.1048, -4.8824

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 11.290, 233.843$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $46, 13.322, 49.582$, and the grayscale version is $47, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 11.374, 234.481$, and $28, 11.415, 233.003$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 14.774, 235.223$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 7.545, 232.749$.

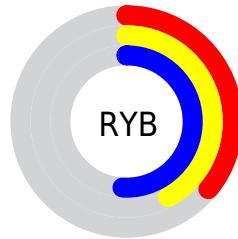
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (46%)

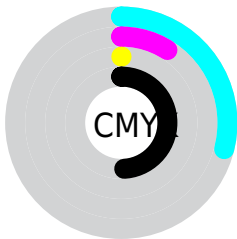
Blue (51%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (51%)

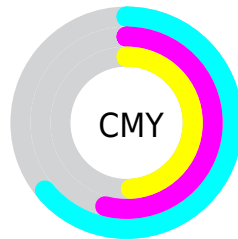


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (64%)


Magenta (54%)


Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 11.290, 233.843 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 11.290, 233.843 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 11.290,
233.843


 48, 11.290,
233.843


 100, 11.290,
233.843


 38, 11.290,
233.843

 68, 11.290,
233.843


 28, 11.290,
233.843

 78, 11.290,
233.843

 18, 11.290,
233.843

 88, 11.290,
233.843

 8, 11.290, 233.843

 98, 11.290,
233.843

 0, 11.290, 233.843

 48, 11.290,

 48, 11.290,

233.843

233.843

■ 46, 14.774,
235.223

■ 50, 7.545, 232.749

■ 44, 17.951,
236.967

■ 52, 3.586, 231.927

■ 42, 20.785,
239.147

■ 54, 0.544, 50.458

■ 41, 23.253,
241.844

■ 56, 4.808, 50.508

■ 39, 25.360,
245.133

■ 59, 9.172, 50.112

■ 38, 27.150,
249.059

■ 61, 13.608, 49.783

■ 36, 28.785,
253.387

■ 63, 18.094, 49.520

■ 36, 29.008,
253.928

■ 65, 22.611, 49.311

■ 68, 27.145, 49.147

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 11.290, 233.843



46, 13.322, 49.582

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 11.290, 233.843



48, 11.290, 283.843



48, 11.290, 53.843



48, 11.290, 103.843

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 11.290, 233.838



67, 4.611, 231.962



51, 21.472, 151.454



34, 3.181, 232.050



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 11.290, 233.838



60, 16.340, 234.645



43, 17.614, 283.256



26, 2.302, 231.953



36, 28.763, 253.867



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 21.459, 336.146



54, 31.569, 336.617



51, 17.133, 96.122



25, 4.142, 334.733



28, 55.642, 344.017



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 11.290, 233.843 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 11.290, 233.843 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

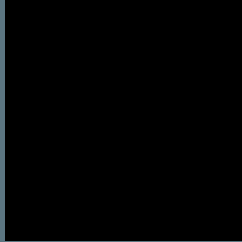
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

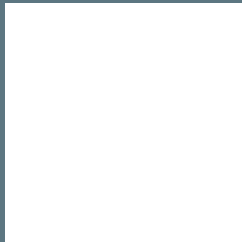
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 11.290, 233.843

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 11.290, 233.843.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 11.290, 233.843.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 11.290, 233.843

Protanopia

48, 7.675, 288.322

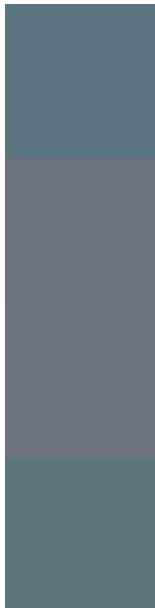
Deuteranopia

48, 11.498, 303.229



Tritanopia
48, 11.016, 231.103

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 11.290, 233.843

Protanomaly
48, 7.938, 262.557

Deuteranomaly
48, 9.648, 277.851

Tritanomaly
48, 11.016, 231.103

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 11.290, 233.843

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 4.526, 230.663

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 11.290, 233.843 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 118, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 118, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 118, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 118, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 11.290, 233.843 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 118, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 118, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 118, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 118, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 118, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 118,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 11.290, 233.843 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 118, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 118,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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