

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 119.856, 126.594)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 119.856, 126.594)
contains.

CIELCh(49, 75.472, 136.016)	3
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Color

CIELCh(49, 75.472, 136.016)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008800
RGB	0, 136, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 53%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4665, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.47
HSL	120°, 100%, 27%
HSV	120°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	8.7618, 17.5941, 2.8897
YIQ	79.8320, -37.4000, -71.1280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

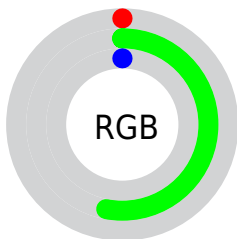
Format	Color
RYB	0, 136, 136
Decimal	34816
CIELab	49.00, -54.30, 52.41
CIELCh	49, 75.472, 136.016
Yxy	17.5941, 0.2996, 0.6016
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224896 (0xFF008800)
YUV	79.8320, -39.3572, -70.0127
Hunter-Lab	41.9453, -36.1182, 25.2771

Details

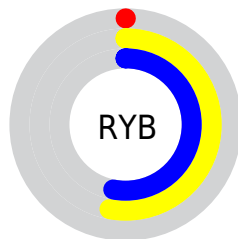
The CIELCh color **49, 75.472, 136.016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **32, 72.445, 328.233**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 75.168, 136.131**, and **30, 53.409, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 75.085, 136.016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 72.329, 136.576**.

Distribution



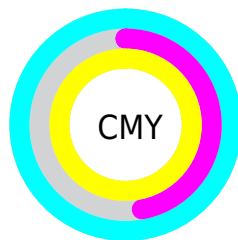
- Red (0%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (47%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 49, 75.472, 136.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 49, 75.472, 136.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 49, 75.472,
136.016


 49, 75.472,
136.016


 100, 75.472,
136.016


 39, 75.472,
136.016

 69, 75.472,
136.016


 29, 75.472,
136.016

 79, 75.472,
136.016

 19, 75.472,
136.016

 89, 75.472,
136.016

 9, 75.472, 136.016

 99, 75.472,
136.016


 0, 75.472, 136.016

 49, 75.472,


 49, 75.472,


136.016


136.016


 49, 75.085,
136.016


 49, 72.329,
136.576


 49, 68.242,
137.353


 50, 62.432,
138.357

 50, 55.235,
139.453

 51, 47.014,
140.535

 52, 38.090,
141.538

 53, 28.732,
142.433

 54, 19.158,
143.214

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49, 75.472, 136.016



32, 72.445, 328.233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49, 75.472, 136.016



49, 75.472, 186.016



49, 75.472, 316.016



49, 75.472, 6.016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49, 75.085, 136.016



67, 35.444, 142.378



55, 60.750, 102.852



35, 24.334, 142.061



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49, 75.085, 136.016



63, 90.678, 136.016



50, 55.110, 149.772



28, 5.432, 143.945



48, 73.707, 136.016



1, 2.511, 144.443

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 72.445, 328.233



42, 87.490, 328.233



29, 53.243, 0.833



27, 5.441, 324.904



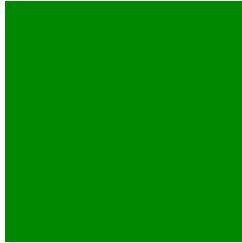
31, 71.116, 328.233



0, 2.512, 324.439

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 49, 75.472, 136.016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 49, 75.472, 136.016 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

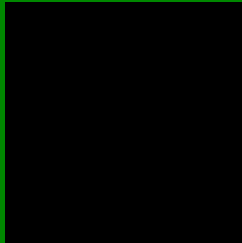
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 49, 75.472, 136.016

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 75.472, 136.016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 49, 75.472, 136.016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49, 75.072, 136.016

Protanopia

49, 54.701, 95.139

Deuteranopia

49, 47.527, 82.225



Tritanopia
49, 22.160, 214.486

Trichromacy



Original Color
49, 75.072, 136.016



Protanomaly
47, 59.840, 120.552

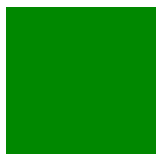


Deuteranomaly
46, 52.599, 116.704

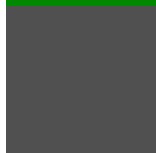


Tritanomaly
48, 40.861, 157.517

Monochromacy



Original Color
49, 75.072, 136.016



Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
38, 35.926, 140.805

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 49, 75.472, 136.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 136, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 136, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 136, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 136, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 49, 75.472, 136.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 136, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 136, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 136, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 136, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 136, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 136, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 49, 75.472, 136.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 136, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 136,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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