

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 12.387, 20.280)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 12.387, 20.280) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 12.334, 20.890)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	886B6B
RGB	136, 107, 107
RGB Percent	53%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.4669, 0.5806, 0.5806
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.21, 0.47
HSL	0°, 12%, 48%
HSV	0°, 21%, 53%
XYZ	18.0477, 16.7945, 16.1858
YIQ	115.6710, 17.2840, 6.1480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

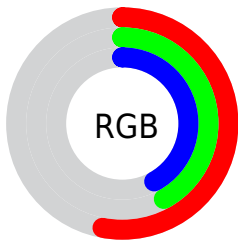
Format	Color
R _Y B	136, 107, 107
Decimal	8940395
CIE Lab	48.00, 11.52, 4.40
CIE LCh	48, 12.334, 20.890
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3537, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287130475 (0xFF886B6B)
YUV	115.6710, -4.2748, 17.8285
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 6.8931, 5.2697

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 12.334, 20.890** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **55, 10.767, 198.374**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 12.605, 20.532**, and **28, 12.323, 21.638** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 18.793, 21.950**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 6.307, 20.057**.

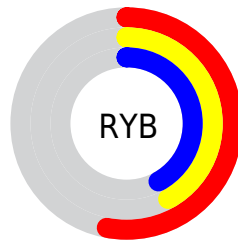
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (42%)

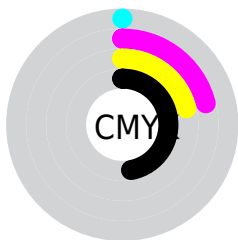
Blue (42%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (42%)

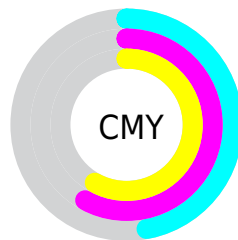


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 12.334, 20.890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 12.334, 20.890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 12.334, 20.890

 48, 12.334, 20.890

 100, 12.334,
20.890

 38, 12.334, 20.890

 68, 12.334, 20.890

 28, 12.334, 20.890

 78, 12.334, 20.890

 18, 12.334, 20.890

 88, 12.334, 20.890

 8, 12.334, 20.890

 98, 12.334, 20.890

 0, 12.334, 20.890

 48, 12.334, 20.890

 48, 12.334, 20.890

 44, 18.793, 21.950

 52, 6.307, 20.057

 40, 25.654, 23.306

 56, 0.714, 18.910

37, 32.830, 25.062

60, 4.471, 199.086

34, 40.171, 27.318

64, 9.281, 198.641

31, 47.461, 30.140

69, 13.756,
198.306

29, 54.404, 33.462

73, 17.934,
198.039

28, 60.435, 36.833

27, 64.441, 38.842

77, 21.850,
197.821

81, 25.537,
197.641

86, 29.023,
197.491

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 12.334, 20.890



55, 10.767, 198.374

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 12.334, 20.890



48, 12.334, 70.890



48, 12.334, 200.890



48, 12.334, 250.890

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 12.333, 20.897



69, 4.042, 19.652



49, 20.440, 325.559



36, 2.708, 19.696



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 12.333, 20.897



59, 18.923, 21.416



52, 10.441, 72.861



27, 3.148, 19.891



27, 63.128, 38.660



0, 1.414, 19.412

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 10.767, 198.374



69, 15.924, 198.131



50, 9.888, 258.404



29, 2.977, 199.017



50, 30.835, 196.400



1, 1.414, 199.429

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 12.334, 20.890 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 12.334, 20.890 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

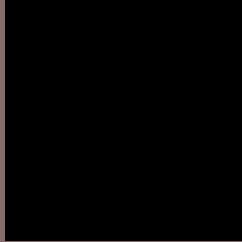
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 12.334, 20.890

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 12.334, 20.890.

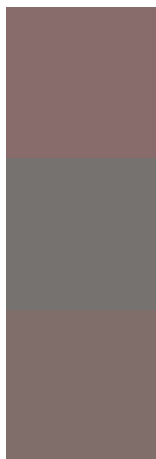


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 12.334, 20.890.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 12.334, 20.890

Protanopia

48, 2.137, 74.714

Deuteranopia

48, 7.987, 37.231



Tritanopia
48, 13.692, 1.201

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 12.334, 20.890

Protanomaly
48, 5.441, 26.148

Deuteranomaly
48, 9.524, 31.043

Tritanomaly
48, 13.321, 8.440

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 12.334, 20.890

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 4.118, 19.798

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 12.334, 20.890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 107, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 107, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 107, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 107, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 12.334, 20.890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 107, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 107, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 107, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 107, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 107, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 107,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 12.334, 20.890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 107, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
107, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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