

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 13.118, 216.621)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 13.118, 216.621)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 13.118, 216.621)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	55787F
RGB	85, 120, 127
RGB Percent	33%, 47%, 50%
CMY	0.6679, 0.5307, 0.5033
CMYK	0.33, 0.06, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	190°, 20%, 41%
HSV	190°, 33%, 50%
XYZ	14.2038, 16.7945, 22.4591
YIQ	110.3330, -23.1070, -5.2430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

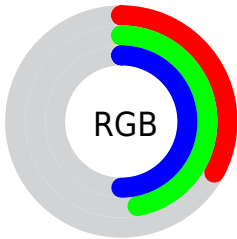
Format	Color
R _Y B	85, 104, 127
Decimal	5601407
CIE Lab	48.00, -10.53, -7.83
CIE LCh	48, 13.118, 216.621
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2657, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283791487 (0xFF55787F)
YUV	110.3330, 8.2168, -22.2170
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -9.8496, -3.8063

Details

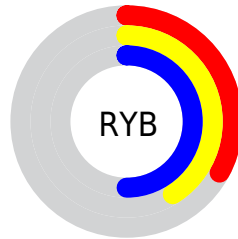
The CIELCh color $48, 13.118, 216.621$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $42, 16.449, 36.002$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 13.145, 218.163$, and $28, 12.951, 218.366$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 16.379, 217.253$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 9.486, 216.186$.

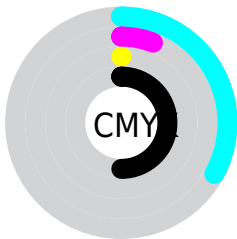
Distribution



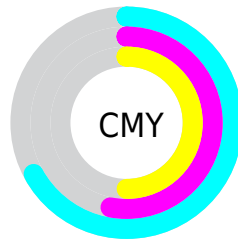
- Red (33%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 13.118, 216.621 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 13.118, 216.621 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 13.118,
216.621


 48, 13.118,
216.621


 100, 13.118,
216.621


 38, 13.118,
216.621

 68, 13.118,
216.621


 28, 13.118,
216.621

 78, 13.118,
216.621

 18, 13.118,
216.621


 88, 13.118,
216.621

 8, 13.118, 216.621

 98, 13.118,
216.621

 0, 13.118, 216.621

 48, 13.118,

 48, 13.118,

216.621

216.621

■ 47, 16.379,
217.253

■ 49, 9.486, 216.186

■ 45, 19.209,
218.138

■ 51, 5.548, 215.932

■ 44, 21.553,
219.327

■ 53, 1.361, 215.992

■ 43, 23.377,
220.881

■ 56, 7.546, 35.610

■ 42, 24.673,
222.865

■ 58, 12.181, 35.706

■ 41, 25.475,
225.334

■ 61, 21.652, 35.995

■ 41, 25.922,
227.128

■ 63, 26.440, 36.176

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 13.118, 216.621



42, 16.449, 36.002

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 13.118, 216.621



48, 13.118, 266.621



48, 13.118, 36.621



48, 13.118, 86.621

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 13.118, 216.617



66, 5.297, 215.894



49, 26.953, 146.452



34, 3.631, 215.907



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 13.118, 216.617



61, 19.103, 217.094



42, 17.114, 274.805



26, 2.416, 215.885



41, 26.044, 227.150



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 26.703, 331.365



51, 39.907, 331.856



48, 17.351, 85.635



25, 4.546, 329.887



28, 60.941, 335.902



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 13.118, 216.621 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 13.118, 216.621 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

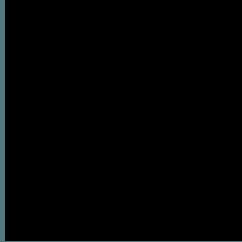
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 13.118, 216.621

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 13.118, 216.621.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 13.118, 216.621.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 13.118, 216.621

Protanopia

48, 5.313, 290.897

Deuteranopia

48, 11.013, 305.797



Tritanopia
48, 13.292, 224.794

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 13.118, 216.621

Protanomaly
48, 6.922, 249.403

Deuteranomaly
48, 8.725, 270.957

Tritanomaly
48, 13.111, 222.295

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 13.118, 216.621

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 5.200, 212.111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 13.118, 216.621 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 120, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 120, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 120, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 120, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 13.118, 216.621 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 120, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 120, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 120, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 120, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 120, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 120,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 13.118, 216.621 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 120, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 120,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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