

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 14.633, 57.155)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 14.633, 57.155) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 14.601, 57.128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	876D5E
RGB	135, 109, 94
RGB Percent	53%, 43%, 37%
CMY	0.4719, 0.5738, 0.6326
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.30, 0.47
HSL	22°, 18%, 45%
HSV	22°, 30%, 53%
XYZ	17.3782, 16.7945, 12.8420
YIQ	115.0640, 20.3110, 0.8470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

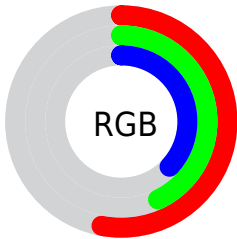
Format	Color
RYB	135, 118, 94
Decimal	8875358
CIELab	48.00, 7.92, 12.26
CIELCh	48, 14.601, 57.128
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3696, 0.3572
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287065438 (0xFF876D5E)
YUV	115.0640, -10.3846, 17.4839
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 3.9771, 10.1073

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 14.601, 57.128$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $49, 12.578, 243.452$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 14.766, 56.418$, and $28, 14.420, 58.828$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 20.070, 56.381$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 9.478, 57.937$.

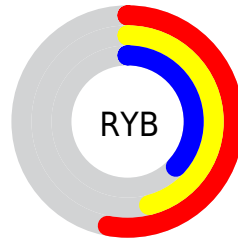
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (43%)

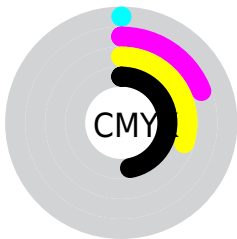
Blue (37%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (37%)

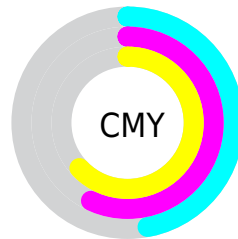


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 14.601, 57.128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 14.601, 57.128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 14.601, 57.128

■ 48, 14.601, 57.128

■ 100, 14.601,
57.128

■ 38, 14.601, 57.128

■ 68, 14.601, 57.128

■ 28, 14.601, 57.128

■ 78, 14.601, 57.128

■ 18, 14.601, 57.128

■ 88, 14.601, 57.128

■ 8, 14.601, 57.128

■ 98, 14.601, 57.128

■ 0, 14.601, 57.128

■ 48, 14.601, 57.128

■ 48, 14.601, 57.128

■ 45, 20.070, 56.381

■ 51, 9.478, 57.937

■ 43, 25.892, 55.685

■ 53, 4.681, 58.751

41, 32.041, 55.046

56, 0.182, 57.784

38, 38.427, 54.435

59, 4.050, 240.675

36, 44.833, 53.757

62, 8.045, 241.521

34, 50.795, 52.785

64, 11.829,
242.387

33, 56.169, 51.930

67, 15.429,
243.246

70, 18.867,
244.087

73, 22.163,
244.907

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 14.601, 57.128



49, 12.578, 243.452

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 14.601, 57.128



48, 14.601, 107.128



48, 14.601, 237.128



48, 14.601, 287.128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 14.601, 57.136



69, 5.007, 58.847



45, 22.746, 338.638



36, 3.521, 58.745



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 14.601, 57.136



60, 22.652, 56.571



53, 20.077, 99.975



27, 2.489, 58.854



31, 54.626, 51.992



0, 0.581, 59.731

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 12.578, 243.452



61, 18.708, 244.744



43, 21.012, 287.234



27, 2.394, 240.704



33, 32.750, 265.714



0, 0.581, 239.748

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 14.601, 57.128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

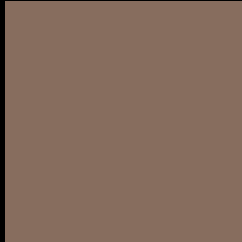
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 14.601, 57.128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 14.601, 57.128

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 14.601, 57.128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 14.601, 57.128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 14.601, 57.128

Protanopia

48, 10.860, 94.937

Deuteranopia

48, 14.036, 65.001



Tritanopia
48, 13.692, 1.201

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 14.601, 57.128

Protanomaly
48, 11.506, 79.298

Deuteranomaly
48, 14.361, 63.745

Tritanomaly
48, 12.334, 20.890

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 14.601, 57.128

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 5.153, 62.645

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 14.601, 57.128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 109, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 109, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 109, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 109, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 14.601, 57.128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 109, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 109, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 109, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 109, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 109, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 109,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 14.601, 57.128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 109, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
109, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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