

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 17.800, 24.430)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 17.800, 24.430) contains.

CIELCh(48, 17.872, 25.305)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(48, 17.872, 25.305)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	916866
RGB	145, 104, 102
RGB Percent	57%, 41%, 40%
CMY	0.4325, 0.5932, 0.6010
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.30, 0.43
HSL	3°, 17%, 48%
HSV	3°, 30%, 57%
XYZ	18.9349, 16.7945, 14.7453
YIQ	116.0310, 25.0780, 8.0700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

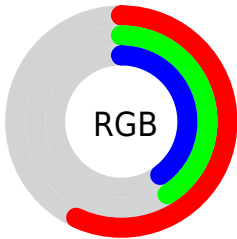
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 104, 102
Decimal	9529446
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, 16.16, 7.64
CIE _{LCh}	48, 17.872, 25.305
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3751, 0.3327
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287719526 (0xFF916866)
YUV	116.0310, -6.9173, 25.4058
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 10.7573, 7.3537

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 17.872, 25.305$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $56, 14.613, 202.570$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 18.081, 24.497$, and $28, 17.606, 26.756$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 24.793, 26.390$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 11.402, 24.488$.

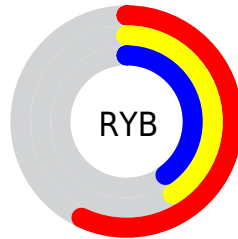
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (41%)

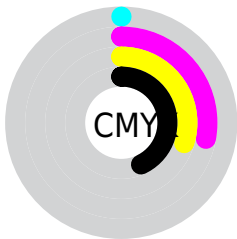
Blue (40%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (40%)

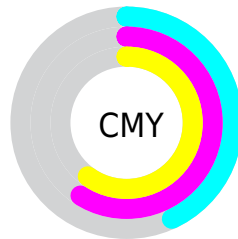


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

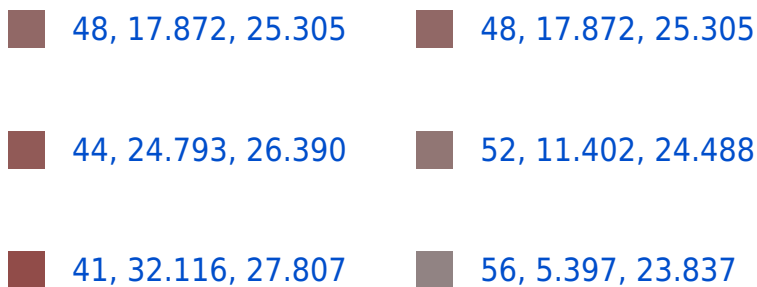
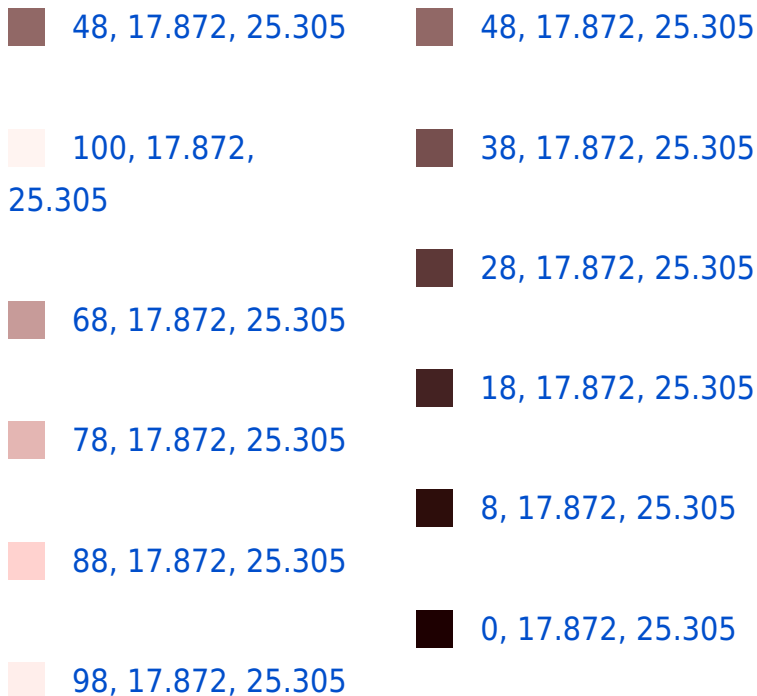
Magenta (59%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 17.872, 25.305 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 17.872, 25.305 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



37, 39.728, 29.641

60, 0.162, 206.172

35, 47.446, 31.949

64, 5.305, 203.207

32, 54.982, 34.685

69, 10.072,
202.915

31, 61.802, 37.530

73, 14.506,
202.717

30, 67.038, 39.925

30, 67.185, 39.997

77, 18.644,
202.575

81, 22.522,
202.475

86, 26.173,
202.407

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 17.872, 25.305



56, 14.613, 202.570

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 17.872, 25.305



48, 17.872, 75.305



48, 17.872, 205.305



48, 17.872, 255.305

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 17.871, 25.311



72, 6.207, 23.806



49, 29.257, 326.937



37, 4.321, 23.887



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 17.871, 25.311



59, 27.622, 26.042



54, 15.884, 75.245



28, 3.101, 23.805



28, 63.491, 39.645



1, 2.026, 23.468

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 14.613, 202.570



71, 21.379, 202.438



50, 14.915, 263.489



30, 2.929, 203.218



49, 29.419, 203.861



2, 2.026, 203.486

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 17.872, 25.305 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 17.872, 25.305 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

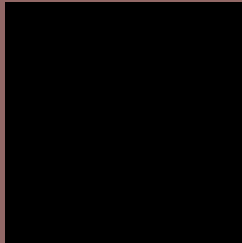
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 17.872, 25.305

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 17.872, 25.305.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 17.872, 25.305.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 17.872, 25.305

Protanopia

48, 4.422, 87.473

Deuteranopia

48, 10.154, 51.382



Tritanopia
48, 19.111, 7.868

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 17.872, 25.305

Protanomaly
48, 8.206, 41.058

Deuteranomaly
48, 12.450, 39.784

Tritanomaly
48, 18.483, 14.589

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 17.872, 25.305

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 5.852, 25.748

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 17.872, 25.305 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 104, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 104, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 104, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 104, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 17.872, 25.305 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 104, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 104, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 104, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 104, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 104, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 104,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 17.872, 25.305 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 104, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
104, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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