

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 18.367, 359.126)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(48, 18.367, 359.126)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(48, 18.364, 359.472)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	906773
RGB	144, 103, 115
RGB Percent	56%, 40%, 45%
CMY	0.4363, 0.5970, 0.5499
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.20, 0.44
HSL	342°, 17%, 48%
HSV	342°, 29%, 56%
XYZ	19.3673, 16.7945, 18.3706
YIQ	116.6270, 20.5840, 12.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

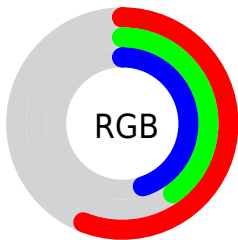
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	144, 103, 115
Decimal	9463667
CIE Lab	48.00, 18.36, -0.17
CIE LCh	48, 18.364, 359.472
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3552, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287653747 (0xFF906773)
YUV	116.6270, -0.8021, 24.0061
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 12.6407, 2.1088

# Details

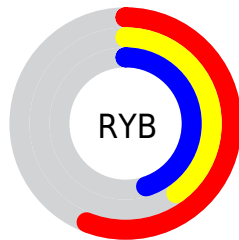
The CIELCh color  $48, 18.364, 359.472$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996666$ . A complement of this color would be  $56, 16.887, 173.771$ , and the grayscale version is  $49, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $68, 18.435, 358.560$ , and  $28, 18.775, 359.334$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $44, 25.107, 0.911$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $52, 11.722, 358.256$ .

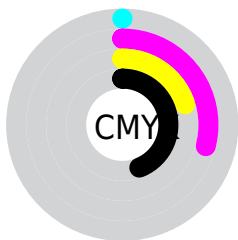
# Distribution



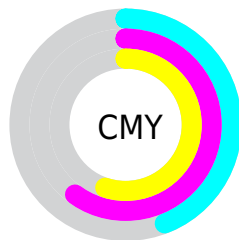
- Red (56%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 18.364, 359.472 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 18.364, 359.472 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 48, 18.364,  
359.472


 48, 18.364,  
359.472


 100, 18.364,  
359.472

 38, 18.364,  
359.472

 68, 18.364,  
359.472

 28, 18.364,  
359.472

 78, 18.364,  
359.472

 18, 18.364,  
359.472


 88, 18.364,  
359.472

 8, 18.364, 359.472

 98, 18.364,  
359.472

 0, 18.364, 359.472

 48, 18.364,

 48, 18.364,

359.472

359.472

44, 25.107, 0.911

52, 11.722,  
358.256

41, 31.801, 2.641

56, 5.284, 357.179

37, 38.218, 4.771

60, 0.903, 176.760

35, 44.082, 7.434

65, 6.818, 175.595

32, 49.119, 10.789

69, 12.462,  
174.852

31, 53.167, 14.975

30, 56.509, 19.816

73, 17.847,  
174.194

30, 57.041, 20.508

77, 22.989,  
173.600

82, 27.909,  
173.057

86, 32.627,



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 18.364, 359.472



56, 16.887, 173.771

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 18.364, 359.472



48, 18.364, 49.472



48, 18.364, 179.472



48, 18.364, 229.472

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 18.362, 359.475



71, 6.912, 357.250



48, 26.539, 316.916



37, 4.854, 357.389



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 18.362, 359.475



59, 27.263, 0.334



50, 15.097, 39.195



28, 3.492, 357.249



28, 54.441, 20.152



0, 2.316, 356.465



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 18.362, 359.475



59, 27.263, 0.334



54, 12.491, 220.706



28, 3.492, 357.249



28, 54.441, 20.152



0, 2.316, 356.465



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 18.364, 359.472 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

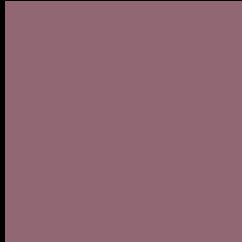
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 18.364, 359.472 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

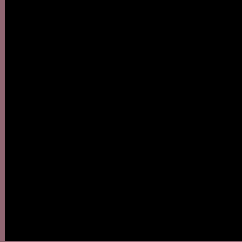
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 48, 18.364, 359.472**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 18.364, 359.472.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 18.364, 359.472.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48, 18.364, 359.472

### Protanopia

48, 4.127, 290.739

### Deuteranopia

48, 5.901, 8.608





**Tritanopia**  
48, 17.420, 6.190

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
48, 18.364, 359.472

**Protanomaly**  
48, 8.086, 339.476

**Deuteranomaly**  
48, 10.543, 1.258

**Tritanomaly**  
48, 17.530, 4.321

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
48, 18.364, 359.472

**Achromatopsia**  
49, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
48, 6.819, 354.733

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 18.364, 359.472 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 103, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 103, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 103, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 103, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 18.364, 359.472 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 103, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 103, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 103, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 103, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 103, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 103,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 18.364, 359.472 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 103, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
103, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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