

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 18.968, 20.671)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(48, 18.968, 20.671) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(48, 19.060, 21.804)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	936767
RGB	147, 103, 103
RGB Percent	58%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.4247, 0.5972, 0.5972
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.30, 0.42
HSL	0°, 18%, 49%
HSV	0°, 30%, 58%
XYZ	19.2359, 16.7945, 14.9877
YIQ	116.1560, 26.2240, 9.3280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

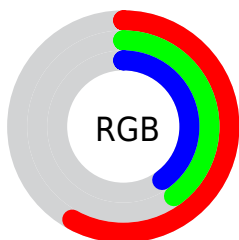
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">147, 103, 103</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9660263</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">48.00, 17.70, 7.08</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">48, 19.060, 21.804</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">16.7945, 0.3770, 0.3292</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287850343</a> (0xFF936767)
YUV	<a href="#">116.1560, -6.4859, 27.0502</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">40.9810, 12.0685, 7.0031</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **48, 19.060, 21.804** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **58, 15.624, 197.963**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 19.206, 21.198**, and **28, 19.303, 21.318** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 26.317, 23.137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 12.236, 20.779**.

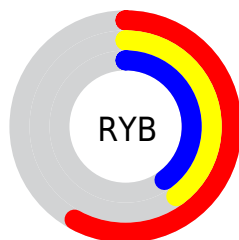
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (40%)

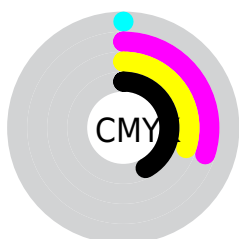
Blue (40%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (40%)

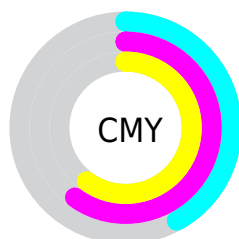


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (60%)













Yellow (60%)







# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 19.060, 21.804 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 19.060, 21.804 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 48, 19.060, 21.804	 48, 19.060, 21.804
 100, 19.060, 21.804	 38, 19.060, 21.804
 68, 19.060, 21.804	 28, 19.060, 21.804
 78, 19.060, 21.804	 18, 19.060, 21.804
 88, 19.060, 21.804	 8, 19.060, 21.804
 98, 19.060, 21.804	 0, 19.060, 21.804

 48, 19.060, 21.804	 48, 19.060, 21.804
 44, 26.317, 23.137	 52, 12.236, 20.779
 40, 33.925, 24.858	 56, 5.881, 19.952


 37, 41.729, 27.077

 61, 0.015, 229.608


 34, 49.505, 29.867

 65, 5.474, 199.004

 32, 56.939, 33.181


 70, 10.539,  
198.578

 31, 63.497, 36.639

 74, 15.251,  
198.253

 30, 68.562, 39.310

 30, 68.574, 39.316

 79, 19.650,  
197.992

 83, 23.776,  
197.779

 88, 27.661,  
197.604

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 19.060, 21.804



58, 15.624, 197.963

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 19.060, 21.804



48, 19.060, 71.804



48, 19.060, 201.804



48, 19.060, 251.804

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 19.058, 21.809



73, 6.567, 19.891



49, 30.533, 326.020



38, 4.623, 19.994



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 19.058, 21.809



59, 29.104, 22.670



54, 15.937, 71.795



29, 3.343, 19.893



28, 65.126, 38.929



1, 2.828, 19.405





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 15.624, 197.963



73, 22.673, 197.683



51, 14.706, 259.966



31, 3.160, 199.003



52, 31.694, 196.387

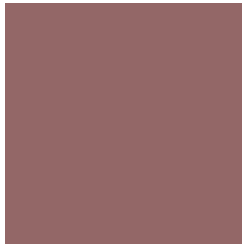


2, 2.828, 199.422



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 19.060, 21.804 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

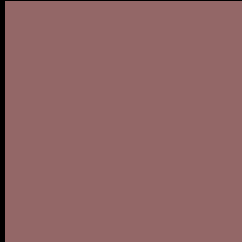
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 19.060, 21.804 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

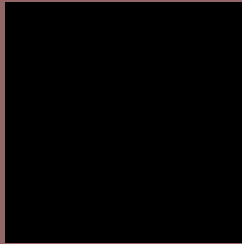
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 48, 19.060, 21.804**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 19.060, 21.804.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 19.060, 21.804.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48, 19.060, 21.804

### Protanopia

48, 3.357, 80.210

### Deuteranopia

48, 10.154, 51.382



## Tritanopia

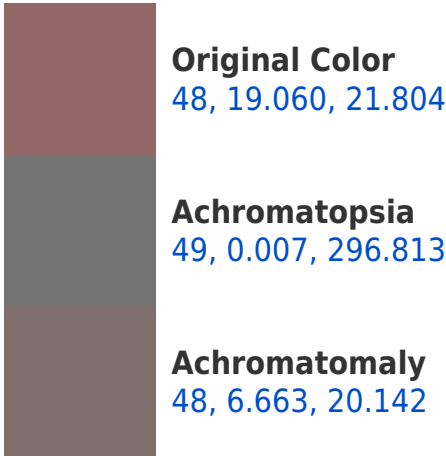
48, 19.464, 9.937



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 19.060, 21.804 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 103, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 103, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 103, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 103, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 19.060, 21.804 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 103, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 103, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 103, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 103, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 103, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 103,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 19.060, 21.804 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 103, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
103, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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