

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 2.076, 215.862)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 2.076, 215.862) contains.

CIELCh(48, 2.071, 215.911)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(48, 2.071, 215.911)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E7374
RGB	110, 115, 116
RGB Percent	43%, 45%, 45%
CMY	0.5692, 0.5495, 0.5456
CMYK	0.05, 0.01, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	190°, 3%, 44%
HSV	190°, 5%, 45%
XYZ	15.6732, 16.7945, 18.8969
YIQ	113.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

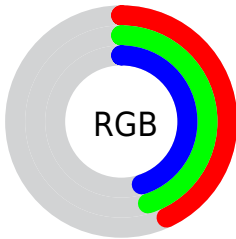
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 113, 116
Decimal	7238516
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, -1.68, -1.21
CIE _{LCh}	48, 2.071, 215.911
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3051, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285428596 (0xFF6E7374)
YUV	113.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -3.4494, 1.3474

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 2.071, 215.911** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **47, 2.134, 35.453**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 1.943, 215.964**, and **28, 2.255, 215.888** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 5.923, 215.935**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 1.968, 35.434**.

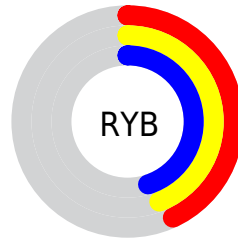
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (45%)

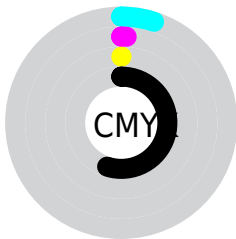
Blue (45%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (45%)

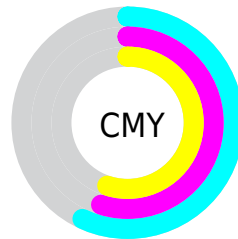


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (57%)













Magenta (55%)







Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 2.071, 215.911 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 2.071, 215.911 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 2.071, 215.911	 48, 2.071, 215.911
 100, 2.071, 215.911	 38, 2.071, 215.911
 68, 2.071, 215.911	 28, 2.071, 215.911
 78, 2.071, 215.911	 18, 2.071, 215.911
 88, 2.071, 215.911	 8, 2.071, 215.911
 98, 2.071, 215.911	 0, 2.071, 215.911

 48, 2.071, 215.911	 48, 2.071, 215.911
 47, 5.923, 215.935	 50, 1.968, 35.434
 45, 9.536, 216.218	 51, 6.150, 35.565

44, 12.855,
216.676

53, 10.440, 35.655

43, 15.824,
217.342

54, 14.805, 35.777

41, 18.386,
218.260

56, 19.221, 35.929

40, 20.495,
219.484

60, 28.127, 36.296

39, 22.122,
221.076

62, 32.589, 36.499

39, 23.264,
223.097

63, 37.042, 36.709

38, 23.989,
225.556

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 2.071, 215.911



47, 2.134, 35.453

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 2.071, 215.911



48, 2.071, 265.911



48, 2.071, 35.911



48, 2.071, 85.911

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 2.071, 215.874



62, 0.999, 216.109



48, 3.884, 148.594



32, 0.572, 216.144



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 2.071, 215.874



61, 2.967, 215.859



47, 2.443, 270.463



24, 1.588, 215.857



39, 25.291, 226.952



77, 42.888, 228.889

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 3.852, 329.624



60, 5.533, 329.688



48, 2.437, 89.091



23, 2.963, 329.700



27, 59.219, 335.850



57, 99.722, 336.354

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 2.071, 215.911 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 2.071, 215.911 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

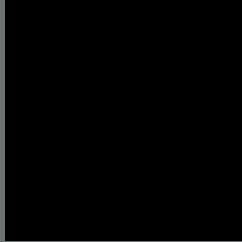
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

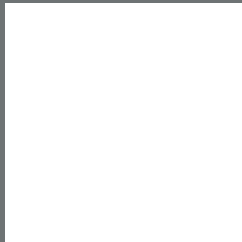
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 2.071, 215.911

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 2.071, 215.911.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 2.071, 215.911.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 2.071, 215.911

Protanopia

48, 1.443, 324.413

Deuteranopia

48, 6.726, 342.412



Tritanopia
48, 5.413, 278.411

Trichromacy



Original Color

48, 2.071, 215.911

Protanomaly

48, 0.713, 255.962

Deuteranomaly

48, 3.840, 329.629

Tritanomaly

48, 3.712, 272.087

Monochromacy



Original Color

48, 2.071, 215.911

Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

48, 0.806, 199.767

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 2.071, 215.911 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 115, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 115, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 115, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 115, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 2.071, 215.911 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 115, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 115, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 115, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 115, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 115, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 115,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 2.071, 215.911 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 115, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
115, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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