

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 2.586, 219.783)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 2.586, 219.783) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 2.638, 225.876)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D7375
RGB	109, 115, 117
RGB Percent	43%, 45%, 46%
CMY	0.5726, 0.5490, 0.5412
CMYK	0.07, 0.02, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	195°, 4%, 44%
HSV	195°, 7%, 46%
XYZ	15.6459, 16.7945, 19.2440
YIQ	113.4340, -4.2180, -0.6500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

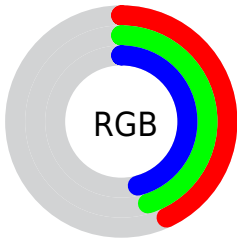
Format	Color
RYB	109, 112, 117
Decimal	7172981
CIELab	48.00, -1.84, -1.89
CIElCh	48, 2.638, 225.876
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3027, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285363061 (0xFF6D7375)
YUV	113.4340, 1.7580, -3.8886
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -3.5683, 0.8452

Details

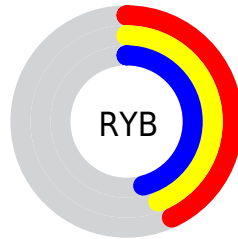
The CIELCh color **48, 2.638, 225.876** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **47, 2.737, 44.979**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 2.813, 222.440**, and **28, 2.496, 230.500** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 6.347, 226.374**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 1.241, 44.968**.

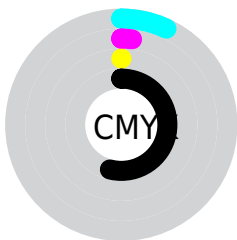
Distribution



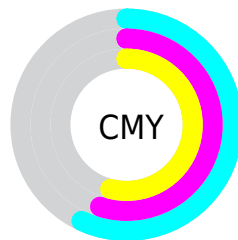
- Red (43%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 2.638, 225.876 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 2.638, 225.876 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 2.638, 225.876

■ 48, 2.638, 225.876

■ 100, 2.638,
225.876

■ 38, 2.638, 225.876

■ 68, 2.638, 225.876

■ 28, 2.638, 225.876

■ 78, 2.638, 225.876

■ 18, 2.638, 225.876

■ 88, 2.638, 225.876

■ 8, 2.638, 225.876

■ 98, 2.638, 225.876

■ 0, 2.638, 225.876

■ 48, 2.638, 225.876

■ 48, 2.638, 225.876

■ 46, 6.347, 226.374

■ 50, 1.241, 44.968

■ 45, 9.842, 227.150

■ 52, 5.251, 44.848

43, 13.077,
228.175

54, 9.361, 44.632

41, 16.002,
229.500

56, 13.543, 44.471

57, 17.775, 44.361

40, 18.573,
231.193

59, 22.038, 44.294

38, 20.756,
233.331

61, 26.318, 44.259

64, 30.603, 44.250

37, 22.540,
235.994

66, 34.883, 44.260

36, 23.944,
239.251

35, 25.085,
243.000

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 2.638, 225.876



47, 2.737, 44.979

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 2.638, 225.876



48, 2.638, 275.876



48, 2.638, 45.876



48, 2.638, 95.876

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 2.638, 225.847



63, 0.972, 225.921



48, 4.876, 151.340



32, 0.550, 225.951



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 2.638, 225.847



61, 3.834, 225.898



47, 3.563, 276.930



24, 2.166, 225.934



36, 26.326, 244.390



71, 45.284, 247.163

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 4.837, 332.706



60, 7.057, 332.799



48, 3.542, 95.288



23, 3.996, 332.854



27, 55.794, 340.766



56, 93.711, 341.659

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 2.638, 225.876 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 2.638, 225.876 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

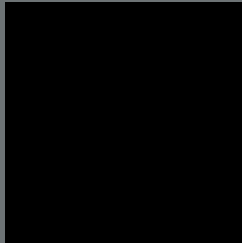
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

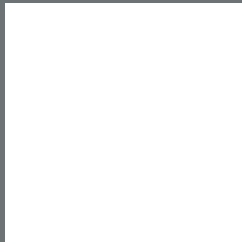
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 2.638, 225.876

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 2.638, 225.876.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 2.638, 225.876.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 2.638, 225.876

Protanopia

48, 1.959, 314.712

Deuteranopia

48, 7.096, 338.640



Tritanopia
48, 5.501, 274.457

Trichromacy



Original Color

48, 2.638, 225.876

Protanomaly

48, 1.244, 271.558

Deuteranomaly

48, 4.310, 324.666

Tritanomaly

48, 4.389, 269.808

Monochromacy



Original Color

48, 2.638, 225.876

Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

48, 0.806, 199.767

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 2.638, 225.876 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 115, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 115, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 115, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 115, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 2.638, 225.876 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 115, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 115, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 115, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 115, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 115, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 115,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 2.638, 225.876 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 115, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
115, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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