

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 22.130, 290.968)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 22.130, 290.968)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 22.427, 291.321)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D6F95
RGB	109, 111, 149
RGB Percent	43%, 44%, 58%
CMY	0.5725, 0.5646, 0.4156
CMYK	0.27, 0.26, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	237°, 16%, 51%
HSV	237°, 27%, 58%
XYZ	17.4204, 16.7945, 30.7636
YIQ	114.7340, -13.3900, 11.3940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

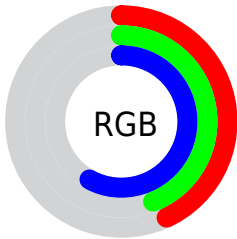
Format	Color
R_{YB}	109, 111, 149
Decimal	7171989
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, 8.15, -20.89
CIE _{LCh}	48, 22.427, 291.321
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2681, 0.2585
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285362069 (0xFF6D6F95)
YUV	114.7340, 16.8931, -5.0287
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 4.1608, -15.8211

Details

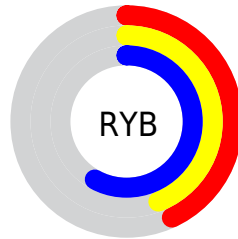
The CIELCh color $48, 22.427, 291.321$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $60, 21.210, 105.459$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 22.052, 290.624$, and $28, 22.684, 291.746$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43, 31.399, 292.907$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 13.804, 289.963$.

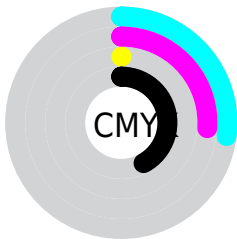
Distribution



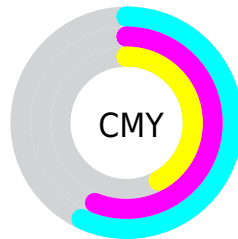
- Red (43%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)




- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 22.427, 291.321 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 22.427, 291.321 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 22.427,
291.321


 48, 22.427,
291.321


 100, 22.427,
291.321


 38, 22.427,
291.321

 68, 22.427,
291.321


 28, 22.427,
291.321

 78, 22.427,
291.321

 18, 22.427,
291.321

 88, 22.427,
291.321

 8, 22.427, 291.321

 98, 22.427,
291.321

 0, 22.427, 291.321

 48, 22.427,

 48, 22.427,

291.321

■ 43, 31.399,
292.907

■ 38, 40.738,
294.744

■ 33, 50.419,
296.826

■ 28, 60.312,
299.101

■ 24, 70.052,
301.428

■ 20, 78.859,
303.563

■ 18, 85.555,
305.175

■ 17, 87.153,
305.510

291.321

■ 53, 13.804,
289.963

■ 58, 5.509, 288.810

■ 63, 2.485, 107.780


■ 68, 10.199,
106.953

■ 73, 17.652,
106.226

■ 78, 24.862,
105.597

■ 83, 31.845,
105.051

■ 88, 38.613,
104.574

 93, 45.180,
104.156

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 22.427, 291.321



60, 21.210, 105.459

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 22.427, 291.321



48, 22.427, 341.321



48, 22.427, 111.321



48, 22.427, 161.321

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 22.426, 291.320



73, 7.996, 288.951



59, 14.576, 192.071



38, 5.680, 289.104



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 22.426, 291.320



58, 33.505, 292.212



49, 24.476, 308.081



29, 4.538, 289.064



15, 82.057, 305.434



0, 3.908, 288.104

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 17.007, 17.600



61, 25.597, 18.335



59, 23.477, 125.433



29, 3.346, 15.840



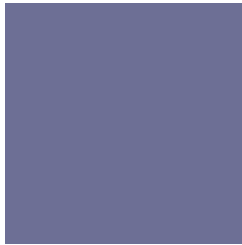
28, 63.511, 36.920



1, 2.838, 15.249

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 22.427, 291.321 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 22.427, 291.321 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

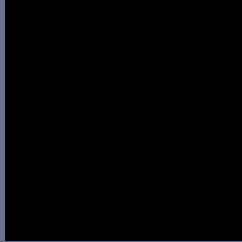
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 22.427, 291.321

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 22.427, 291.321.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 22.427, 291.321.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 22.427, 291.321

Protanopia

48, 22.506, 286.071

Deuteranopia

48, 21.867, 287.552



Tritanopia
48, 6.913, 249.387

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 22.427, 291.321

Protanomaly
48, 22.450, 287.789

Deuteranomaly
48, 21.845, 288.448

Tritanomaly
48, 12.080, 277.548

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 22.427, 291.321

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 7.663, 288.313

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 22.427, 291.321 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 111, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 111, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 111, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 111, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 22.427, 291.321 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 111, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 111, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 111, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 111, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 111, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 111,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 22.427, 291.321 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 111, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
111, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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