

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 23.400, 232.706)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 23.400, 232.706)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 23.430, 233.473)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	377A91
RGB	55, 122, 145
RGB Percent	22%, 48%, 57%
CMY	0.7840, 0.5213, 0.4311
CMYK	0.62, 0.16, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	195°, 45%, 39%
HSV	195°, 62%, 57%
XYZ	13.6621, 16.7945, 29.3347
YIQ	104.5890, -47.3150, -7.0510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

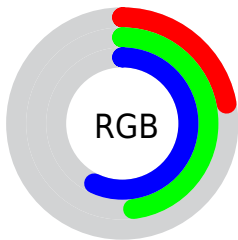
Format	Color
R_{YB}	55, 93, 145
Decimal	3635857
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, -13.95, -18.83
CIE _{LCh}	48, 23.430, 233.473
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2285, 0.2809
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281825937 (0xFF377A91)
YUV	104.5890, 19.9226, -43.4896
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -12.2093, -13.7537

Details

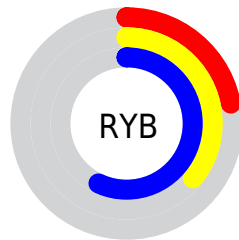
The CIELCh color **48, 23.430, 233.473** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **41, 36.618, 45.031**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 23.418, 234.482**, and **28, 21.282, 237.558** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 25.746, 236.060**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 20.637, 231.410**.

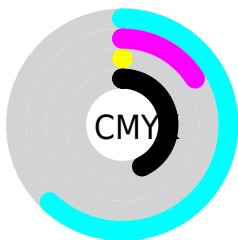
Distribution



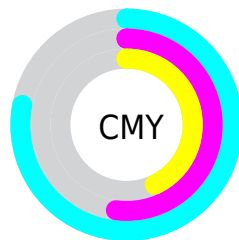
- Red (22%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)




- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 23.430, 233.473 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 23.430, 233.473 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 23.430,
233.473


 48, 23.430,
233.473


 100, 23.430,
233.473

 38, 23.430,
233.473

 68, 23.430,
233.473

 28, 23.430,
233.473

 78, 23.430,
233.473

 18, 23.430,
233.473

 88, 23.430,
233.473

 8, 23.430, 233.473

 98, 23.430,
233.473

 0, 23.430, 233.473

 48, 23.430,

 48, 23.430,

233.473

233.473

■ 46, 25.746,
236.060

■ 50, 20.637,
231.410

■ 45, 27.597,
239.253

■ 52, 17.392,
229.787

■ 43, 29.042,
243.101

■ 53, 13.743,
228.525

■ 42, 30.078,
246.402

■ 56, 9.747, 227.556

■ 58, 5.461, 226.838

■ 60, 0.944, 226.630

■ 62, 3.754, 45.652

■ 64, 8.591, 45.397

■ 67, 13.529, 45.185

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 23.430, 233.473



41, 36.618, 45.031

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 23.430, 233.473



48, 23.430, 283.473



48, 23.430, 53.473



48, 23.430, 103.473

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 23.429, 233.472



71, 10.491, 227.343



54, 50.502, 146.317



37, 7.147, 227.550



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 23.429, 233.472



59, 32.105, 237.108



34, 42.197, 288.634



29, 2.547, 226.680



40, 28.518, 246.068



1, 1.756, 226.110

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 49.877, 337.090



46, 69.302, 338.388



52, 39.371, 89.582



28, 4.691, 333.098



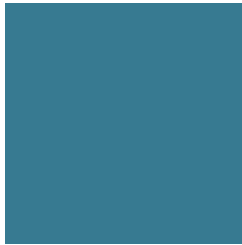
30, 59.589, 341.302



1, 3.147, 332.547

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 23.430, 233.473 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 23.430, 233.473 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

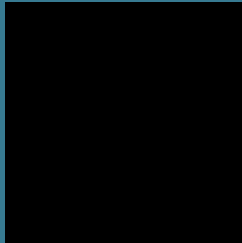
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 23.430, 233.473

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 23.430, 233.473.

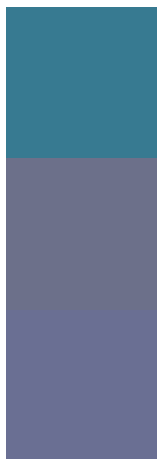


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 23.430, 233.473.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 23.430, 233.473

Protanopia

48, 15.389, 286.762

Deuteranopia

48, 21.293, 288.257



Tritanopia
48, 23.054, 212.188

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 23.430, 233.473

Protanomaly
48, 17.087, 259.161

Deuteranomaly
47, 20.174, 264.915

Tritanomaly
48, 22.786, 220.495

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 23.430, 233.473

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 10.242, 230.328

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 23.430, 233.473 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 122, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 122, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 122, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 122, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 23.430, 233.473 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 122, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 122, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 122, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 122, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 122, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 122,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 23.430, 233.473 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 122, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 122,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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