

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 24.573, 221.300)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 24.573, 221.300)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 24.683, 221.507)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B7C8D
RGB	43, 124, 141
RGB Percent	17%, 49%, 55%
CMY	0.8323, 0.5144, 0.4478
CMYK	0.70, 0.12, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	190°, 53%, 36%
HSV	190°, 70%, 55%
XYZ	12.9640, 16.7945, 27.6838
YIQ	101.7190, -53.7330, -11.8850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

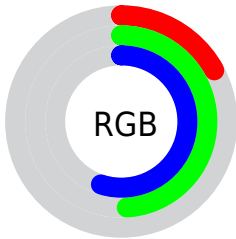
Format	Color
R_{YB}	43, 87, 141
Decimal	2849933
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, -18.48, -16.36
CIE _{LCh}	48, 24.683, 221.507
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2257, 0.2924
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281040013 (0xFF2B7C8D)
YUV	101.7190, 19.3655, -51.4966
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -15.2497, -11.3653

Details

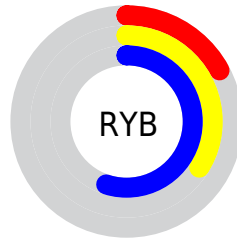
The CIELCh color **48, 24.683, 221.507** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **36, 42.977, 39.312**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 24.694, 221.637**, and **29, 20.515, 227.678** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 26.267, 223.478**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49, 22.522, 219.970**.

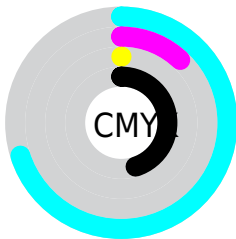
Distribution



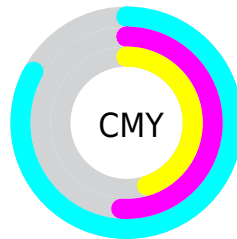
- Red (17%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 24.683, 221.507 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 24.683, 221.507 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 24.683,
221.507


 48, 24.683,
221.507


 100, 24.683,
221.507

 38, 24.683,
221.507

 68, 24.683,
221.507

 28, 24.683,
221.507

 78, 24.683,
221.507

 18, 24.683,
221.507

 88, 24.683,
221.507

 8, 24.683, 221.507

 98, 24.683,
221.507

 0, 24.683, 221.507

 48, 24.683,

 48, 24.683,

221.507

■ 47, 26.267,
223.478

■ 46, 27.299,
225.952

■ 45, 27.968,
228.816

■ 45, 27.994,
228.920

221.507

■ 49, 22.522,
219.970

■ 51, 19.804,
218.801

■ 52, 16.573,
217.934

■ 54, 12.891,
217.316

■ 55, 8.828, 216.900

■ 57, 4.452, 216.673

■ 59, 0.173, 33.979

■ 60, 4.991, 36.283

■ 62, 9.953, 36.342

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 24.683, 221.507



36, 42.977, 39.312

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 24.683, 221.507



48, 24.683, 271.507



48, 24.683, 41.507



48, 24.683, 91.507

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 24.682, 221.506



70, 11.661, 216.962



52, 57.705, 142.596



36, 7.805, 217.053



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 24.682, 221.506



60, 32.779, 224.944



33, 41.383, 285.458



29, 2.643, 216.668



43, 27.170, 228.780



1, 1.826, 216.446

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 55.973, 334.037



43, 76.099, 335.214



48, 40.716, 81.883



28, 4.974, 330.126



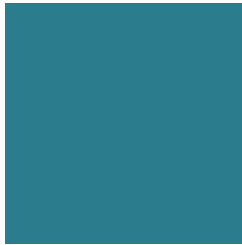
30, 63.201, 336.325



1, 3.339, 329.612

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 24.683, 221.507 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 24.683, 221.507 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

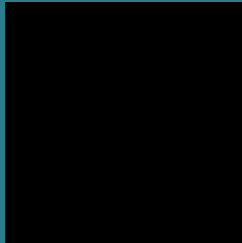
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 24.683, 221.507

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 24.683, 221.507.

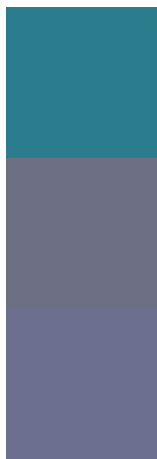


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 24.683, 221.507.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 24.683, 221.507

Protanopia

48, 12.433, 286.661

Deuteranopia

48, 19.493, 290.645



Tritanopia
48, 25.119, 210.736

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 24.683, 221.507

Protanomaly
47, 15.623, 248.220

Deuteranomaly
48, 18.643, 258.189

Tritanomaly
48, 24.993, 213.702

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 24.683, 221.507

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
44, 11.528, 216.504

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 24.683, 221.507 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 124, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 124, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 124, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 124, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 24.683, 221.507 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 124, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 124, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 124, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 124, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 124, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 124,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 24.683, 221.507 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 124, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 124,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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