

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 25.738, 142.569)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 25.738, 142.569)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 25.817, 142.518)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	577B57
RGB	87, 123, 87
RGB Percent	34%, 48%, 34%
CMY	0.6599, 0.5187, 0.6598
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.29, 0.52
HSL	120°, 17%, 41%
HSV	120°, 29%, 48%
XYZ	12.6638, 16.7945, 11.5352
YIQ	108.1320, -9.9000, -18.8280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

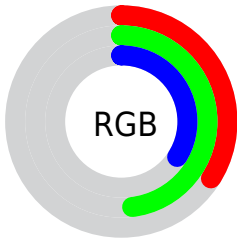
Format	Color
RYB	87, 123, 123
Decimal	5733207
CIELab	48.00, -20.49, 15.71
CIElCh	48, 25.817, 142.518
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3089, 0.4097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283923287 (0xFF577B57)
YUV	108.1320, -10.4181, -18.5328
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -16.5574, 11.9980

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 25.817, 142.518$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $42, 25.819, 325.966$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 25.988, 142.387$, and $28, 25.903, 142.049$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 34.446, 141.644$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 17.010, 143.282$.

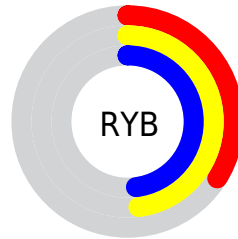
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (48%)

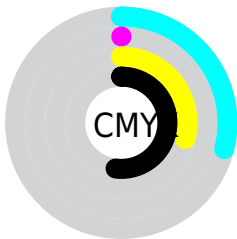
Blue (34%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (48%)

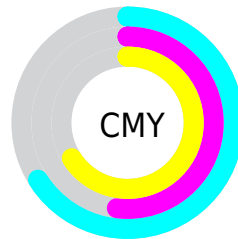


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (66%)


Magenta (52%)


Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 25.817, 142.518 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 25.817, 142.518 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 25.817,
142.518


 48, 25.817,
142.518


 100, 25.817,
142.518


 38, 25.817,
142.518

 68, 25.817,
142.518


 28, 25.817,
142.518


 78, 25.817,
142.518

 18, 25.817,
142.518

 88, 25.817,
142.518

 8, 25.817, 142.518

 98, 25.817,
142.518

 0, 25.817, 142.518

 48, 25.817,

 48, 25.817,

142.518

142.518

■ 47, 34.446,
141.644

■ 49, 17.010,
143.282

■ 46, 42.703,
140.662

■ 50, 8.170, 143.946

■ 46, 50.353,
139.597

■ 52, 0.591, 324.176

■ 53, 9.196, 324.936

■ 45, 57.109,
138.508

■ 55, 17.591,
325.348

■ 45, 62.652,
137.493

■ 56, 25.745,
325.695

■ 45, 66.666,
136.680

■ 58, 33.641,
325.990

■ 44, 69.510,
136.062

■ 60, 41.275,
326.242

■ 44, 69.705,
136.018

■ 62, 48.648,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 25.817, 142.518



42, 25.819, 325.966

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 25.817, 142.518



48, 25.817, 192.518



48, 25.817, 322.518



48, 25.817, 12.518

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 25.818, 142.518



65, 9.826, 143.952



51, 20.707, 107.466



34, 6.887, 143.875



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 25.818, 142.518



61, 38.305, 141.959



48, 17.811, 161.077



25, 4.922, 143.962



45, 70.610, 136.018



87, 118.866, 136.017

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 25.819, 325.966



52, 38.274, 326.293



41, 18.440, 346.229



24, 4.930, 324.899



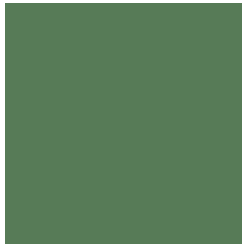
29, 68.122, 328.240



60, 114.673, 328.240

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 25.817, 142.518 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 25.817, 142.518 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

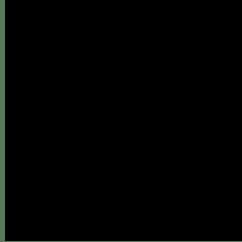
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 25.817, 142.518

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 25.817, 142.518.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 25.817, 142.518.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
48, 25.817, 142.518

Protanopia
48, 18.014, 94.821

Deuteranopia
48, 15.603, 65.356



Tritanopia
48, 10.178, 230.188

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 25.817, 142.518

Protanomaly
48, 19.517, 117.911

Deuteranomaly
48, 14.653, 104.742

Tritanomaly
48, 12.300, 175.463

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 25.817, 142.518

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 9.430, 143.810

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 25.817, 142.518 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 123, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 123, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 123, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 123, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 25.817, 142.518 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 123, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 123, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 123, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 123, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 123, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 123,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 25.817, 142.518 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 123, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 123,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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