

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 26.558, 158.460)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 26.558, 158.460)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 26.659, 158.577)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	477D61
RGB	71, 125, 97
RGB Percent	28%, 49%, 38%
CMY	0.7225, 0.5108, 0.6205
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.22, 0.51
HSL	149°, 28%, 38%
HSV	149°, 43%, 49%
XYZ	12.0305, 16.7945, 13.8600
YIQ	105.6620, -23.1960, -20.1560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

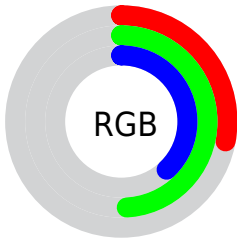
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 107, 125
Decimal	4685153
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, -24.82, 9.74
CIE _{LCh}	48, 26.659, 158.577
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2818, 0.3935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282875233 (0xFF477D61)
YUV	105.6620, -4.2704, -30.3986
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -19.3160, 8.6346

Details

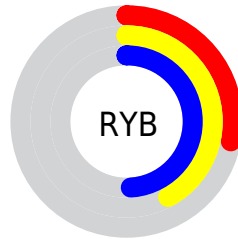
The CIELCh color $48, 26.659, 158.577$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $37, 27.851, 346.747$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 26.571, 158.934$, and $28, 26.747, 158.705$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 32.300, 157.296$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 20.721, 159.712$.

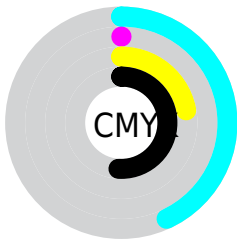
Distribution



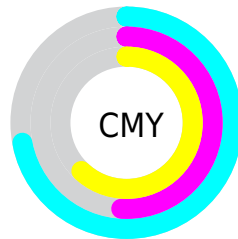
- Red (28%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (51%)




- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 26.659, 158.577 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 26.659, 158.577 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 26.659,
158.577


 48, 26.659,
158.577


 100, 26.659,
158.577


 38, 26.659,
158.577

 68, 26.659,
158.577


 28, 26.659,
158.577

 78, 26.659,
158.577

 18, 26.659,
158.577

 88, 26.659,
158.577

 8, 26.659, 158.577

 98, 26.659,
158.577

 0, 26.659, 158.577

 48, 26.659,

 48, 26.659,

158.577

■ 47, 32.300,
157.296

■ 47, 37.545,
155.849

■ 46, 42.309,
154.217

■ 46, 46.531,
152.389

■ 46, 50.198,
150.377

■ 46, 52.513,
149.076

158.577

■ 49, 20.721,
159.712

■ 50, 14.581,
160.726

■ 51, 8.332, 161.643

■ 52, 2.051, 162.561

■ 53, 4.199, 343.096

■ 54, 10.370,
343.813

■ 56, 16.425,
344.447

■ 57, 22.339,
345.031

■ 59, 28.098,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 26.659, 158.577



37, 27.851, 346.747

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 26.659, 158.577



48, 26.659, 208.577



48, 26.659, 338.577



48, 26.659, 28.577

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 26.660, 158.576



65, 10.161, 161.640



49, 32.699, 125.919



33, 7.074, 161.474



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 26.660, 158.576



61, 39.272, 157.297



49, 18.935, 194.192



25, 3.477, 162.013



46, 52.575, 149.072



88, 90.942, 147.764

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 27.851, 346.747



45, 41.211, 348.055



37, 24.966, 21.093



24, 3.516, 343.335



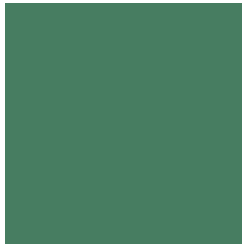
26, 50.325, 358.798



54, 84.237, 1.139

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 26.659, 158.577 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 26.659, 158.577 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 26.659, 158.577

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 26.659, 158.577.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 26.659, 158.577.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
48, 26.659, 158.577

Protanopia
48, 13.262, 95.035

Deuteranopia
48, 10.174, 51.374



Tritanopia
48, 15.247, 220.976

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 26.659, 158.577

Protanomaly
47, 15.463, 132.456

Deuteranomaly
47, 9.866, 126.237

Tritanomaly
48, 16.931, 189.522

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 26.659, 158.577

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 9.799, 160.925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 26.659, 158.577 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 125, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 125, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 125, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 125, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 26.659, 158.577 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 125, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 125, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 125, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 125, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 125, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 125,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 26.659, 158.577 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 125, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 125,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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