

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 26.948, 145.909)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 26.948, 145.909)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 27.197, 146.170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	527C58
RGB	82, 124, 88
RGB Percent	32%, 49%, 35%
CMY	0.6799, 0.5152, 0.6563
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.29, 0.52
HSL	129°, 20%, 40%
HSV	129°, 34%, 48%
XYZ	12.3532, 16.7945, 11.7443
YIQ	107.3380, -13.4760, -20.1000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

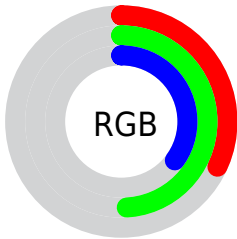
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 119, 124
Decimal	5405784
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, -22.59, 15.14
CIE _{LCh}	48, 27.197, 146.170
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3021, 0.4107
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283595864 (0xFF527C58)
YUV	107.3380, -9.5336, -22.2214
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -17.9105, 11.6954

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 27.197, 146.170$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $40, 27.246, 330.593$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 27.306, 145.987$, and $28, 27.480, 146.003$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 34.969, 145.184$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 19.222, 147.028$.

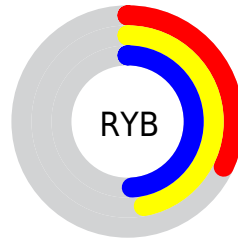
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (49%)

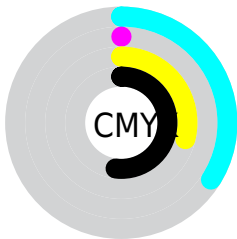
Blue (35%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (49%)

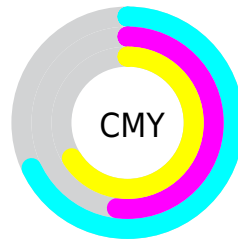


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (68%)


Magenta (52%)


Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 27.197, 146.170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 27.197, 146.170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 27.197,
146.170


 48, 27.197,
146.170


 100, 27.197,
146.170


 38, 27.197,
146.170

 68, 27.197,
146.170


 28, 27.197,
146.170

 78, 27.197,
146.170

 18, 27.197,
146.170

 88, 27.197,
146.170

 8, 27.197, 146.170

 98, 27.197,
146.170

 0, 27.197, 146.170

 48, 27.197,

 48, 27.197,

146.170

146.170

■ 47, 34.969,
145.184

■ 49, 19.222,
147.028

■ 46, 42.378,
144.061

■ 50, 11.171,
147.774

■ 46, 49.248,
142.805

■ 51, 3.149, 148.457

■ 45, 55.390,
141.439

■ 53, 4.764, 328.898

■ 45, 60.613,
140.017

■ 54, 12.514,
329.402

■ 45, 64.747,
138.639

■ 56, 20.063,
329.823

■ 45, 66.783,
138.007

■ 57, 27.389,
330.188

■ 59, 34.481,
330.509

■ 61, 41.337,
330.792

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 27.197, 146.170



40, 27.246, 330.593

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 27.197, 146.170



48, 27.197, 196.170



48, 27.197, 326.170



48, 27.197, 16.170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 27.198, 146.170



65, 9.891, 148.029



50, 24.190, 112.909



34, 6.805, 147.950



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 27.198, 146.170



61, 40.479, 145.390



48, 18.619, 168.268



25, 4.456, 148.108



45, 67.327, 137.991



87, 115.341, 137.259

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 27.246, 330.593



49, 40.476, 331.075



40, 20.052, 355.037



24, 4.467, 329.105



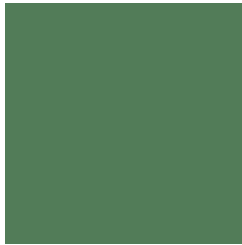
28, 61.135, 334.637



58, 102.323, 335.038

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 27.197, 146.170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 27.197, 146.170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

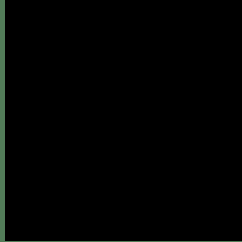
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 27.197, 146.170

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 27.197, 146.170.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 27.197, 146.170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 27.197, 146.170

Protanopia

48, 18.014, 94.821

Deuteranopia

48, 14.832, 65.184



Tritanopia
48, 11.872, 228.429

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 27.197, 146.170

Protanomaly
48, 19.147, 120.790

Deuteranomaly
47, 14.051, 108.247

Tritanomaly
48, 13.713, 180.302

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 27.197, 146.170

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 9.928, 147.522

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 27.197, 146.170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 124, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 124, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 124, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 124, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 27.197, 146.170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 124, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 124, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 124, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 124, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 124, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 124,  
88) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 27.197, 146.170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 124, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 124,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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