

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 29.993, 196.278)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 29.993, 196.278)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 29.893, 196.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	017F7F
RGB	1, 127, 127
RGB Percent	0%, 50%, 50%
CMY	0.9966, 0.5009, 0.5009
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	180°, 99%, 25%
HSV	180°, 99%, 50%
XYZ	11.4838, 16.7945, 22.8074
YIQ	89.3260, -75.0960, -26.7120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

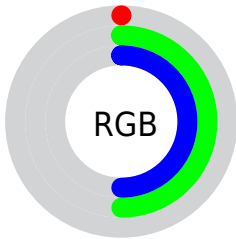
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 64, 127
Decimal	98175
CIE Lab	48.00, -28.68, -8.43
CIE LCh	48, 29.893, 196.386
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2248, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278288255 (0xFF017F7F)
YUV	89.3260, 18.5733, -77.4619
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -21.6972, -4.3103

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 29.893, 196.386** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **25, 60.712, 38.201**, and the grayscale version is **38, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 29.764, 197.052**, and **29, 20.894, 198.214** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 29.941, 196.380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48, 29.164, 196.455**.

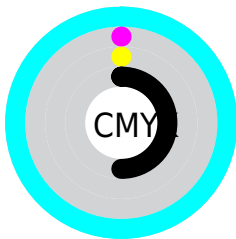
Distribution



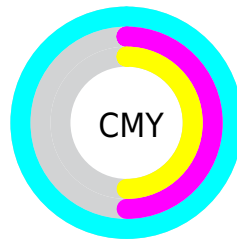
- Red (0%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 29.893, 196.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 29.893, 196.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 29.893,
196.386


 48, 29.893,
196.386

 100, 29.893,
196.386


 38, 29.893,
196.386

 68, 29.893,
196.386


 28, 29.893,
196.386

 78, 29.893,
196.386

 18, 29.893,
196.386

 88, 29.893,
196.386

 8, 29.893, 196.386

 98, 29.893,
196.386

 0, 29.893, 196.386

 48, 29.893,

 48, 29.893,

196.386

196.386

■ 48, 29.941,
196.380

■ 48, 29.164,
196.455

■ 48, 28.030,
196.565

■ 49, 26.308,
196.732

■ 49, 23.980,
196.960

■ 49, 21.064,
197.249

■ 50, 17.603,
197.599

■ 51, 13.659,
198.004

■ 51, 9.303, 198.466

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 29.893, 196.386



25, 60.712, 38.201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 29.893, 196.386



48, 29.893, 246.386



48, 29.893, 16.386



48, 29.893, 66.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 29.893, 196.385



65, 17.255, 197.945



46, 71.259, 135.951



34, 11.703, 197.797



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 29.893, 196.385



62, 36.302, 196.380



28, 40.201, 280.526



26, 2.793, 199.013



48, 29.979, 196.380



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 60.712, 38.201



34, 75.552, 39.821



34, 50.582, 60.606



25, 2.951, 19.871



25, 61.100, 38.345



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 29.893, 196.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 29.893, 196.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

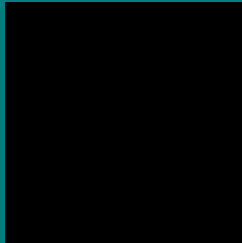
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 29.893, 196.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 29.893, 196.386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 29.893, 196.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 29.837, 196.392

Protanopia

48, 2.987, 298.267

Deuteranopia

48, 12.006, 300.899



Tritanopia
48, 27.239, 209.452

Trichromacy



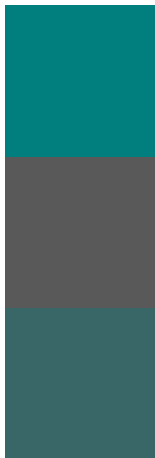
Original Color
48, 29.837, 196.392

Protanomaly
47, 15.977, 204.167

Deuteranomaly
47, 16.299, 226.475

Tritanomaly
48, 28.036, 205.230

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 29.837, 196.392

Achromatopsia
38, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 16.478, 197.445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 29.893, 196.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 127, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 127, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 127, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 127, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 29.893, 196.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 127, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 127, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 127, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 127, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 127, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 127,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 29.893, 196.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 127, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 127,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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