

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 3.479, 242.133)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(48, 3.479, 242.133) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(48, 3.589, 240.413)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C7377
RGB	108, 115, 119
RGB Percent	42%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.5763, 0.5488, 0.5332
CMYK	0.09, 0.03, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	202°, 5%, 45%
HSV	202°, 9%, 47%
XYZ	15.6570, 16.7945, 19.8823
YIQ	113.3630, -5.4560, -0.2400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

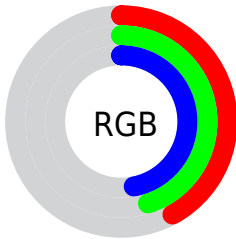
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	108, 112, 119
Decimal	7107447
CIE Lab	48.00, -1.77, -3.12
CIE LCh	48, 3.589, 240.413
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2992, 0.3209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285297527 (0xFF6C7377)
YUV	113.3630, 2.7790, -4.7034
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -3.5201, -0.0782

# Details

The CIELCh color  $48, 3.589, 240.413$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $48, 3.733, 58.553$ , and the grayscale version is  $48, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $68, 3.658, 236.411$ , and  $28, 3.594, 245.391$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $46, 7.348, 241.492$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $50, 0.295, 58.275$ .

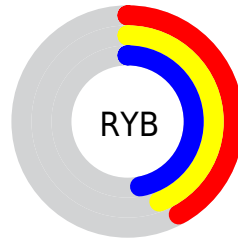
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (45%)

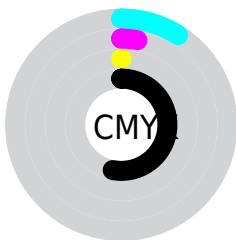
Blue (47%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (47%)

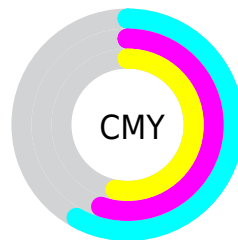


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 3.589, 240.413 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 3.589, 240.413 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 48, 3.589, 240.413

■ 48, 3.589, 240.413

■ 100, 3.589,  
240.413

■ 38, 3.589, 240.413

■ 68, 3.589, 240.413

■ 28, 3.589, 240.413

■ 78, 3.589, 240.413

■ 18, 3.589, 240.413

■ 88, 3.589, 240.413

■ 8, 3.589, 240.413

■ 98, 3.589, 240.413

■ 0, 3.589, 240.413

■ 48, 3.589, 240.413

■ 48, 3.589, 240.413

■ 46, 7.348, 241.492

■ 50, 0.295, 58.275

■ 44, 10.950,  
242.875

■ 52, 4.275, 58.510

42, 14.362,  
244.578

55, 8.326, 57.901

40, 17.554,  
246.663

57, 12.427, 57.376

38, 20.504,  
249.201

59, 16.561, 56.929

36, 23.204,  
252.261

64, 24.870, 56.226

34, 25.673,  
255.894

66, 29.024, 55.947

32, 27.963,  
260.102

69, 33.168, 55.705

31, 30.232,  
264.506

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 3.589, 240.413



48, 3.733, 58.553

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 3.589, 240.413



48, 3.589, 290.413



48, 3.589, 60.413



48, 3.589, 110.413

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 3.589, 240.392



63, 1.466, 239.967



49, 6.144, 155.775



33, 1.118, 239.983



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 3.589, 240.392



61, 5.301, 240.592



46, 5.576, 284.272



23, 2.160, 240.371



31, 31.083, 264.983



63, 54.697, 268.033





# Inverse Universe

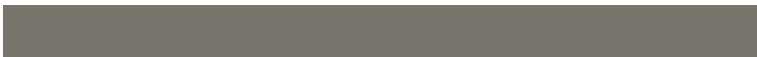
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 6.124, 337.571



59, 9.090, 337.725



49, 5.499, 102.278



23, 3.684, 337.554



26, 52.021, 348.804



55, 87.293, 350.386



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 3.589, 240.413 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 3.589, 240.413 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

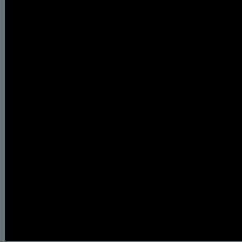
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

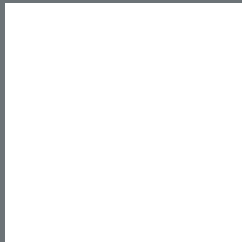
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 48, 3.589, 240.413**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 3.589, 240.413.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 3.589, 240.413.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


48, 3.589, 240.413

### Protanopia

48, 3.071, 305.680

### Deuteranopia

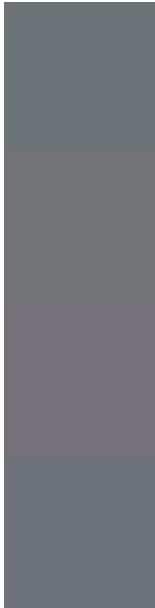
48, 7.656, 329.932



**Tritanopia**  
48, 5.615, 270.659



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

48, 3.589, 240.413

## Protanomaly

48, 2.479, 271.800

## Deuteranomaly

48, 5.153, 313.553

## Tritanomaly

48, 5.069, 268.205

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

48, 3.589, 240.413

## Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

48, 1.333, 225.835

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 3.589, 240.413 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 115, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 115, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 115, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 115, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 3.589, 240.413 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 115, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 115, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 115, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 115, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 115, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 115,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 3.589, 240.413 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 115, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
115, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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