

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 33.777, 36.009)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 33.777, 36.009) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 33.509, 36.169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A55F52
RGB	165, 95, 82
RGB Percent	65%, 37%, 32%
CMY	0.3529, 0.6274, 0.6784
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.50, 0.35
HSL	9°, 34%, 48%
HSV	9°, 50%, 65%
XYZ	21.1341, 16.7945, 10.1113
YIQ	114.4480, 45.8930, 10.7970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

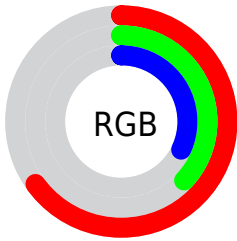
Format	Color
R_{YB}	165, 97, 82
Decimal	10837842
CIE Lab	48.00, 27.05, 19.78
CIE LCh	48, 33.509, 36.169
Yxy	16.7945, 0.4399, 0.3496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289027922 (0xFFA55F52)
YUV	114.4480, -15.9969, 44.3341
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 20.3362, 14.0580

Details

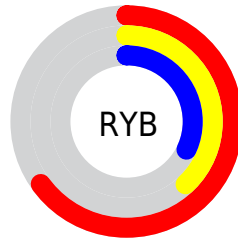
The CIELCh color **48, 33.509, 36.169** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **59, 22.886, 216.561**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 33.862, 36.131**, and **28, 33.683, 36.238** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 41.651, 37.162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 25.814, 35.460**.

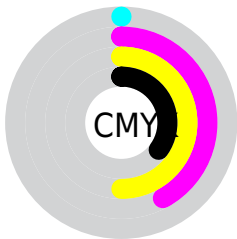
Distribution



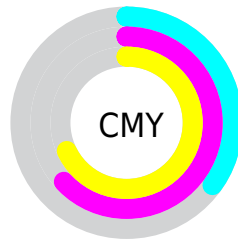
- Red (65%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 33.509, 36.169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 33.509, 36.169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 33.509, 36.169

■ 48, 33.509, 36.169

■ 100, 33.509,
36.169

■ 38, 33.509, 36.169

■ 68, 33.509, 36.169

■ 28, 33.509, 36.169

■ 78, 33.509, 36.169

■ 18, 33.509, 36.169

■ 88, 33.509, 36.169

■ 8, 33.509, 36.169

■ 98, 33.509, 36.169

■ 0, 33.509, 36.169

■ 48, 33.509, 36.169

■ 48, 33.509, 36.169

■ 45, 41.651, 37.162

■ 52, 25.814, 35.460

■ 42, 50.097, 38.436

■ 55, 18.634, 34.982

39, 58.537, 39.911

59, 11.980, 34.688

37, 66.300, 41.268

63, 5.835, 34.516

35, 72.618, 42.447

68, 0.163, 31.652

72, 5.079, 214.745

76, 9.936, 214.832

80, 14.452,
214.995

85, 18.669,
215.199

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 33.509, 36.169



59, 22.886, 216.561

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 33.509, 36.169



48, 33.509, 86.169



48, 33.509, 216.169



48, 33.509, 266.169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 33.507, 36.173



78, 10.722, 34.592



47, 49.736, 331.907



40, 7.362, 34.627



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 33.507, 36.173



57, 51.387, 37.253



58, 33.191, 83.177



32, 3.162, 34.500



31, 65.590, 42.328



2, 4.807, 32.970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 22.886, 216.561



73, 31.701, 217.725



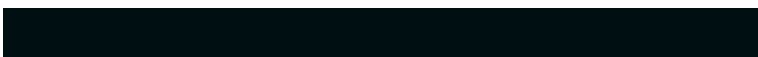
47, 32.655, 278.867



34, 2.984, 214.746



47, 28.656, 225.467



3, 4.637, 219.236

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 33.509, 36.169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 33.509, 36.169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

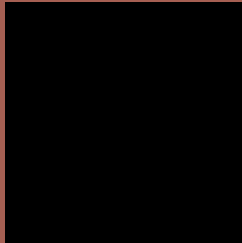
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 33.509, 36.169

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 33.509, 36.169.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 33.509, 36.169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48, 33.509, 36.169

Protanopia

48, 13.917, 93.729

Deuteranopia

48, 21.751, 73.012



Tritanopia
48, 31.921, 17.751

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 33.509, 36.169

Protanomaly
48, 18.091, 58.217

Deuteranomaly
48, 24.792, 55.183

Tritanomaly
48, 32.110, 24.752

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 33.509, 36.169

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 11.618, 35.208

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 33.509, 36.169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 95, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 95, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 95, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 95, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 33.509, 36.169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 95, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 95, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 95, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 95, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 95, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 95,  
82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 33.509, 36.169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 95, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165, 95,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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