

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 34.309, 250.176)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 34.309, 250.176)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 34.381, 250.694)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	017AA8
RGB	1, 122, 168
RGB Percent	0%, 48%, 66%
CMY	0.9974, 0.5210, 0.3405
CMYK	1.00, 0.27, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	196°, 99%, 33%
HSV	196°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	14.0696, 16.7945, 39.6265
YIQ	91.0650, -86.8820, -11.3460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

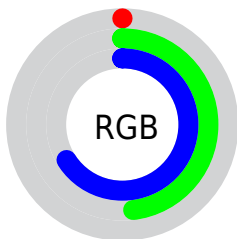
Format	Color
RYB	1, 71, 168
Decimal	96936
CIELab	48.00, -11.37, -32.45
CIELCh	48, 34.381, 250.694
Yxy	16.7945, 0.1996, 0.2383
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278287016 (0xFF017AA8)
YUV	91.0650, 37.9290, -78.9870
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -10.4342, -28.6436

Details

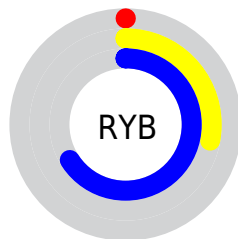
The CIELCh color **48, 34.381, 250.694** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **38, 69.696, 46.471**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 34.232, 250.931**, and **29, 30.192, 265.778** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 34.446, 250.865**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 32.739, 246.190**.

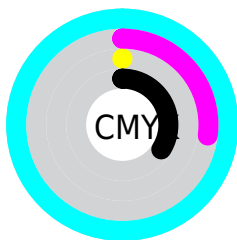
Distribution



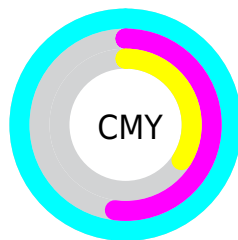
- Red (0%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 34.381, 250.694 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 34.381, 250.694 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 34.381,
250.694

 48, 34.381,
250.694

 100, 34.381,
250.694

 38, 34.381,
250.694

 68, 34.381,
250.694

 28, 34.381,
250.694

 78, 34.381,
250.694

 18, 34.381,
250.694

 88, 34.381,
250.694

 8, 34.381, 250.694

 98, 34.381,
250.694

 0, 34.381, 250.694

 48, 34.381,

 48, 34.381,

250.694

■ 48, 34.446,
250.865

250.694

■ 50, 32.739,
246.190

■ 51, 30.860,
242.181

■ 53, 28.550,
238.846

■ 55, 25.742,
236.137

■ 57, 22.426,
233.971

■ 59, 18.629,
232.261

■ 62, 14.405,
230.924

■ 64, 9.817, 229.890

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 34.381, 250.694



38, 69.696, 46.471

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 34.381, 250.694



48, 34.381, 300.694



48, 34.381, 70.694



48, 34.381, 120.694

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 34.380, 250.695



78, 18.059, 231.035



60, 78.968, 140.382



40, 12.141, 231.546



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 34.380, 250.695



62, 42.272, 251.850



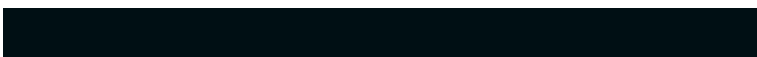
25, 81.613, 300.963



34, 2.905, 229.103



42, 31.227, 250.298



4, 5.389, 237.419

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 68.764, 342.862



49, 83.576, 343.275



56, 61.667, 85.132



33, 5.306, 333.856



33, 62.726, 342.724



2, 9.124, 336.252

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 34.381, 250.694 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 34.381, 250.694 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

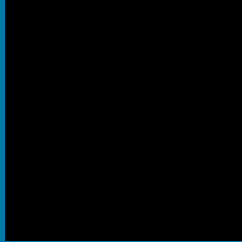
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 34.381, 250.694

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 34.381, 250.694.

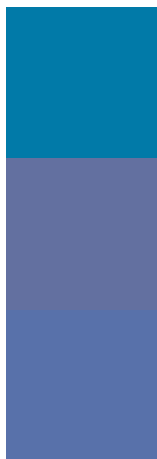


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 34.381, 250.694.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 34.354, 250.754

Protanopia

48, 28.458, 285.281

Deuteranopia

48, 34.053, 281.708



Tritanopia
48, 28.691, 208.673

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 34.354, 250.754

Protanomaly
47, 30.680, 264.603

Deuteranomaly
47, 34.131, 266.441

Tritanomaly
48, 29.041, 225.250

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 34.354, 250.754

Achromatopsia
39, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 17.468, 234.594

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 34.381, 250.694 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 122, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 122, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 122, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 122, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 34.381, 250.694 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 122, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 122, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 122, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 122, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 122, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 122,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 34.381, 250.694 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 122, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 122,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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