

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 4.119, 289.551)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 4.119, 289.551) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 4.134, 290.743)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	717178
RGB	113, 113, 120
RGB Percent	44%, 44%, 47%
CMY	0.5554, 0.5554, 0.5279
CMYK	0.06, 0.06, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	240°, 3%, 46%
HSV	240°, 6%, 47%
XYZ	16.2181, 16.7945, 20.2765
YIQ	113.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

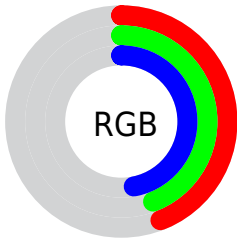
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 113, 120
Decimal	7434616
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, 1.46, -3.87
CIE _{LCh}	48, 4.134, 290.743
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3043, 0.3152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285624696 (0xFF717178)
YUV	113.7980, 3.0576, -0.6998
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -1.0759, -0.6486

Details

The CIELCh color $48, 4.134, 290.743$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 4.072, 109.627$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 3.862, 290.587$, and $28, 4.543, 291.071$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $44, 11.444, 291.804$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 2.904, 109.786$.

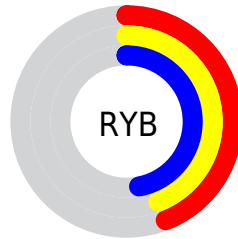
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (44%)

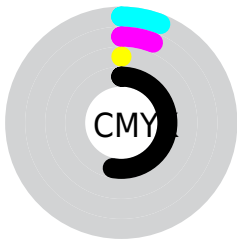
Blue (47%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (47%)

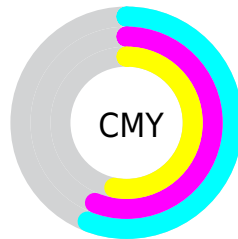


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 4.134, 290.743 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 4.134, 290.743 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 4.134, 290.743

■ 48, 4.134, 290.743

■ 100, 4.134,
290.743

■ 38, 4.134, 290.743

■ 68, 4.134, 290.743

■ 28, 4.134, 290.743

■ 78, 4.134, 290.743

■ 18, 4.134, 290.743

■ 88, 4.134, 290.743

■ 8, 4.134, 290.743

■ 98, 4.134, 290.743

■ 0, 4.134, 290.743

■ 48, 4.134, 290.743

■ 48, 4.134, 290.743

■ 44, 11.444,
291.804

■ 52, 2.904, 109.786

■ 39, 19.052,

■ 57, 9.686, 109.009

293.066

61, 16.232,
108.335

35, 26.975,
294.539

65, 22.557,
107.753

30, 35.222,
296.239

70, 28.676,
107.249

26, 43.758,
298.159

74, 34.602,
106.811

22, 52.449,
300.243

78, 40.347,
106.429

18, 60.933,
302.349

82, 45.922,
106.094

15, 68.468,
304.234

86, 51.337,
105.799

13, 74.286,
305.672

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 4.134, 290.743



50, 4.072, 109.627

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 4.134, 290.743



48, 4.134, 340.743



48, 4.134, 110.743



48, 4.134, 160.743

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 4.133, 290.733



63, 1.745, 290.388



50, 2.775, 197.824



33, 1.000, 290.377



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 4.133, 290.733



60, 6.147, 290.867



48, 4.363, 308.714



24, 3.253, 290.876



12, 78.877, 306.283



32, 132.791, 306.285

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 2.870, 19.594



61, 4.281, 19.703



50, 4.319, 128.257



24, 2.265, 19.711



25, 60.069, 38.165



53, 103.772, 39.994

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 4.134, 290.743 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 4.134, 290.743 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

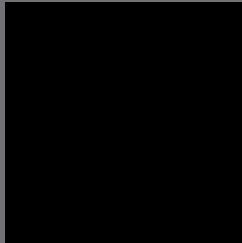
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

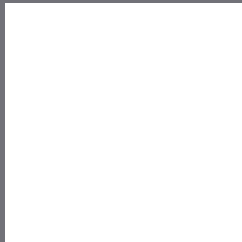
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 4.134, 290.743

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 4.134, 290.743.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 4.134, 290.743.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 4.134, 290.743

Protanopia

48, 4.158, 296.210

Deuteranopia

48, 7.396, 327.466



Tritanopia
48, 5.333, 295.127

Trichromacy



Original Color

48, 4.134, 290.743

Protanomaly

48, 4.158, 296.210

Deuteranomaly

48, 6.030, 318.427

Tritanomaly

48, 4.746, 295.592

Monochromacy



Original Color

48, 4.134, 290.743

Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

48, 1.184, 290.372

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 4.134, 290.743 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 113, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 113, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 113, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 113, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 4.134, 290.743 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 113, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 113, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 113, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 113, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 113, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 113,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 4.134, 290.743 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 113, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
113, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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