

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 4.965, 285.782)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 4.965, 285.782) contains.

CIELCh(48, 4.768, 281.350)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(48, 4.768, 281.350)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70727A
RGB	112, 114, 122
RGB Percent	44%, 45%, 48%
CMY	0.5619, 0.5540, 0.5227
CMYK	0.08, 0.07, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	228°, 4%, 46%
HSV	228°, 8%, 48%
XYZ	16.1261, 16.7945, 20.7103
YIQ	114.3140, -3.7600, 2.0640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

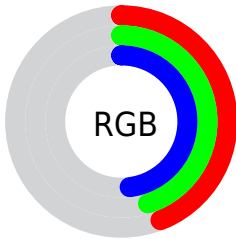
Format	Color
R_YB	112, 114, 122
Decimal	7369338
CIE Lab	48.00, 0.94, -4.67
CIE LCh	48, 4.768, 281.350
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3007, 0.3131
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285559418 (0xFF70727A)
YUV	114.3140, 3.7892, -2.0294
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -1.4769, -1.2762

Details

The CIELCh color `48, 4.768, 281.350` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `50, 4.718, 99.483`, and the grayscale version is `48, 0.006, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `68, 4.458, 281.092`, and `28, 4.596, 280.409` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `44, 10.712, 282.617`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `52, 1.016, 100.094`.

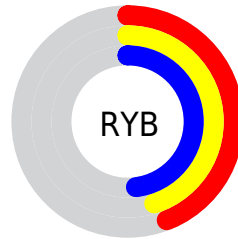
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (45%)

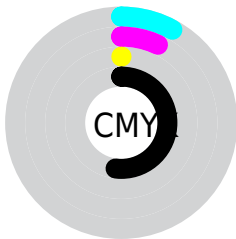
Blue (48%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (48%)

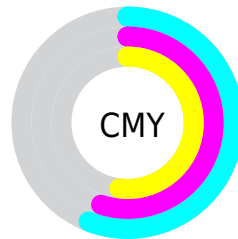


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 4.768, 281.350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 4.768, 281.350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48, 4.768, 281.350

■ 48, 4.768, 281.350

■ 100, 4.768,
281.350

■ 38, 4.768, 281.350

■ 68, 4.768, 281.350

■ 28, 4.768, 281.350

■ 78, 4.768, 281.350

■ 18, 4.768, 281.350

■ 88, 4.768, 281.350

■ 8, 4.768, 281.350

■ 98, 4.768, 281.350

■ 0, 4.768, 281.350

■ 48, 4.768, 281.350

■ 48, 4.768, 281.350

■ 44, 10.712,
282.617

■ 52, 1.016, 100.094

■ 40, 16.831,

■ 56, 6.646, 99.219

284.112

59, 12.132, 98.384

37, 23.140,
285.850

63, 17.479, 97.648

33, 29.657,
287.861

67, 22.694, 96.999

29, 36.397,
290.162

70, 27.781, 96.423

26, 43.359,
292.741

74, 32.747, 95.909

22, 50.489,
295.537

78, 37.595, 95.448

19, 57.614,
298.412

81, 42.331, 95.033

16, 64.398,
301.050

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 4.768, 281.350



50, 4.718, 99.483

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 4.768, 281.350



48, 4.768, 331.350



48, 4.768, 101.350



48, 4.768, 151.350

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 4.767, 281.339



64, 1.432, 280.703



50, 4.173, 181.368



33, 0.810, 280.694



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 4.767, 281.339



60, 7.209, 281.582



48, 6.030, 301.644



24, 3.288, 281.441



16, 66.963, 301.524



37, 118.019, 302.919

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 4.272, 3.879



61, 6.477, 4.089



51, 5.932, 120.721



24, 2.950, 3.968



25, 53.871, 27.410



53, 93.155, 30.573

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 4.768, 281.350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

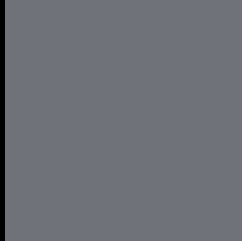
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 4.768, 281.350 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

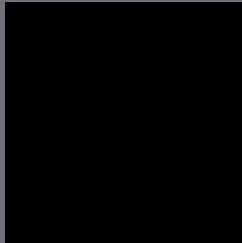
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

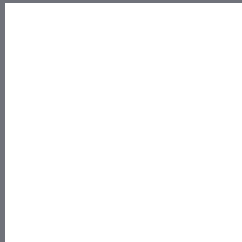
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 4.768, 281.350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 4.768, 281.350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 4.768, 281.350.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 4.768, 281.350

Protanopia

48, 4.746, 295.592

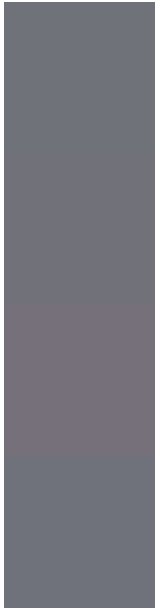
Deuteranopia

48, 7.654, 322.370



Tritanopia
48, 5.349, 282.493

Trichromacy



Original Color

48, 4.768, 281.350

Protanomaly

48, 4.724, 290.820

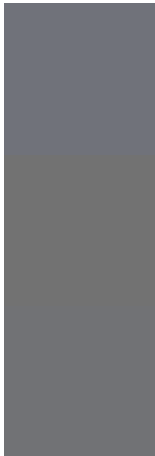
Deuteranomaly

48, 6.394, 312.793

Tritanomaly

48, 5.349, 282.493

Monochromacy



Original Color

48, 4.768, 281.350

Achromatopsia

48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

48, 1.811, 277.685

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 4.768, 281.350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 114, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 114, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 114, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 114, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 4.768, 281.350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 114, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 114, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 114, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 114, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 114, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 114,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 4.768, 281.350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 114, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
114, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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