

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 40.664, 315.027)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(48, 40.664, 315.027)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(48, 40.732, 314.722)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8A62A3
RGB	138, 98, 163
RGB Percent	54%, 38%, 64%
CMY	0.4587, 0.6155, 0.3606
CMYK	0.15, 0.40, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	277°, 26%, 51%
HSV	277°, 40%, 64%
XYZ	21.4730, 16.7945, 36.7785
YIQ	117.3700, 2.9750, 28.6950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

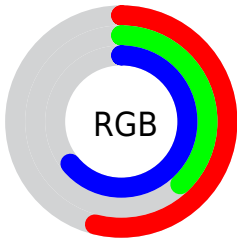
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	138, 98, 163
Decimal	9069219
CIE Lab	48.00, 28.66, -28.94
CIE LCh	48, 40.732, 314.722
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2861, 0.2238
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287259299 (0xFF8A62A3)
YUV	117.3700, 22.4956, 18.0925
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 21.8125, -24.5231

# Details

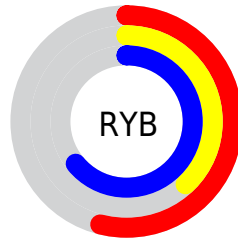
The CIELCh color  $48, 40.732, 314.722$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $63, 39.122, 131.161$ , and the grayscale version is  $49, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $68, 40.846, 314.637$ , and  $28, 40.950, 314.982$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $44, 51.003, 315.138$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53, 30.330, 314.276$ .

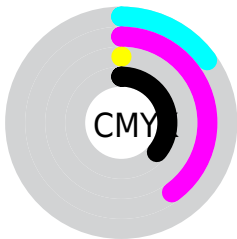
# Distribution



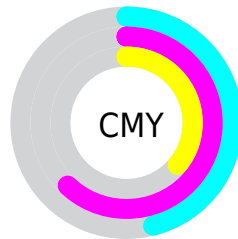
- Red (54%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 40.732, 314.722 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 40.732, 314.722 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 48, 40.732,  
314.722

 48, 40.732,  
314.722

 100, 40.732,  
314.722

 38, 40.732,  
314.722

 68, 40.732,  
314.722

 28, 40.732,  
314.722

 78, 40.732,  
314.722

 18, 40.732,  
314.722

 88, 40.732,  
314.722

 8, 40.732, 314.722

 98, 40.732,  
314.722

 0, 40.732, 314.722

 48, 40.732,

 48, 40.732,

314.722

44, 51.003,  
315.138

39, 60.857,  
315.483

36, 69.869,  
315.701

32, 77.497,  
315.719

30, 83.168,  
315.454

28, 87.014,  
314.943

28, 87.065,  
314.937

314.722

53, 30.330,  
314.276

57, 19.987,  
313.825

62, 9.816, 313.385

67, 0.122, 134.085

72, 9.794, 132.627

77, 19.189,  
132.276

82, 28.305,  
131.964

87, 37.151,  
131.685

91, 45.735,



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 40.732, 314.722



63, 39.122, 131.161

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 40.732, 314.722



48, 40.732, 4.722



48, 40.732, 134.722



48, 40.732, 184.722

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 40.731, 314.722



78, 14.803, 313.488



51, 23.858, 272.144



40, 9.911, 313.541



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 40.731, 314.722



57, 60.722, 315.100



51, 41.069, 329.552



32, 5.627, 313.359



24, 79.974, 315.040



1, 8.551, 311.090



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 29.853, 354.791



59, 44.365, 356.245



61, 41.110, 144.215



32, 4.104, 351.147



30, 55.827, 12.042

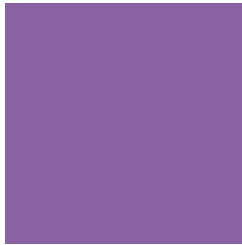


1, 6.158, 352.691



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 40.732, 314.722 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 40.732, 314.722 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

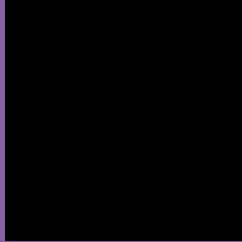
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 48, 40.732, 314.722

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 40.732, 314.722.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 40.732, 314.722.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

48, 40.732, 314.722

### Protanopia

48, 37.289, 285.689

### Deuteranopia

48, 27.924, 283.687





**Tritanopia**  
48, 10.562, 354.362

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
48, 40.732, 314.722

**Protanomaly**  
48, 37.793, 295.946

**Deuteranomaly**  
48, 31.382, 297.262

**Tritanomaly**  
48, 20.733, 326.535

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
48, 40.732, 314.722

**Achromatopsia**  
49, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
49, 15.345, 314.040

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 40.732, 314.722 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 98, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 98, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 98, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 98, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 40.732, 314.722 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 98, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 98, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 98, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 98, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 98, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 98,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 40.732, 314.722 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 98, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 98,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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