

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 40.856, 127.051)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 40.856, 127.051)
contains.

CIELCh(48, 41.212, 127.183)	3
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Color

CIELCh(48, 41.212, 127.183)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	597C38
RGB	89, 124, 56
RGB Percent	35%, 49%, 22%
CMY	0.6514, 0.5141, 0.7807
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.55, 0.51
HSL	91°, 38%, 35%
HSV	91°, 55%, 49%
XYZ	12.0176, 16.7945, 6.3381
YIQ	105.7830, 0.9680, -28.5680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

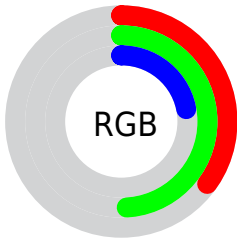
Format	Color
RYB	56, 124, 91
Decimal	5864504
CIELab	48.00, -24.91, 32.83
CIELCh	48, 41.212, 127.183
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3419, 0.4778
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284054584 (0xFF597C38)
YUV	105.7830, -24.5430, -14.7187
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, -19.3723, 19.5170

Details

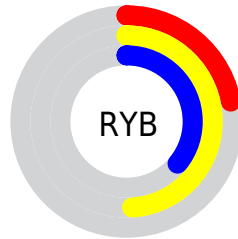
The CIELCh color $48, 41.212, 127.183$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336633 . A complement of this color would be $31, 44.431, 312.187$, and the grayscale version is $45, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 41.305, 127.185$, and $28, 41.394, 126.997$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 47.840, 126.902$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $49, 34.096, 127.581$.

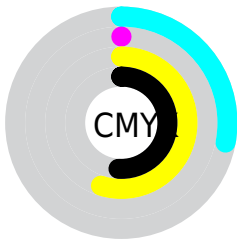
Distribution



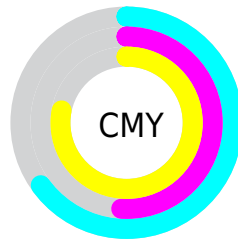
- Red (35%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (78%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 41.212, 127.183 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 41.212, 127.183 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 41.212,
127.183


 48, 41.212,
127.183


 100, 41.212,
127.183


 38, 41.212,
127.183

 68, 41.212,
127.183


 28, 41.212,
127.183

 78, 41.212,
127.183

 18, 41.212,
127.183

 88, 41.212,
127.183

 8, 41.212, 127.183

 98, 41.212,
127.183

 0, 41.212, 127.183

 48, 41.212,

 48, 41.212,

127.183

■ 47, 47.840,
126.902

■ 47, 53.726,
126.822

■ 47, 58.569,
127.055

■ 46, 62.168,
127.673

■ 46, 63.875,
127.962

127.183

■ 49, 34.096,
127.581

■ 49, 26.677,
128.033

■ 50, 19.085,
128.499

■ 51, 11.415,
128.958

■ 52, 3.730, 129.406

■ 52, 3.921, 309.763

■ 53, 11.506,
310.146

■ 54, 19.001,
310.483

■ 55, 26.387,
310.785

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 41.212, 127.183



31, 44.431, 312.187

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 41.212, 127.183



48, 41.212, 177.183



48, 41.212, 307.183



48, 41.212, 357.183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 41.213, 127.184



64, 15.187, 128.890



41, 26.810, 68.824



34, 10.334, 128.814



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 41.213, 127.184



61, 59.809, 126.856



46, 47.410, 140.068



25, 4.274, 129.218



46, 64.271, 127.976



89, 109.119, 128.837

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 44.431, 312.187



35, 65.695, 312.695



35, 47.099, 327.149



24, 4.327, 309.952



18, 73.082, 312.617



41, 123.693, 312.021

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 41.212, 127.183 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 41.212, 127.183 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 41.212, 127.183

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 41.212, 127.183.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 41.212, 127.183.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

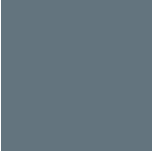
Dichromacy



Original Color
48, 41.212, 127.183

Protanopia
48, 35.175, 96.064

Deuteranopia
48, 31.922, 78.649



Tritanopia
48, 8.559, 242.685

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 41.212, 127.183

Protanomaly
48, 36.137, 108.990

Deuteranomaly
48, 31.685, 99.871

Tritanomaly
48, 14.492, 150.960

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 41.212, 127.183

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 15.763, 128.821

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 41.212, 127.183 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 124, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 124, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 124, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 124, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 41.212, 127.183 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 124, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 124, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 124, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 124, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 124, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 124,  
56) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 41.212, 127.183 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 124, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 124,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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