

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 41.514, 300.614)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 41.514, 300.614)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 41.574, 300.639)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7468AE
RGB	116, 104, 174
RGB Percent	45%, 41%, 68%
CMY	0.5435, 0.5906, 0.3159
CMYK	0.33, 0.40, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	250°, 30%, 55%
HSV	250°, 40%, 68%
XYZ	19.9303, 16.7945, 42.4574
YIQ	115.5680, -15.3180, 24.3140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

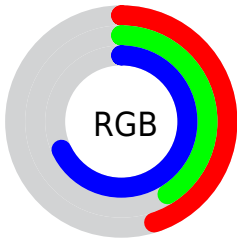
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 104, 174
Decimal	7628974
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, 21.19, -35.77
CIE _{LCh}	48, 41.574, 300.639
Yxy	16.7945, 0.2517, 0.2121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285819054 (0xFF7468AE)
YUV	115.5680, 28.8070, 0.3789
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 15.0931, -32.7393

Details

The CIELCh color `48, 41.574, 300.639` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `69, 37.785, 114.069`, and the grayscale version is `49, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `68, 41.792, 300.770`, and `28, 41.386, 300.362` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `42, 52.846, 301.894`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `54, 30.633, 299.511`.

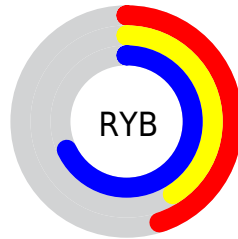
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (41%)

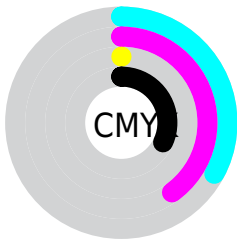
Blue (68%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (68%)

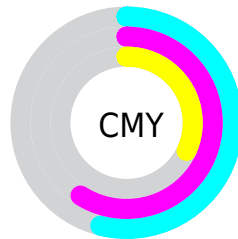


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (54%)


Magenta (59%)

Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 41.574, 300.639 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 41.574, 300.639 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 41.574,
300.639


 48, 41.574,
300.639

 100, 41.574,
300.639


 38, 41.574,
300.639

 68, 41.574,
300.639


 28, 41.574,
300.639

 78, 41.574,
300.639

 18, 41.574,
300.639

 88, 41.574,
300.639

 8, 41.574, 300.639

 98, 41.574,
300.639

 0, 41.574, 300.639

 48, 41.574,

 48, 41.574,

300.639

300.639

■ 42, 52.846,
301.894

■ 54, 30.633,
299.511

■ 37, 64.288,
303.240

■ 60, 20.083,
298.519

■ 32, 75.522,
304.591

■ 65, 9.927, 297.656

■ 27, 85.805,
305.794

■ 71, 0.155, 296.906

■ 77, 9.257, 116.269

■ 24, 93.964,
306.624

■ 83, 18.329,
115.716

■ 21, 99.435,
307.061

■ 88, 27.085,
115.242

■ 94, 35.545,
114.833

■ 98, 40.527,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 41.574, 300.639



69, 37.785, 114.069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 41.574, 300.639



48, 41.574, 350.639



48, 41.574, 120.639



48, 41.574, 170.639

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 41.573, 300.639



82, 14.590, 297.824



63, 19.962, 217.125



43, 9.779, 297.929



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 41.573, 300.639



56, 62.513, 301.723



51, 43.704, 316.372



34, 5.501, 297.588



18, 89.077, 307.135



1, 11.414, 295.670

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 41.603, 332.061



65, 60.777, 332.635



67, 42.252, 132.755



34, 5.852, 330.088



34, 68.335, 336.326



2, 11.732, 331.851

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 41.574, 300.639 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 41.574, 300.639 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

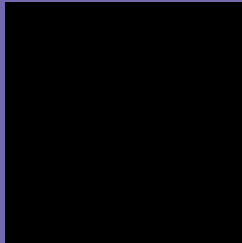
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 41.574, 300.639

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 41.574, 300.639.

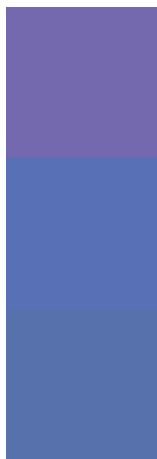


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 41.574, 300.639.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

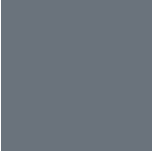
48, 41.574, 300.639

Protanopia

48, 40.832, 285.624

Deuteranopia

48, 35.270, 281.516



Tritanopia
48, 6.264, 257.338

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 41.574, 300.639

Protanomaly
48, 41.239, 290.849

Deuteranomaly
48, 37.192, 288.805

Tritanomaly
48, 18.313, 291.466

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 41.574, 300.639

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 14.852, 297.891

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 41.574, 300.639 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 104, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 104, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 104, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 104, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 41.574, 300.639 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 104, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 104, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 104, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 104, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 104, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 104,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 41.574, 300.639 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 104, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
104, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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