

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 41.648, 25.453)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 41.648, 25.453) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 41.366, 25.366)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B25656
RGB	178, 86, 86
RGB Percent	70%, 34%, 34%
CMY	0.3019, 0.6627, 0.6627
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.52, 0.30
HSL	0°, 37%, 52%
HSV	0°, 52%, 70%
XYZ	23.3701, 16.7945, 10.8152
YIQ	113.5080, 54.8320, 19.5040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

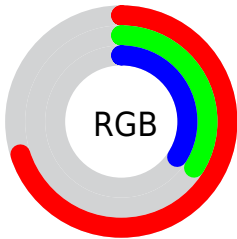
Format	Color
R _Y B	178, 86, 86
Decimal	11687510
CIE Lab	48.00, 37.38, 17.72
CIE LCh	48, 41.366, 25.366
Yxy	16.7945, 0.4584, 0.3294
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289877590 (0xFFB25656)
YUV	113.5080, -13.5614, 56.5595
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 30.0755, 13.0396

Details

The CIELCh color **48, 41.366, 25.366** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **67, 28.447, 197.141**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 41.309, 25.109**, and **28, 41.220, 25.538** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 50.522, 27.768**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 32.379, 23.507**.

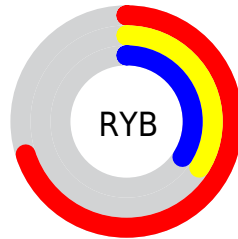
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (34%)

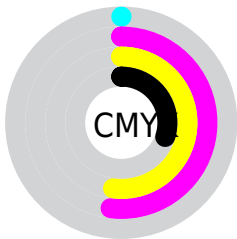
Blue (34%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (34%)

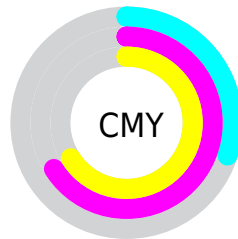


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 41.366, 25.366 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 41.366, 25.366 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 41.366, 25.366

 48, 41.366, 25.366

 100, 41.366,
25.366

 38, 41.366, 25.366

 68, 41.366, 25.366

 28, 41.366, 25.366

 78, 41.366, 25.366

 18, 41.366, 25.366

 88, 41.366, 25.366

 8, 41.366, 25.366

 98, 41.366, 25.366

 0, 41.366, 25.366

 48, 41.366, 25.366

 48, 41.366, 25.366

 44, 50.522, 27.768

 52, 32.379, 23.507

 41, 59.559, 30.761

 57, 23.776, 22.077

■ 39, 68.052, 34.229

■ 62, 15.674, 20.974

■ 38, 75.190, 37.617

■ 67, 8.124, 20.103

■ 37, 79.816, 39.969

■ 72, 1.127, 19.063

■ 77, 5.348, 199.093

■ 82, 11.346,
198.636

■ 87, 16.916,
198.295

■ 93, 22.108,
198.024

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 41.366, 25.366



67, 28.447, 197.141

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 41.366, 25.366



48, 41.366, 75.366



48, 41.366, 205.366



48, 41.366, 255.366

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 41.364, 25.369



82, 14.051, 20.481



51, 59.871, 327.086



42, 9.639, 20.659



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 41.364, 25.369



57, 63.157, 28.148



59, 33.847, 69.015



35, 3.911, 19.917



31, 70.929, 39.527



2, 9.155, 19.409

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 28.447, 197.141



85, 39.514, 196.837



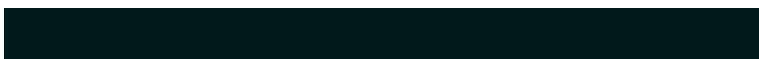
54, 29.172, 265.226



37, 3.690, 198.992



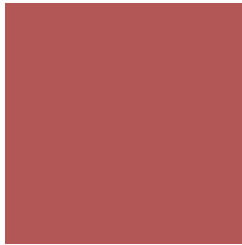
57, 34.223, 196.396



7, 9.137, 199.110

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 41.366, 25.366 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 41.366, 25.366 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

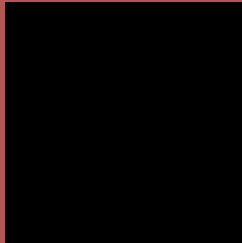
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 41.366, 25.366

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 41.366, 25.366.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 41.366, 25.366.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
48, 41.048, 20.822

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 41.366, 25.366

Protanomaly
47, 17.586, 40.528

Deuteranomaly
48, 25.685, 45.709

Tritanomaly
48, 41.290, 22.399

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 41.366, 25.366

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 14.163, 21.157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 41.366, 25.366 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 86, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 86, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 86, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 86, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 41.366, 25.366 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 86, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 86, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 86, 86)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 86, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 86, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 86,  
86) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 41.366, 25.366 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 86, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178, 86,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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