

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 46.190, 341.987)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 46.190, 341.987)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(48, 46.442, 342.043)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD528B
RGB	173, 82, 139
RGB Percent	68%, 32%, 55%
CMY	0.3214, 0.6783, 0.4548
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.20, 0.32
HSL	322°, 36%, 50%
HSV	322°, 53%, 68%
XYZ	24.9258, 16.7945, 26.3684
YIQ	115.7070, 35.9390, 37.0190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

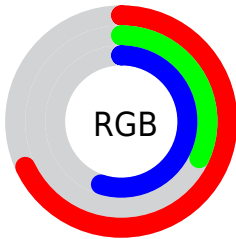
Format	Color
R_{YB}	173, 82, 139
Decimal	11358859
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, 44.18, -14.32
CIE _{LCh}	48, 46.442, 342.043
Yxy	16.7945, 0.3661, 0.2467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289548939 (0xFFAD528B)
YUV	115.7070, 11.4834, 50.2460
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 36.8517, -9.4621

Details

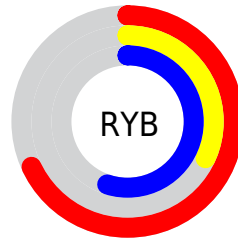
The CIELCh color $48, 46.442, 342.043$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC6699`. A complement of this color would be $64, 45.553, 152.235$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $68, 46.269, 341.716$, and $28, 46.461, 341.977$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 53.701, 343.280$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 38.214, 340.966$.

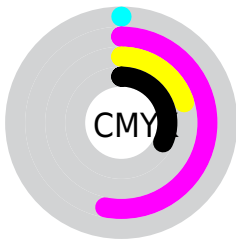
Distribution



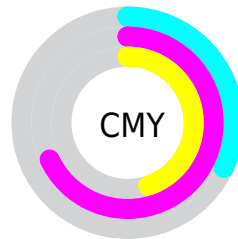
- Red (68%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (32%)





- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 46.442, 342.043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 46.442, 342.043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 48, 46.442,
342.043

 48, 46.442,
342.043


 100, 46.442,
342.043

 38, 46.442,
342.043

 68, 46.442,
342.043


 28, 46.442,
342.043

 78, 46.442,
342.043

 18, 46.442,
342.043

 88, 46.442,
342.043

 8, 46.442, 342.043

 98, 46.442,
342.043

 0, 46.442, 342.043

 48, 46.442,

 48, 46.442,

342.043

45, 53.701,
343.280

42, 59.552,
344.736

40, 63.596,
346.499

38, 65.623,
348.674

38, 66.227,
350.520

342.043

52, 38.214,
340.966

56, 29.420,
340.005

60, 20.368,
339.131

65, 11.280,
338.320

70, 2.301, 337.469

74, 6.483, 156.974

79, 15.023,
156.305

84, 23.298,
155.698

■ 89, 31.305,
155.133

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 46.442, 342.043



64, 45.553, 152.235

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 46.442, 342.043



48, 46.442, 32.043



48, 46.442, 162.043



48, 46.442, 212.043

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 46.439, 342.044



80, 17.763, 338.614



42, 55.493, 307.708



41, 11.992, 338.774



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 46.439, 342.044



57, 66.400, 343.484



47, 39.865, 15.718



34, 5.068, 338.061



33, 59.874, 350.178



2, 9.920, 342.023

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 46.439, 342.044



57, 66.400, 343.484



65, 30.204, 183.900



34, 5.068, 338.061



33, 59.874, 350.178



2, 9.920, 342.023

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 48, 46.442, 342.043 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

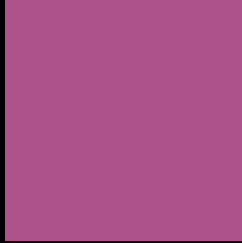
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 46.442, 342.043 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

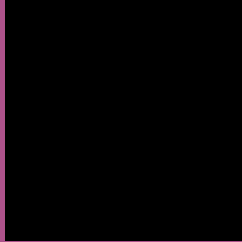
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 46.442, 342.043

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 46.442, 342.043.

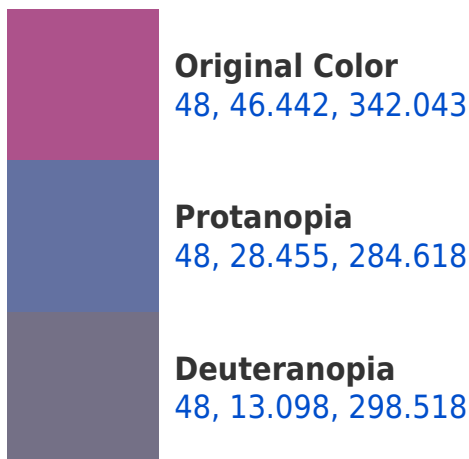


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 46.442, 342.043.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
48, 34.133, 17.610

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 46.442, 342.043

Protanomaly
47, 31.484, 309.699

Deuteranomaly
47, 24.869, 326.589

Tritanomaly
48, 36.371, 1.824

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 46.442, 342.043

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 17.711, 340.186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 46.442, 342.043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 82, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 82, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 82, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 82, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 46.442, 342.043 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 82, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 82, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 82, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 82, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 82, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 82,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 46.442, 342.043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 82, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173, 82,  
139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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