

Converting Colors

CIELCh(48, 48.888, 281.259)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(48, 48.888, 281.259)
contains.

CIELCh(48, 49.042, 281.392)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(48, 49.042, 281.392)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C71C3
RGB	60, 113, 195
RGB Percent	24%, 44%, 76%
CMY	0.7632, 0.5558, 0.2341
CMYK	0.69, 0.42, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	216°, 53%, 50%
HSV	216°, 69%, 77%
XYZ	17.7039, 16.7945, 54.1135
YIQ	106.5010, -57.9100, 14.2660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

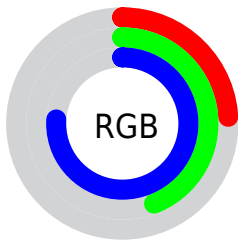
Format	Color
R_{YB}	60, 98, 195
Decimal	3961283
CIE _{Lab}	48.00, 9.69, -48.08
CIE _{LCh}	48, 49.042, 281.392
Yxy	16.7945, 0.1998, 0.1895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282151363 (0xFF3C71C3)
YUV	106.5010, 43.6300, -40.7814
Hunter-Lab	40.9810, 5.3957, -49.6028

Details

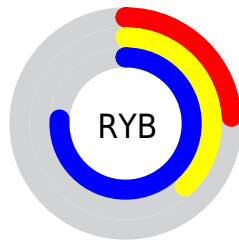
The CIELCh color **48, 49.042, 281.392** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **63, 51.426, 76.578**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 49.160, 281.598**, and **29, 48.402, 286.020** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44, 56.540, 285.030**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 41.711, 278.123**.

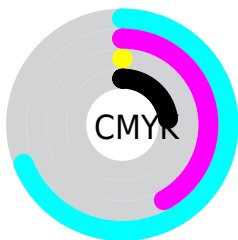
Distribution



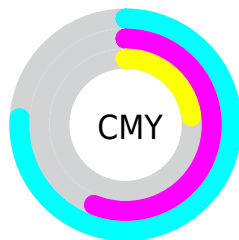
- Red (24%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 48, 49.042, 281.392 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 48, 49.042, 281.392 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 48, 49.042,
281.392


 48, 49.042,
281.392


 100, 49.042,
281.392

 38, 49.042,
281.392

 68, 49.042,
281.392


 28, 49.042,
281.392

 78, 49.042,
281.392

 18, 49.042,
281.392

 88, 49.042,
281.392

 8, 49.042, 281.392

 98, 49.042,
281.392

 0, 49.042, 281.392

 48, 49.042,

 48, 49.042,

281.392

281.392

■ 44, 56.540,
285.030

■ 52, 41.711,
278.123

■ 40, 64.234,
288.918

■ 57, 34.500,
275.259

■ 37, 72.092,
292.801

■ 61, 27.369,
272.794

■ 36, 72.818,
293.130

■ 66, 20.295,
270.689

■ 70, 13.271,
268.900

■ 75, 6.296, 267.389

■ 79, 0.623, 85.583

■ 84, 7.477, 84.861

■ 88, 14.259, 83.896

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48, 49.042, 281.392



63, 51.426, 76.578

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48, 49.042, 281.392



48, 49.042, 331.392



48, 49.042, 101.392



48, 49.042, 151.392

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48, 49.041, 281.393



88, 18.148, 269.277



71, 51.638, 161.012



45, 12.295, 269.768



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48, 49.041, 281.393



55, 74.007, 287.046



35, 81.859, 303.176



39, 3.905, 267.427



30, 62.042, 292.532



4, 14.307, 276.882

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 57.480, 0.344



57, 79.661, 5.439



76, 66.469, 109.045



38, 4.753, 350.705



34, 60.051, 11.829



3, 15.052, 358.608

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 49.042, 281.392 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 48, 49.042, 281.392 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

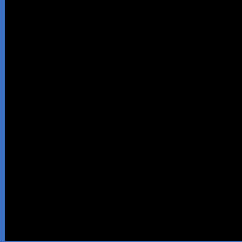
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 48, 49.042, 281.392

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 49.042, 281.392.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 48, 49.042, 281.392.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


48, 49.042, 281.392

Protanopia

48, 48.507, 286.049

Deuteranopia

48, 48.234, 278.519



Tritanopia
48, 28.691, 208.673

Trichromacy



Original Color
48, 49.042, 281.392

Protanomaly
48, 48.665, 284.260

Deuteranomaly
48, 48.684, 279.670

Tritanomaly
47, 30.532, 244.041

Monochromacy



Original Color
48, 49.042, 281.392

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 18.771, 272.120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 48, 49.042, 281.392 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 113, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 113, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 113, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 113, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 48, 49.042, 281.392 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 113, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 113, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 113, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 113, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 113, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 113,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 48, 49.042, 281.392 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 113, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 113,  
195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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